



Florida Department of
TRANSPORTATION

Clearlake Road (SR 501) PD&E Study: Lighting Justification Report (LJR)

From Michigan Avenue to Industry Road

FPID: 433605-1-22-01

ETDM #: 13120

January 2017

Contents

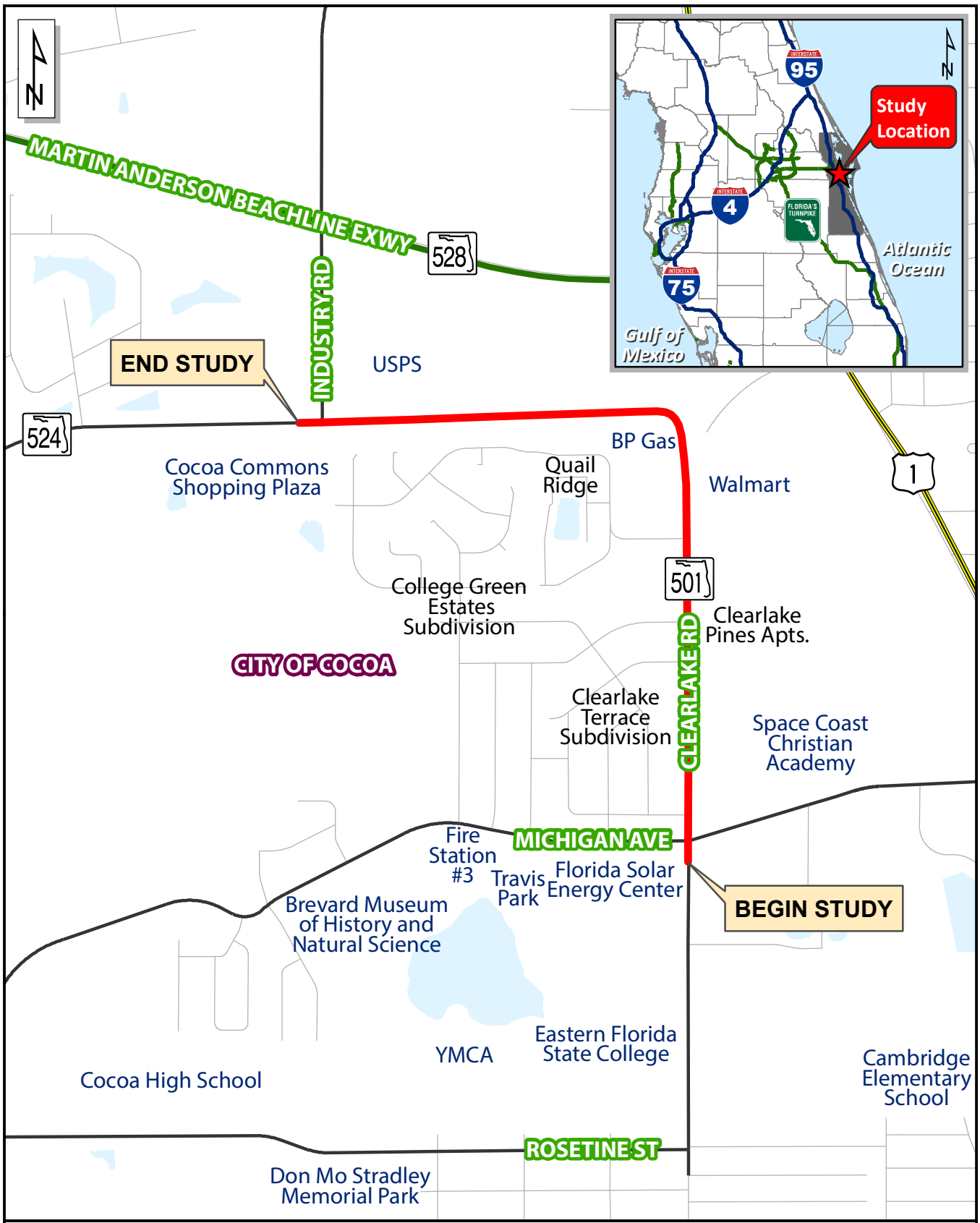
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I. General

This report contains the result of a highway lighting justification for State Road 501 (Clearlake Road) from Michigan Avenue (MP 2.235) to Industry Road (MP 3.358) in Brevard County, Florida. See Figure 1 Location Map. This analysis was done to determine the need for highway lighting as part of the design project to widen from two to four lanes divided, with bicycle lanes and sidewalks on both sides. Figure 1 shows the general limits and area of the proposed project.

II. Existing Conditions

Clearlake Road between Michigan Avenue to the south and Industry Road to the north is classified as an Urban Principle Arterial. For a short distance (0.137 miles) north of Michigan Avenue, the road has four lanes with a 12-foot wide paved median. For the next 0.457 miles northward, the roadway has one, 12-foot wide lane southbound with grass shoulders and two, 12-foot wide lanes with curb and gutter in the northbound direction. For the last 0.529 miles, the roadway has two, 12-foot wide lanes, one in each direction, with four foot paved shoulders. The posted speed limit along this section of Clearlake Road varies and is posted at 40 mph and 45 mph. The various typical sections found along this corridor is due in part to roadway improvements required of adjacent developers. There are signalized intersections at Michigan Avenue, Otterbein Avenue, and Industry Road. It is anticipated that the improved roadway will be a four lane urban typical section. Clearlake Road is not a Strategic Intermodal System (SIS) facility but Industry Road has an interchange with SR 528 (Beachline Expressway) located just to the north which is a designated SIS facility connecting the City of Orlando and the Orlando International Airport to the west with the Port of Port Canaveral to the east. There is conventional cobra head lighting at the intersection of Clearlake Road and Michigan Avenue and north of the intersection on the east side of Clearlake Road up to Otterbein Avenue. North of the intersection of Clearlake Road and Otterbein Avenue up to the north entrance of Walmart, lighting is provided from the Walmart and the Paradise Shoppes of Cocoa on the east and west sides, respectively. There is also a conventional cobra head light pole just south of the Clearlake Road and Otterbein Avenue intersection on the west side as well as on the west side of Clearlake Road at the 90 degree bend in front of the BP gas station.



Clearlake Road (SR 501) PD&E Study
 From Michigan Avenue
 to Industry Road
 Brevard County

Study Location Map

FPID: 433605-1-22-01 | ETDM: 13120



The following table summarize the existing conditions of the study area:

Feature	Description
Main Street	SR 501 (Clearlake Road)
Side Streets	Michigan Avenue
	Mantis Drive
	La Marche Drive
	Calvados Drive
	Otterbein Avenue
	East Industry Road
Area Location	Brevard County, Florida
Adjacent Land Uses	Residential/Commercial/Undeveloped
Signalized Intersections	Michigan Avenue
	Otterbein Avenue
	Industry Road
SR 501	Cross Section: Four 11 to 14-foot wide lanes, two-way divided urban arterial with 7-foot bike lane on both sides of the road and a 22-foot wide median
	Access: Class 4
	Posted Speed Limit: 35 - 45 mph
	Median Openings: 9
	Alignment: Flat
	Pedestrian Crossing: 3 locations
	Sidewalks: Yes
	Street lighting: No
Utilities: Overhead power lines along each side of the road	

III. Purpose

The purpose of the highway lighting justification report is to document the procedure and findings used to determine if highway lighting systems should be considered for Clearlake Road.

IV. Procedure

A. Procedure defined:

The FDOT Manual on Uniform Traffic Studies (MUTS), Chapter 14, establishes a two-step procedure for analyzing and justifying roadway lighting systems.

STEP ONE: Lighting Justification – FHWA Lighting Handbook

- 1) Use the [August 2012 FHWA Lighting Handbook](#) to determine which warranting system to apply.
 - a. For collectors, major arterials, and local streets, the Transportation Association of Canada (TAC) Guide for the Design of Roadway Lighting is used.

- b. For freeways, bridges, and interchanges, the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) Roadway Lighting Design Warranting System is used.
- 2) If the applicable TAC or AASHTO warrants are met, then a Net Present Value (NPV) analysis should be made.
- 3) Quantify safety benefits of the lighting project versus cost of construction, maintenance, and operation of the lighting project using Highway Safety Manual (HSM) predictive methods if applicable. Additionally, convert crash frequency to dollars using FDOT crash costs found in Chapter 23 of the Plans Preparation Manual (PPM)

STEP TWO: Net Present Value Analysis

- 1) Determine if the project is a High Crash Location (HCL) identified by the State Safety Office's Annual List.
 - a. If the project is a High Crash Location (HCL): Use the Net Present Value analysis (NVP) to determine if highway lighting or the project is justified by using the following equation:
Total Crash Cost \geq Costs of Construction, Maintenance, and Operation Costs.
 - b. For all other locations: The NPV should be used to rank projects according to their value in benefit to the public. (High NPV offers more value, low NPV offers less value).
- 2) Determine if the project is an Existing Lighting System or a Non-Existing Lighting System.
 - a. If the project is an existing lighting system:
 - 1. Use the HSM Predictive Method to determine crash impacts without lighting. If the HSM is not applicable, use the reasonable "default" value of 3.0 crashes per million vehicles.
 - 2. The cost of installation is not used in the cost evaluation.
 - b. If the project is a proposed lighting system:
 - 1. Use actual crash data collected at the site. If there is no applicable crash data, use the reasonable "default" value of 3.0 crashes per million vehicles.

B. Procedure applied to current project:

STEP ONE: Lighting Justification – FHWA Lighting Handbook

1) TAC Determination and Warrant Analysis

The Transportation Association of Canada (TAC) Guide for the Design of Roadway Lighting warrant system applies, as the roadway in the current project is classified as an urban principle arterial highway.

- General Overview

The warrants for Highway Lighting are used to provide minimum conditions in which lighting may be justified. The TAC warrants are the primary set of guidelines to be met as per the FDOT *MUTS*. The following warrants for roadway lighting are included in the TAC publication *Roadway Lighting Design Guide*, 2005 edition.

These warrants include:

1. *Lighting may be considered for those locations where the respective governmental agencies concur that lighting will contribute substantially to the efficiency and safety and comfort of vehicular or pedestrian traffic.*
2. *Lighting may be provided for all major arterials in urbanized areas and for locations or sections of streets and highways where the ratio of night to day crash rates are higher than the statewide average for similar locations, and a study indicates that lighting may be expected to significantly reduce the nighttime crash rate.*

The highway lighting warrant analysis involved two phases. The first phase was to collect data needed for the second phase, warrant analysis.

The warrant analysis was based on the procedure laid out in Chapter 14 of the *Manual on Uniform Traffic Studies (MUTS)*. This procedure includes two steps: determining whether or not the roadway lighting would meet the Transportation Association of Canada (TAC) Guide for the Design of Roadway Lighting warrants, and determining a benefit-cost analysis ratio.

The TAC Manual does state that roadway lighting should be used if it will contribute substantially to the safety, comfort, and efficiency of vehicle and pedestrian traffic. The Federal Highway Administration's manual entitled "Roadway Lighting Handbook" presents an analytical approach to highway lighting warrants. These warrants were developed for various roadway types. The

roadway type evaluation form that represents SR 501 Clearlake Road is "Non-Controlled Access Facility".

- Data Collection

The non-controlled access facility evaluation form is divided into four classification factors. These factors are geometric, operation, environment, and accidents. Accident data was obtained from the FDOT District One Safety Office. Crash reduction due to lighting can be predicted for rural two-lane roadways, rural multi-lane roadways up to four through lanes, and urban/suburban arterials up to four through-lanes. The study area is a 4 lane divided roadway and crash reduction due to lighting can be predicated utilizing the Highway Safety Manual (HSM) predictive method.

The following data was used for the evaluation form:

- Geometric Factors (Existing Data)

Geometric factors of the roadway facility determine the driving task and the information necessary to perform the driving task safely and efficiently. Following are the description of those factors for the SR 501 Clearlake Road study area:

1. No. of Lanes: SR 501 Clearlake Road is a 4-lane roadway
2. Lane Width: SR 501 Clearlake Road travel lanes vary from 11 to 14-foot wide
3. Median Openings/Mile: There are 9 median opening approx. 1.43 miles
4. Driveway & Entrances/Mile: There are 35 Driveway & Entrances approx. 1.43 miles
5. Horizontal Curve Radius: 3,550 feet (Maximum Horizontal)
6. Vertical Grades: SR 501 Clearlake Road in the study area is flat with grades less than 3%
7. Sight Distance: Sight distance appears greater than 700 feet for the entire limits
8. Parking: Parking is not permitted within the study limits

- Operation Factors (Existing Data)

The operational factors are evaluated to provide an indication of how effective the roadway facility operated to satisfy its intended function:

1. Signals: Traffic signals are at SR 501 Clearlake Road and:
 - a. Michigan Avenue (MP 2.235)
 - b. Otterbein Avenue (MP 2.671)

c. Industry Road (MP 3.358)

2. Left-Turn Lane: Left Turn lanes exist at all major signalized intersections.
3. Median Width: Median width is 22-feet.
4. Operating Speed: 35 - 45 mph
5. Pedestrian Traffic: Based on the nature of the roadway, pedestrian traffic is estimated to be medium (at night).

- Environmental Factors (Existing Data-Estimated)

The environmental factors were reviewed to consider their effects on nighttime driving. Following are the description of those factors for the SR 501 Clearlake Road study area:

1. Percent Development: Approximately 80% of the land appears developed.
2. Area Classification: The existing classification is residential/commercial.
3. Setback Distance: The minimum building is less than 50-feet from the outside of edge of travel lane.
4. Ambient lighting: Ambient lighting is sparse within the project study area.
5. Raised Curb Median: Raised curb median is along majority of the length of the project.

- Accident Factor (Three-Year History Data 2011-2014)

1. Ratio of Night-to-Day

Accident Rate (N/D Ratio): 2.53

$$\text{N/D Ratio} = \frac{(\text{No. of Night Accidents})(1-\% \text{ ADT at Night})}{(\text{No. of Day Accidents})(\% \text{ ADT at Night})}$$

No. of Night Accidents: 69

No. of Day Accidents: 109

% ADT at Night: 20

$$\text{N/D Ratio} = \frac{(69)(1-0.20)}{109(.20)} = 2.53$$

Warrant Analysis Results

The data from the classifications factors detailed in the previous section was applied to the non-controlled access facility evaluation form and is presented in Table 1 (Appendix I). **A total of 62.01 points was scored within this table, which was greater than the warranting condition**

(60 points). The ratio of night to day accidents has been calculated to be 2.53 which is above the required ratio of 2. For this condition, continuous lighting is warranted.

2) Net Present Value Analysis Determination

Referring to Chapter 14.2.2 in the Manual on Uniform Traffic Studies in which it states:

“Designers should first address TAC warrants; if these conditions are met, then a NPV analysis should be made.”

3) B/C Ratio Application

a) B/C Analysis

Chapter 14.1 in the Manual on Uniform Traffic studies states a designer can apply either the benefit/cost (B/C) ratio or the net present value (NPV) analysis.

“The crash benefit of lighting installation is then converted to dollars and a benefit/cost (B/C) ratio **and/or** net present value (NPV) is computed using the cost of the lighting project.”

Since the conditions were not met and the NPV analysis should not have been used, the benefit/cost (B/C) ratio is applied. See below and Appendix G for calculations.

$$Benefit - Cost = \frac{ADT * \%ADtn * 365 * NRU * CRF * ACC}{(AIC + TMC + AEC) * 1,000,000}$$

Where:

ADT	=	Average daily traffic (Projected)
%ADTn	=	Percent of ADT at night
NRU	=	Night crash rate unlighted
CRF	=	Crash reduction factor
ACC	=	Average crash cost
AIC	=	Annualized installation cost
TMC	=	Total maintenance cost
AEC	=	Annual energy cost

i. Number of Poles, Luminaires, and Wattage

As part of this report, preliminary lighting analysis was performed for the project segment based on FDOT lighting requirements. The results of the analysis recommend that a spacing of 162 feet utilizing opposite pole arrangement should be applied. Luminaires are recommended to be 247-Watt Light-Emitting Diode (LED) cobraheads (GE Evolved LED ERS4 or equal) with a mounting height of 45 feet, in order to meet FDOT standard values. Also, luminaires are to be pole mounted with 15-foot arm lengths and 20 feet setbacks, making the luminaire offset five feet. For additional lighting analysis details, please refer to Appendix H.

ii. Night Accident Rate Unlighted (NRU)

The calculation of the Night Rate Unlighted (NRU) utilized the FDOT Crash Analysis Report (CAR) from 2009 to 2013, which is included in Appendix B of this report. Crash data from this report, along with the Average Daily Traffic (ADT), the percent of ADT at night (%ADTn) which is based on 24-hour traffic counts, and the project length, were used to compute the NRU. The NRU was computed for the entire project. These segmental calculations are shown in the following pages.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{Night Accidents} * 1,000,000 \\
 \text{NRU} = & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{\hspace{10em}} \\
 & \text{ADT} * \%ADTn * 365 * \text{Project Length} * \text{Years in Crash} \\
 & \text{Report}
 \end{aligned}$$

1. NRU Calculation for Entire Project Length

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 69 * 1,000,000 \\
 \text{NRU} = & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{\hspace{10em}} \\
 & 21040 * 0.20 * 365 * 1.43 * 5
 \end{aligned}$$

NRU = 6.28

iii. Average Crash Cost (ACC)

The table below shows the economic loss values used to calculate the Average Crash Cost. These values were obtained from Table 23.5.2 FDOT KABCO Crash Costs of the Plans Preparation Manual, Volume 1 Chapter 23 (Appendix E).

Average Crash Cost for the Entire Project Segment

Crash Type	No. of Crashes by Type	Economic Loss per Crash	Total Economic Loss
Damage Only	160	\$7,600	\$1,216,000.00
Injury (evident)	213	\$157,170	\$33,477,210.00
Fatality	0	\$10,230,000	\$0
		Total	\$34,693,210.00

$$ACC = \frac{\$34,693,210.00}{373} = \$93,011.29$$

iv. **Crash Reduction Factor**

The Crash Reduction Factor (CRF) for SR 501 Clearlake Road, was obtained from the CMF Clearinghouse:

$$\text{CRF (Urban Mainline)} = 0.40$$

v. **Interest Rate and Capital Recovery Factor**

The interest rate used to calculate the Capital Recovery Factor is 4% with a service life of 15 years.

$$\text{Capital Recovery Factor} = \frac{IR * (1 + IR)^S}{(1 + IR)^S - 1}$$

$$\text{Capital Recovery Factor} = 0.090$$

vi. **Annualized Installation Cost (AIC)**

Based on past projects and the Long Range Estimate (LRE), the average construction cost per light pole is approximately \$7,992.

$$AIC = \frac{\text{Initial Cost (\$)}}{\text{Pole}} * \text{Capital Recovery Factor} * \frac{\text{No. of Poles}}{\text{Mile}}$$

$$AIC = \frac{\$7,992}{\text{Pole}} * 0.090 * \frac{93 \text{ Poles}}{\text{Mile}}$$

$$AIC = \$66,893.04$$

vii. Total Annual Maintenance Cost (TMC)

The annual maintenance cost per standard lighting luminaire is based on the typical value of \$200 per luminaire / pole for conventional lighting.

$$TMC = \frac{\text{No. of Poles}}{\text{Mile}} * \frac{\text{Luminaire}}{\text{Pole}} * \text{Annual Maintenance Cost}$$

$$TMC = \frac{93 \text{ Poles}}{\text{Mile}} * \frac{1 \text{ Luminaire}}{\text{Pole}} * \$200$$

$$TMC = \$18,600.00$$

viii. Electrical Energy Cost

Electrical Energy Cost is based on the Average Electrical Cost (AEC) in Florida, approximately \$ 0.0919 / kWh. This is based on a number published by the US Energy Information Administration (Appendix F).

$$AEC = \frac{\text{No. of Poles}}{\text{Mile}} * \frac{\text{Luminaire}}{\text{Pole}} * \frac{\text{Watts}}{\text{Luminaire}} * \frac{1kW}{1000 \text{ Watts}} * \frac{\$}{kWH} * \frac{11 \text{ Hours}}{\text{Day}} * \frac{365 \text{ Days}}{1 \text{ Year}}$$

$$AEC = \frac{93 \text{ Poles}}{\text{Mile}} * \frac{1 \text{ Luminaire}}{\text{Pole}} * \frac{400 \text{ W}}{\text{Luminaire}} * \frac{1 \text{ kW}}{1000 \text{ W}} * \frac{\$0.0919}{kWH} * \frac{11 \text{ Hours}}{\text{Day}} * \frac{365 \text{ Days}}{1 \text{ Year}}$$

$$AEC = \$13,726.00$$

ix. Calculation of Benefit – Cost Ratio (New Roadway Lighting Systems)

$$\textit{Benefit/Cost Ratio} = \frac{\textit{ADT} * \% \textit{ADTn} * 365 * \textit{NRU} * \textit{CRF} * \textit{ACC}}{(\textit{AIC} + \textit{TMC} + \textit{AEC}) * 1,000,000}$$

- ADT = Average daily traffic (Projected)
- %ADTn = Percent of ADT at night
- NRU = Night crash rate unlighted
- CRF = Crash reduction factor
- ACC = Average crash cost
- AIC = Annualized installation cost
- TMC = Total maintenance cost
- AEC = Annual energy cost

$$\textit{Benefit/Cost Ratio} = \frac{21,040 * 0.20 * 365 * 6.28 * 0.40 * 93,011.29}{(66,893.04 + 18,600 + 13,726.00) * 1,000,000}$$

$$\textit{Benefit /Cost Ratio} = 3.62$$

b) B/C Analysis Results

For the roadway segment of SR 501 Clearlake Road from Michigan Road to Industry Road the percentage of crashes occurring at night is 39%, which is slightly higher than the statewide average of 34% (see table below). Thus, based on the AASHTO warrants cited, a new lighting system for SR 501 Clearlake Road from Michigan Road to Industry Road is justified.

	Night Crashes	Total Crashes	% Night Crashes	Statewide Average
Entire Study Area	69	178	39%	34%

In addition to evaluating the AASHTO warrants, a Benefit-Cost Analysis was performed. Part of that analysis involved calculating the Average Crash Cost associated with the roadway.

Location	Average Crash Cost
Project Segment	\$93,011.29

STEP TWO: Net Present Value Analysis

Based on FHWA, TAC and MUTS, the lighting is warranted and the NPV analysis should not be applied. As such, the B/C ratio already calculated in this report, ensures compliance with Chapter 14 of FDOT MUTS Lighting Justification Procedure without requiring a continuation to Step Two and the net present value analysis.

V. Conclusion

The overall Benefit-Cost Ratio for the entire roadway segment is 3.62 and the Night to Day Crash rate is 2.53.

A Benefit-Cost Ratio of 1.0 or more justifies lighting for high crash locations, as identified by the State Safety Office, and a benefit-cost ratio of 2.0 or more justifies lighting for all other locations. Therefore, the overall Benefit-Cost analysis contained in this report is justified. The present study shows that the benefit-cost ratio and the lighting warrants analysis justify the installation of continuous roadway lighting. Therefore, the installation of a lighting system along SR 501 is recommended in the study limits.

Appendix A – Annual Average Daily Traffic

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 TRANSPORTATION STATISTICS OFFICE
 2015 HISTORICAL AADT REPORT

COUNTY: 70 - BREVARD

SITE: 0358 - ON SR-501, 0.239 MI. E OF SR-524 (UCLP)

YEAR	AADT		DIRECTION 1		DIRECTION 2	*K FACTOR	D FACTOR	T FACTOR
2015	21000	C	W 11000		E 10000	9.00	53.80	4.40
2014	22000	C	W 11500		E 10500	9.00	53.80	5.80
2013	17400	C	W 9200		E 8200	9.00	54.20	3.40
2012	19700	C	W 9200		E 10500	9.00	53.60	3.10
2011	21000	C	W 11000		E 10000	9.00	54.30	3.50
2010	20100	C	W 10500		E 9600	10.91	56.02	3.80
2009	22000	C	W 11500		E 10500	11.80	61.02	4.10
2008	21000	C	W 11000		E 10000	11.37	57.79	4.10
2007	22000	C	W 11500		E 10500	9.20	54.21	3.80
2006	23000	C	W 11500		E 11500	11.35	57.22	2.90
2005	21000	C	W 11000		E 10000	11.30	53.80	4.00
2004	18600	F	W 9400		E 9200	10.10	56.80	4.00
2003	18200	C	W 9200		E 9000	9.80	53.10	4.00
2002	16900	C	W 8700		E 8200	9.90	53.90	7.60
2001	17000	C	W 8600		E 8400	11.40	60.10	1.60
2000	14500	C	W 7200		E 7300	10.20	52.40	9.40

Year AADT
 2013 17400
 2012 19700
 2011 21000
 2010 20100
 2009 22000
 AVG AADT = (17400+19700+21000+20100+22000) = 20040

AADT FLAGS: C = COMPUTED; E = MANUAL ESTIMATE; F = FIRST YEAR ESTIMATE
 S = SECOND YEAR ESTIMATE; T = THIRD YEAR ESTIMATE; F = FOURTH YEAR ESTIMATE
 V = FIFTH YEAR ESTIMATE; 6 = SIXTH YEAR ESTIMATE; X = UNKNOWN
 *K FACTOR: STARTING WITH YEAR 2011 IS STANDARDK, PRIOR YEARS ARE K30 VALUES

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 TRANSPORTATION STATISTICS OFFICE
 2015 HISTORICAL AADT REPORT

COUNTY: 70 - BREVARD

SITE: 5206 - ON SR-501, 0.113 MI. N OF MICHIGAN AVE. (UVL)

YEAR	AADT		DIRECTION 1		DIRECTION 2	*K FACTOR	D FACTOR	T FACTOR
2015	21500	C	N 10500		S 11000	9.00	53.80	6.40
2014	21000	C	N 11000		S 10000	9.00	53.80	7.10
2013	18700	C	N 9700		S 9000	9.00	54.20	8.90
2012	23000	C	N 12500		S 10500	9.00	53.60	6.80
2011	22000	C	N 11000		S 11000	9.00	54.30	7.20
2010	22500	C	N 11500		S 11000	10.91	56.02	5.70
2009	24000	C	N 12500		S 11500	11.80	61.02	7.40
2008	23000	C	N 11500		S 11500	11.37	57.79	6.70
2007	22500	C	N 11500		S 11000	9.20	54.21	6.00
2006	21000	C	N 10500		S 10500	11.35	57.22	7.80
2005	26000	C	N 13500		S 12500	11.30	53.80	4.80
2004	21000	C	N		S	10.10	56.80	3.90
2003	18500	C	N		S	9.80	53.10	3.10
2002	15500	C	N		S	9.90	53.90	5.30
2001	18500	C	N		S	11.40	60.10	3.20
2000	16000	C	N		S	10.20	52.40	3.30

Year AADT
 2013 18700
 2012 23000
 2011 22000
 2010 22500
 2009 24000
 AVG AADT = (18700+23000+22000+22500+24000) = 22040

AADT FLAGS: C = COMPUTED; E = MANUAL ESTIMATE; F = FIRST YEAR ESTIMATE
 S = SECOND YEAR ESTIMATE; T = THIRD YEAR ESTIMATE; F = FOURTH YEAR ESTIMATE
 V = FIFTH YEAR ESTIMATE; 6 = SIXTH YEAR ESTIMATE; X = UNKNOWN
 *K FACTOR: STARTING WITH YEAR 2011 IS STANDARDK, PRIOR YEARS ARE K30 VALUES

Appendix B – Crash Data



```

          CCCCCCCCCC      AAAAAAAAAA      RRRRRRRRRR
        CCCCCCCCCC      AAAAAAAAAAAA      RRRRRRRRRRRR
       CCC             AAA      AAA      RRR      RRR
      CCC             AAA      AAA      RRR      RRR
     CCC             AAAAAAAAAA      RRRRRRRRRRRR
    CCC             AAAAAAAAAAAA      RRRRRRRRRRRRRR
   CCC             AAA      AAA      RRR      RRR
  CCC             AAA      AAA      RRR      RRR
 CCCCCCCCCC      AAA      AAA      RRR      RRRR
CCCCCCCCCCCC      AAA      AAA      RRR      RRRRRR

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C R A S H R E P O R T I N G S Y S T E M

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SUBMIT W/HOLD? ..... N
USERID: ..... TO562SJ
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PRINT SEGMENTS? ..... Y
PRINT INTERSECTIONS? ..... N
SUMMARY FORMAT: ..... 2 - TOP LINE ALL BREAKS
OVERRIDE VALUES:
MAX # OF BREAKS: ..... 99
CRASH RATE CATEGORY: ...
AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC:..
# OF LEGS: .....

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REPORT...CARPJ13-01
DATE...01/28/2015
TIME...13:50:28

FLORIDA - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
C A R - CRASH ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM
CRASH DATA DETAIL AND EXTRACT FOR STATE-MAINTAINED ROADS

PAGE NO: 2
USERID: TO562SJ
I/O.... CARO213

COMMENT: 1 - SORT BY ROADWAY, MILE POINT
FROM: 01/01/2009 TO 12/31/2014 RAMPS INCL
FROM CO/SEC/SUB: 70 011 000 MP: 002.084 INFL INCL
TO CO/SEC/SUB: 70 011 000 MP: 003.358 CR/OS INCL

C	ROADWYID	M	N	S	ADT	Y	M	D	H	CRCC	A	H	L	W	R	T	R	SL	R	A	V	V	VM	V	PI	CC	D	V	V	V	V	PI	CC	D	#	#	N		
R	N	C	S	S	I	EN	TR	VAR	E	O	A	O	RALA	L	AE	I	E	D	RC	OC	IO	O	C	ET	EU	EO	E	OM	OA	RA	ET	EU	EM	E	OM	OA	RA	UI	
A	U	O	E	E	L	AO	AO	EIA	A	N	Y	U	ATAT	C	RV	G	A	AO	AO	TC	A	C	HY	HS	HV	H	IP	NU	IG	HY	HS	HO	H	IP	NU	IG	V	K	MN
S	M	U	C	SC	E	RD	TA	RLF	R	T	R	SESE	M	E	H	T	S	FN	DN	EA	D	IP	IE	IM	NA	TS	VE	IP	IE	IV	NA	TS	VE	I	E	I	BJ		
H	B	N	T	UT	P	EE	ED	AYF	H	H	SG	I	FN	T	H	U	FT	D	T	L	CE	C	CN	D	TC	RE	/	CE	C	C	D	TC	RE	/	H	L	EU		
E	T	I	BI	O	S	G	I	O	N	UT	I	E	R	IR	T	I	S	N	L	L1	LT	I	T	I	P1	L	L2	L2	I	T	I	P2	C	L	RR				
R	Y	O	O	S	T	E	C	R	V	L	N	R	F	CO	N	O	D	E1	E	E	R	O	B1	E	E2	E	E	R	O	B2	E	L	E	E					
	N	N	T			Y	1	G	L	S	N	#																											
831370590	70011000	02.235	2473	501	018500	12	12	06	22	U-4DP	0	04	4	1	1	05	01	02	S	C	01	01	03	E	01	01	62	88	88	88	U	00	00	20	1	0	01		
831371980	70011000	02.235	2473	501	017300	13	01	05	19	U-4DP	0	08	4	3	2	05	01	02	L	1	03	01	01	S	01	10	31	01	01	03	S	08	00	34	2	0	00		
831372400	70011000	02.235	2473	501	017300	13	01	16	12	U-4DP	0	27	1	1	1	05	01	02	R	S	01	01	77	E	01	77	62												
831374920	70011000	02.235	2473	501	017300	13	03	12	14	U-4DP	0	05	1	1	1	05	01	02	R	2	03	01	05	W	01	01	52	10	00	88									
831378340	70011000	02.235	2473	501	017300	13	06	24	18	U-4DP	0	01	1	1	1	00	01	02	R	1	03	00	88	N	02	77	53	00	00	88									
831383480	70011000	02.235	2473	501	017300	13	11	11	18	U-4DP	0	09	5	1	1	01	01	02	R	2	03	01	06	N	06	03	00	01	01	01	N	11	00	23	2	0	00		
831383650	70011000	02.235	2473	501	017300	13	11	16	20	U-4DP	0	03	4	3	2	05	01	02	I	M	01	01	01	N	14	11	00	01	01	03	W	10	00	27	2	0	01		
831380900	70011000	02.246	2473	501	018700	13	09	07	20	U-4DP	0	01	2	1	1	05	01	03	L	3	01	01	01	S	01	02	23	03	01	02	S	08	00	29	2	0	00		
902855360	70011000	02.254	2473	501	022500	10	09	03	09	U-4DP	0	11	5	1	1	77	01	04	R	S	01	01	02	W	01	77	28	10	01	77	N	04	00	14	2	0	01		
087213770	70011000	02.259	1685	501	022500	10	03	25	20	U-4DP	0	04	4	1	1	01	01	04	R	1	01	01	01	W	01	03	16	01	01	01	N	01	00	21	2	0	00		
831359860	70011000	02.263	1685	501	023000	12	05	02	16	U-4DP	0	09	1	1	1	05	01	03	L	1	03	01	06	S	01	77	26	02	08	02	N	09	00	63	2	0	00		
831357190	70011000	02.273	1685	501	023000	12	02	17	16	U-4DP	0	01	1	3	2	01	01	02	L	2	01	01	01	S	01	77	17	08	05	02	S	08	00	47	2	0	00		
831358780	70011000	02.273	1685	501	023000	12	03	18	16	U-4DP	0	09	1	1	1	06	01	02	L	2	00	01	01	E	01	03	76	01	01	01	S	03	00	53	2	0	00		
831375070	70011000	02.273	1685	501	018700	13	03	23	08	U-4DP	0	09	3	3	2	01	01	02	L	2	01	01	06	S	06	03	00	03	01	01	S	04	00	34	2	0	00		
831380580	70011000	02.286	1685	501	018700	13	08	31	14	U-4DP	0	01	1	1	1	01	01	04	R	2	03	01	03	E	05	03	63	01	01	01	N	01	00	28	2	0	00		
831378430	70011000	02.292	1685	501	018700	13	06	22	11	U-4DP	0	03	1	1	1	01	01	01	R	1	02	01	77	N	11	06	53	01	01	01	E	01	00	73	2	0	00		
831362100	70011000	02.325	1685	501	023000	12	06	07	03	U-4DP	0	01	1	2	2	01	00	01	R	2	01	01	01	N	01	02	56	01	01	02	N	08	00	45	2	0	01		
903791530	70011000	02.330	1685	501	022500	10	11	15	09	U-4DP	0	09	1	1	1	01	01	01	L	1	01	01	03	E	14	03	31	02	01	01	S	02	00	48	2	0	01		
903991590	70011000	02.330	1685	501	022000	11	04	04	22	U-4DP	0	10	5	1	1	05	01	01	R	1	01	00	01	N	02	01	34	88	88	88	U	00	00	00	1	0	00		
831370340	70011000	02.330	1685	501	023000	12	12	04	07	U-4DP	0	01	1	1	1	05	01	01	L	2	03	01	01	S	01	02	16	03	01	02	S	08	00	37	4	0	01		
806323830	70011000	02.373	1685	501	022500	10	08	02	18	U-2DP	0	01	1	1	1	03	01	04	L	1	03	01	01	S	01	02	36	03	01	05	S	08	00	19	3	0	03		
831371520	70011000	02.373	1685	501	023000	12	12	12	19	U-2DP	0	01	4	3	2	01	01	01	R	1	01	01	01	N	01	10	58	00	01	02	N	08	00	30	2	0	01		
822657240	70011000	02.444	1426	501	022000	11	09	03	09	U-2DP	0	28	1	1	1	01	01	03	R	S	03	01	01	N	01	02	33												
820974190	70011000	02.491	1426	501	022000	11	05	04	08	U-2DP	0	03	1	1	1	01	01	02	L	1	01	01	01	S	10	77	62	03	01	05	N	02	00	33	2	0	00		
831373360	70011000	02.546	1427	501	018700	13	02	06	17	U-2DP	0	04	1	1	1	01	01	02	M	T	01	01	03	S	13	03	44	03	77	01	E	12	00	63	2	0	00		
831381420	70011000	02.546	1427	501	018700	13	09	21	15	U-2DP	0	09	1	1	1	01	01	02	L	1	01	01	01	E	01	03	00	01	01	01	S	05	00	23	2	0	00		
837088580	70011000	02.546	1427	501	018700	13	12	31	12	U-2DP	0		1	2	1	06	01	02	L	1																			
831383500	70011000	02.576	1427	501	017400	13	11	08	08	U-2DP	0	18	4	1	1	01	01	01	R	S	01	01	06	N	10	77	21												
902560370	70011000	02.633	2741	501	022000	09	07	30	13	U-2DP	0	17	1	3	3	05	01	02	L	1	01	01	03	S	01	02	22												
902851170	70011000	02.633	2741	501	020100	10	12	11	18	U-2DP	0	77	4	1	1	01	02	03	L	1	11	01	01	S	16	01	23												
903991350	70011000	02.671	2741	501	022000	09	01	27	00	U-2DP	1	01	4	1	1	05	01	02	R	R	01	01	05	N	01	02	22	03	01	05	N	09	00	31	2	0	00		
903968240	70011000	02.671	2741	501	022000	09	01	31	17	U-2DP	1	02	1	1	1	05	01	02	R	1	03	01	01	N	01	02	47	01	01	01	N	09	10	17	3	0	02		
902869340	70011000	02.671	2741	501	022000	09	07	09	02	U-2DP	0	01	1	1	1	05	01	02	L	1	01	00	01		00	02	00	01	01	02	S	08	77	41	2	0	00		
903986580	70011000	02.671	2741	501	022000	09	08	24	18	U-2DP	0	77	1	3	2	05	01	02	U	U	01	01	03	N	14	01	24	01	01	01	S	14	00	37	2	0	01		
902899330	70011000	02.671	2741	501	022000	09	09	03	15	U-2DP	0	03	1	1	1	05	01	02	S	1	01	01	01	S	01	02	80	01	01	01	W	03	00	55	2	0	01		
903991450	70011000	02.671	2741	501	022000	09	10	05	19	U-2DP	0	01	2	2	2	05	01	02	R	U	01	01	01	E	00	02	00	01	01	01	S	08	00	70	2	0	00		
903968700	70011000	02.671	2741	501	022000	09	12	23	11	U-2DP	0	01	1	1	1	05	01	02	T	U	01	08	11	W	02	15	51	01	01	02	W	09	00	30	2	0	00		

REPORT...CARPJ13-01
DATE...01/28/2015
TIME...13:50:28

FLORIDA - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
C A R - CRASH ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM
CRASH DATA DETAIL AND EXTRACT FOR STATE-MAINTAINED ROADS

PAGE NO: 4
USERID: TO562SJ
I/O.... CARO213

COMMENT:

1 - SORT BY ROADWAY, MILE POINT
RAMPS INCL
INFL INCL
CR/OS INCL

FROM: 01/01/2009 TO 12/31/2014
FROM CO/SEC/SUB: 70 011 000
TO CO/SEC/SUB: 70 011 000

MP: 002.084
MP: 003.358

C	ROADWYID	M	N	S	ADT	Y	M	D	H	CRCC	A	H	L	W	R	T	R	SL	R	A	V	V	VM	V	PI	CC	D	V	V	V	V	PI	CC	D	#	#	N						
R	N	C	S	S	I	EN	TR	VAR	E	O	A	O	RALA	L	AE	I	E	D	RC	OC	IO	O	C	ET	EU	EO	E	OM	OA	RA	ET	EU	EM	E	OM	OA	RA	UI					
A	U	O	E	E	L	AO	AO	EIA	A	N	Y	U	ATAT	C	RV	G	A	AO	AO	TC	A	C	HY	HS	HV	H	IP	NU	IG	HY	HS	HO	H	IP	NU	IG	V	K	MN				
S	M	U	C	SC	E	RD	TA	RLF	R	T	R	SESE	ME	H	T	S	FN	DN	EA	D	IP	IE	IM	NA	TS	VE	IP	IE	IV	NA	TS	VE	E	I	BJ								
H	B	N	T	UT	P	EE	ED	AYF	H	H	SG	I	FN	T	H	U	FT	D	T	L	CE	C	CN	D	TC	RE	/	CE	C	C	D	TC	RE	/	H	L	EU						
E	T	I	BI	O	S	G	I	O	N	UT	I	E	R	IR	T	I	S	N	L	L1	LT	I	T	I	P1	L	L2	L2	I	T	I	P2	C	L	RR								
R	Y	O	O	S	T	E	C	R	V	L	N	R	F	CO	N	O	D	E1	E	E	R	O	B1	E	E2	E	E	R	O	B2	E	L	E	E									
	N	N	T			Y	1	G	L	S	N	#	1	1	F1	D	2	F2	D	S	D	D																					

831356040	70070000	04.649	6047	524	014500	11	12	27	16	S-2DP	0	77	1	3	2	01	08	02	R	S	01	08	03	W	04	12	24									00	00	1	0	00			
831358760	70070000	04.649	6047	524	013400	12	03	31	15	S-2DP	1	09	1	1	1	01	01	02	L	2	01	01	77	N	19	02	41											00	00	1	0	01	
831362820	70070000	04.649	6047	524	013400	12	06	24	01	S-2DP	0	30	4	2	1	01	01	01	R	S	01	01	77	W	19	77	29												00	00	1	0	00
831368860	70070000	04.649	6047	524	013400	12	10	22	14	S-2DP	0	01	1	1	1	05	01	02	R	2	01	01	01	E	01	10	27	00	01	02	E	08	77	37	2	0	01						
831369800	70070000	04.649	6047	524	013400	12	11	20	14	S-2DP	0	01	1	1	1	05	01	02	R	1	03	00	01	E	01	77	39	03	01	02	E	08	00	54	2	0	01						
831375270	70070000	04.649	6047	524	012100	13	03	27	15	S-2DP	0	03	1	1	1	05	01	02	I	M	02	01	03	E	02	01	26	01	01	01	W	02	00	57	2	0	01						
087274280Y	70070000	04.654	6047	524	023000	11	06	29	17	S-4DR	0	01	1	2	2	77	08	01	R	U	01	00	01	E	01	12	43	03	00	01	E	01	77	26	2	0	02						
903792850Y	70070000	04.668	6047	524	021000	10	05	21	07	S-4DR	2	06	1	1	1	01	01	03	L	U	02	01	01	S	02	08	19	77	01	02	S	09	02	57	2	0	00						

REPORT...CARPJ13-01
 DATE...01/28/2015
 TIME...13:50:28

FLORIDA - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 C A R - CRASH ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM
 CRASH DATA DETAIL AND EXTRACT FOR STATE-MAINTAINED ROADS
 1 - SORT BY ROADWAY, MILE POINT

PAGE NO: 5
 USERID: TO562SJ
 I/O.... CARI113

COMMENT:
 FROM: 01/01/2009 TO 12/31/2014
 FROM CO/SEC/SUB: 70 011 000
 TO CO/SEC/SUB: 70 011 000
 MP: 002.084
 MP: 003.358
 RAMPS INCL
 INFL INCL
 CR/OS INCL

FOR YEAR	FATAL CRASH STATISTICS			INJURY CRASH STATS		PROPERTY DAMAGE ONLY	TOTALS			INFLUENCE CRASHES OCCURRING ON INTERSECTING RDWYS	
	CRASHES	FATALITIES	INJURIES	CRASHES	INJURIES	CRASHES	CRASHES	FATALITIES	INJURIES	AT INT.	INFL AREA
2009	0	0	0	8	10	12	20	0	10	4	1
2010	0	0	0	11	25	8	19	0	25	3	1
2011	0	0	0	10	19	8	18	0	19	3	2
2012	0	0	0	11	16	11	22	0	16	5	1
2013	0	0	0	13	14	26	39	0	14	3	1
TOTAL	0	0	0	53	84	65	118	0	84	18	6

N O T I C E: THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT (REPORT, SCHEDULE, LIST, OR DATA) HAS BEEN COMPILED FROM INFORMATION COLLECTED FOR THE PURPOSE OF IDENTIFYING, EVALUATING, OR PLANNING SAFETY ENHANCEMENTS. THIS PRODUCT IDENTIFIES INFORMATION USED FOR THE PURPOSE OF DEVELOPING HIGHWAY SAFETY CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS WHICH MAY BE IMPLEMENTED UTILIZING FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY FUNDS. ANY DOCUMENT DISPLAYING THIS NOTICE SHALL BE USED ONLY FOR THOSE PURPOSES DEEMED APPROPRIATE BY THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION. SEE TITLE 23, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 409.

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        CCCCCCCCCC      AAAAAAAAAAA      RRRRRRRRRR
       CCC             AAA   AAA         RRR   RRR
      CCC             AAA   AAA         RRR   RRR
     CCC             AAAAAAAAAA        RRRRRRRRRRRR
    CCC             AAAAAAAAAAA        RRRRRRRRRRRR
   CCC             AAA   AAA         RRR   RRR
  CCC             AAA   AAA         RRR   RRR
 CCCCCCCCCC      AAA   AAA         RRR   RRRR
CCCCCCCCCCCC      AAA   AAA         RRR   RRRRRR

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C R A S H R E P O R T I N G S Y S T E M

N O T I C E: THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT (REPORT, SCHEDULE, LIST, OR DATA) HAS BEEN COMPILED FROM INFORMATION COLLECTED FOR THE PURPOSE OF IDENTIFYING, EVALUATING, OR PLANNING SAFETY ENHANCEMENTS. THIS PRODUCT IDENTIFIES INFORMATION USED FOR THE PURPOSE OF DEVELOPING HIGHWAY SAFETY CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS WHICH MAY BE IMPLEMENTED UTILIZING FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY FUNDS. ANY DOCUMENT DISPLAYING THIS NOTICE SHALL BE USED ONLY FOR THOSE PURPOSES DEEMED APPROPRIATE BY THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION. SEE TITLE 23, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 409.

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I/O NAME: ..... CARI113
PROGRAM ID: ..... CARPJ13
REPORT NUMBER: ..... 01
RUN CLASS: ..... A
MESSAGE CLASS: ..... Q
PRINTER DEST: ..... RMT56
# COPIES: ..... 01
ACCOUNT #: ..... 5590562
SUBMIT W/HOLD? ..... N
USERID: ..... TO562SJ
DETAIL SORT ORDER: ..... 1 - SORT BY ROADWAY, MILE POINT
PRINT SEGMENTS? ..... Y
PRINT INTERSECTIONS? ..... N
SUMMARY FORMAT: ..... 2 - TOP LINE ALL BREAKS
OVERRIDE VALUES:
MAX # OF BREAKS: ..... 99
CRASH RATE CATEGORY: ...
AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC:..
# OF LEGS: .....

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REPORT...CARPJ13-01
 DATE...01/28/2015
 TIME...13:50:28

FLORIDA - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 C A R - CRASH ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM
 CRASH DATA DETAIL AND EXTRACT FOR STATE-MAINTAINED ROADS
 1 - SORT BY ROADWAY, MILE POINT

PAGE NO: 8
 USERID: TO562SJ
 I/O.... CARI113

COMMENT:
 FROM: 01/01/2009 TO 12/31/2014
 FROM CO/SEC/SUB: 70 070 000
 TO CO/SEC/SUB: 70 070 000

MP: 004.305
 MP: 004.749
 RAMPS INCL
 INFL INCL
 CR/OS INCL

FOR YEAR	FATAL CRASH STATISTICS			INJURY CRASH STATS		PROPERTY DAMAGE ONLY	TOTALS			INFLUENCE CRASHES OCCURRING ON INTERSECTING RDWYS	
	CRASHES	FATALITIES	INJURIES	CRASHES	INJURIES	CRASHES	CRASHES	FATALITIES	INJURIES	AT INT.	INFL AREA
2009	0	0	0	5	12	9	14	0	12	3	1
2010	0	0	0	9	13	3	12	0	13	1	0
2011	0	0	0	6	7	5	11	0	7	1	0
2012	0	0	0	6	8	4	10	0	8	1	0
2013	0	0	0	4	5	9	13	0	5	8	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	30	45	30	60	0	45	14	1

N O T I C E: THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT (REPORT, SCHEDULE, LIST, OR DATA) HAS BEEN COMPILED FROM INFORMATION COLLECTED FOR THE PURPOSE OF IDENTIFYING, EVALUATING, OR PLANNING SAFETY ENHANCEMENTS. THIS PRODUCT IDENTIFIES INFORMATION USED FOR THE PURPOSE OF DEVELOPING HIGHWAY SAFETY CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS WHICH MAY BE IMPLEMENTED UTILIZING FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY FUNDS. ANY DOCUMENT DISPLAYING THIS NOTICE SHALL BE USED ONLY FOR THOSE PURPOSES DEEMED APPROPRIATE BY THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION. SEE TITLE 23, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 409.

REPORT...CARPJ13-01
 DATE...01/28/2015
 TIME...13:50:28

FLORIDA - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 C A R - CRASH ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM
 CRASH DATA DETAIL AND EXTRACT FOR STATE-MAINTAINED ROADS
 *** REPORT TOTALS ***

PAGE NO: 9
 USERID: TO562SJ
 I/O.... CARI113

CUMULATIVE TOTALS FOR ALL LOCATIONS SUBMITTED - OVERLAPPING OR INTERSECTING LOCATIONS MAY RESULT IN CRASHES COUNTED MORE THAN ONCE

FOR YEAR	FATAL CRASH STATISTICS			INJURY CRASH STATS		PROPERTY DAMAGE ONLY	TOTALS			INFLUENCE CRASHES OCCURRING ON INTERSECTING RDWYS	
	CRASHES	FATALITIES	INJURIES	CRASHES	INJURIES	CRASHES	CRASHES	FATALITIES	INJURIES	AT INT.	INFL AREA
2009	0	0	0	13	22	21	34	0	22	7	2
2010	0	0	0	20	38	11	31	0	38	4	1
2011	0	0	0	16	26	13	29	0	26	4	2
2012	0	0	0	17	24	15	32	0	24	6	1
2013	0	0	0	17	19	35	52	0	19	11	1
TOTAL	0	0	0	83	129	95	178	0	129	32	7

N O T I C E: THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT (REPORT, SCHEDULE, LIST, OR DATA) HAS BEEN COMPILED FROM INFORMATION COLLECTED FOR THE PURPOSE OF IDENTIFYING, EVALUATING, OR PLANNING SAFETY ENHANCEMENTS. THIS PRODUCT IDENTIFIES INFORMATION USED FOR THE PURPOSE OF DEVELOPING HIGHWAY SAFETY CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS WHICH MAY BE IMPLEMENTED UTILIZING FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY FUNDS. ANY DOCUMENT DISPLAYING THIS NOTICE SHALL BE USED ONLY FOR THOSE PURPOSES DEEMED APPROPRIATE BY THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION. SEE TITLE 23, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 409.



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          CCCCCCCCCC      AAAAAAAAAA      RRRRRRRRRR
        CCCCCCCCCC      AAAAAAAAAA      RRRRRRRRRR
      CCC          AAA      AAA      RRR      RRR
    CCC          AAA      AAA      RRR      RRR
  CCC          AAAAAAAAAA      RRRRRRRRRRRR
CCC          AAAAAAAAAA      RRRRRRRRRRRR
  CCC          AAA      AAA      RRR      RRR
    CCC          AAA      AAA      RRR      RRR
      CCCCCCCCCC      AAA      AAA      RRR      RRRR
        CCCCCCCCCC      AAA      AAA      RRR      RRRRRR

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C R A S H R E P O R T I N G S Y S T E M

N O T I C E: THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT (REPORT, SCHEDULE, LIST, OR DATA) HAS BEEN COMPILED FROM INFORMATION COLLECTED FOR THE PURPOSE OF IDENTIFYING, EVALUATING, OR PLANNING SAFETY ENHANCEMENTS. THIS PRODUCT IDENTIFIES INFORMATION USED FOR THE PURPOSE OF DEVELOPING HIGHWAY SAFETY CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS WHICH MAY BE IMPLEMENTED UTILIZING FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY FUNDS. ANY DOCUMENT DISPLAYING THIS NOTICE SHALL BE USED ONLY FOR THOSE PURPOSES DEEMED APPROPRIATE BY THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION. SEE TITLE 23, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 409.

```

I/O NAME: ..... CAR0112
PROGRAM ID: ..... CARPJ12
REPORT NUMBER: ..... 01
RUN CLASS: ..... A
MESSAGE CLASS: ..... Q
PRINTER DEST: ..... RMT56
# COPIES: ..... 01
ACCOUNT #: ..... 5590562
SUBMIT W/HOLD? ..... N
USERID: ..... TO562SJ
DETAIL SORT ORDER: ..... 1 - COUNTY, ON-ROAD, INTERSECTING ROAD, DIR,DIST, DATE, CRASH RPT#
PRINT SEGMENTS? ..... Y
PRINT INTERSECTIONS? ..... N
SUMMARY FORMAT: ..... 2 - TOP LINE ALL BREAKS
OVERRIDE VALUES:
MAX # OF BREAKS: ..... 99
CRASH RATE CATEGORY: ...
AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC:..
# OF LEGS: .....

```

REPORT..CARPJ12-1
 DATE...2015-01-28
 TIME...13:50:28:5
 COMMENT:

FLORIDA - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 (CAR) CRASH ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM
 CRASH LOCATION SUMMARY FOR STATE ROADS

I/O... CAR0112

*** SEGMENT RATES SELECTED *** FORMAT: 2 - TOP LINE ALL BREAKS

FROM: 01/01/2009 TO 12/31/2014
 FROM CO/SEC/SUB: 70 011 000
 TO CO/SEC/SUB: 70 011 000

MP: 002.084
 MP: 003.358

RAMPS INCL INFL INCL CR/OS INCL
 OVERRIDE VALUES: MAX # OF BREAKS => 99
 CRASH RATE CATEGORY =>
 AVG DAILY TRAFFIC =>

DST	CO	SEC	SUB	BEG-MP	END-MP	ROUTE	ID	LENGTH	CATG	CRASHES	ADT	ACTUAL	AVERAGE	%CONF	#FTL	#INJ	#PDO	ECON	LOSS
05	70	011	000	2.084	2.372	SR	501	0.288	21	57	20803	4.342	2.918	99.90	0	50	30	\$	7,812,648
05	70	011	000	2.372	2.829	SR	501	0.457	11	33	20801	1.584	2.753	57.50	0	17	19	\$	3,538,194
05	70	011	000	2.829	3.358	SR	501	0.529	14	28	20040	1.205	1.387	43.45	0	17	16	\$	6,174,420
05	70	011	000	2.084	3.358	SR	501	1.274	N/A	118	20486	2.064	*****	*****	0	84	65	*****	*****

REPORT..CARPJ12-1
 DATE...2015-01-28
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 COMMENT:

FLORIDA - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 (CAR) CRASH ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM
 CRASH LOCATION SUMMARY FOR STATE ROADS

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05	70	011	000	2.084	3.358	SR	501	1.274	N/A	118	20486	2.064	*****	*****	0	84	65	*****	*****

CRASHES PER MONTH

14	JANUARY	13	FEBRUARY	12	MARCH	1	APRIL	7	MAY	10	JUNE
6	JULY	8	AUGUST	12	SEPTEMBER	8	OCTOBER	11	NOVEMBER	16	DECEMBER

NUMBER OF CRASHES PER HARMFUL EVENT

#	%	CATEGORY DESCRIPTION	* ** AM **	CRASHES PER DAY AND HOUR							TOT	%	
				MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT	SUN			
37	31.35	COLL. W/MV IN TRANS. REAR-END	* 2:00 - 3:59					2				2	1.69
6	5.08	COLL. W/MV IN TRANS. HEAD-ON	* 4:00 - 5:59	1								1	0.84
20	16.94	COLL. W/MV IN TRANS. ANGLE	* 6:00 - 7:59		2			1	1			4	3.38
6	5.08	COLL. W/MV IN TRANS. LFT-TURN	* 8:00 - 9:59	3		2			3		2	10	8.47
2	1.69	COLL. W/MV IN TRANS. RGT-TURN	* 10:00 - 11:59	1		2			1	1		5	4.23
1	0.84	COLL. W/MV IN TRANS. SIDESWIP	*										
2	1.69	COLL. W/MV IN TRANS. BAKD INTO	* AM TOTAL	5	3	4		3	5	3	3	26	22.03
2	1.69	COLL. W/PARKED CAR	*										
16	13.55	COLLISION WITH MV ON ROADWAY	* ** PM **										
3	2.54	COLL. W/ PEDESTRIAN	*										
5	4.23	COLL. W/ BICYCLE	* NOON - 1:59	2	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	11	9.32
0.00		COLL. W/ BICYCLE (BIKE LANE)	* 2:00 - 3:59	2	3	2	3	4	3	3	2	19	16.10
0.00		COLL. W/ MOPED	* 4:00 - 5:59	3	4	4	3	4	2	4	4	24	20.33
0.00		COLL. W/ TRAIN	* 6:00 - 7:59	7	2	4	1	3	2	2	1	20	16.94
0.00		COLL. W/ ANIMAL	* 8:00 - 9:59		1		3	2	3	3		9	7.62
0.00		MV HIT SIGN/SIGN POST	* 10:00 - 11:59	1			2	4	1			8	6.77
1	0.84	MV HIT UTILITY POLE/LIGHT POLE	*										
2	1.69	MV HIT GUARDRAIL	* PM TOTAL	15	11	12	14	18	13	8	91	77.11	
0.00		MV HIT FENCE	* UNKNOWN		1						1	0.84	
0.00		MV HIT CONCRETE BARRIER WALL	*										
0.00		MV HIT BRDGE/PIER/ABUTMNT/RAIL	* ** TOTAL **	20	15	16	17	23	16	11	118	100.00	
0.00		MV HIT TREE/SHRUBBERY	*										
0.00		COLL. W/CONSTRCTN BARRICDE/SGN	* ** % **	16.94	12.71	13.55	14.40	19.49	13.55	9.32	100.00		
0.00		COLL. W/TRAFFIC GATE	*										
0.00		COLL. W/CRASH ATTENUATORS	*										
0.00		COLL. W/FIXED OBJCT ABOVE ROAD	* TOTAL	72	61.01			28	23.72				
1	0.84	MV HIT OTHER FIXED OBJECT	* DESCRIPTION	8	6.77	DAYLIGHT		9	7.62	DARK (STREET LIGHT)			
1	0.84	COLL. W/MOVEABLE OBJCT ON ROAD	* DESCRIPTION	1	0.84	DUSK		0	0.00	DARK (NO STREET LIGHT)			
1	0.84	MV RAN INTO DITCH/CULVERT	* DESCRIPTION			DAWN				UNKNOWN			
2	1.69	RAN OFF ROAD INTO WATER	*										
1	0.84	OVERTURNED	*										
1	0.84	OCCUPANT FELL FROM VEHICLE	* TOTAL	93	78.81			24	20.33				
0.00		TRACTOR/TRAILER JACKNIFED	* DESCRIPTION	1	0.84	DRY		0	0.00	WET			
0.00		FIRE	* DESCRIPTION	0	0.00	SLIPPERY		0	0.00	ICY			
0.00		EXPLOSION	* DESCRIPTION			ALL OTHER		0	0.00	UNKNOWN			
0.00		DOWNHILL RUNAWAY	*										
0.00		CARGO LOSS OR SHIFT	*										
1	0.84	SEPARATION OF UNITS	* TOTAL	86	72.88			15	12.71				
0.00		MEDIAN CROSSOVER	* DESCRIPTION	17	14.40	CLEAR		0	0.00	CLOUDY			
9	7.62	ALL OTHER (EXPLAIN)	* DESCRIPTION	0	0.00	RAIN		0	0.00	FOG			
			* DESCRIPTION			ALL OTHER		0	0.00	UNKNOWN			

REPORT..CARPJ12-1
 DATE...2015-01-28
 TIME...13:50:28:5

FLORIDA - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 (CAR) CRASH ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM
 CRASH LOCATION SUMMARY FOR STATE ROADS

I/O... CAR0112

COMMENT:

*** SEGMENT RATES SELECTED *** FORMAT: 2 - TOP LINE ALL BREAKS

FROM: 01/01/2009 TO 12/31/2014 RAMP INCL OVERRIDE VALUES: MAX # OF BREAKS => 99
 FROM CO/SEC/SUB: 70 011 000 MP: 002.084 INFL INCL CRASH RATE CATEGORY =>
 TO CO/SEC/SUB: 70 011 000 MP: 003.358 CR/OS INCL AVG DAILY TRAFFIC =>

DST	CO	SEC	SUB	BEG-MP	END-MP	ROUTE	ID	LENGTH	CATG	CRASHES	ADT	ACTUAL	AVERAGE	%CONF	#FTL	#INJ	#PDO	ECON	LOSS
05	70	011	000	2.084	3.358	SR	501	1.274	N/A	118	20486	2.064	*****	*****	0	84	65	*****	*****

TRAFFICWAY CHARACTER (PER CRASH)				DIRECTION OF TRAVEL (PER VEHICLE)					
TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	*	TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	%	DESCRIPTION	
90	76.27	STRAIGHT-LEVEL	*	36	15.92	EAST	72	31.85	NORTH
18	15.25	STRAIGHT-UPGRADE/DOWNGRADE	*	0	0.00	OFF-ROAD	67	29.64	SOUTH
9	7.62	CURVE-LEVEL	*	1	0.44	UNNWN			
1	0.84	CURVE-UPGRADE/DOWNGRADE	*						

ROAD CONDITIONS AT TIME OF CRASH (PER CRASH)					VISION OBSTRUCTED (PER CRASH)				
1ST	%	2ND	DESCRIPTION	*	1ST	%	2ND	%	DESCRIPTION
3	2.54	117	99.15	UNKNOWN/NOT CODED	2	1.69	55	46.61	UNKNOWN/NOT CODED
106	89.83	1	0.84	NO DEFECTS	94	79.66	55	46.61	VISION NOT OBSCURED
1	0.84	0	0.00	OBSTRUCTION WITH WARNING	2	1.69	1	0.84	INCLEMENT WEATHER
0	0.00	0	0.00	OBSTRUCTION WITHOUT WARNING	4	3.38	0	0.00	PARKED/STOPPED VEHICLE
0	0.00	0	0.00	ROAD UNDER REPAIR/CONSTRUCTI	4	3.38	0	0.00	TREES/CROPS/BUSHES
0	0.00	0	0.00	LOOSE SURFACE MATERIALS	0	0.00	0	0.00	LOAD ON VEHICLE
1	0.84	0	0.00	SHOULDERS SOFT/LOW/HIGH	0	0.00	0	0.00	BUILDING/FIXED OBJECT
0	0.00	0	0.00	HOLES/RUTS/UNSAFE PAVED EDGE	0	0.00	1	0.84	SIGNS/BILLBOARDS
3	2.54	0	0.00	STANDING WATER	0	0.00	0	0.00	FOG
1	0.84	0	0.00	WORN/POLISHED/ROAD SURFACE	0	0.00	0	0.00	SMOKE
3	2.54	0	0.00	ALL OTHER(EXPLAIN)	0	0.00	1	0.84	GLARE
					12	10.16	5	4.23	ALL OTHER (EXPLAIN)

SITE LOCATION (PER CRASH)				TRAFFIC CONTROL (PER CRASH)				
TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	*	1ST	%	2ND	%	DESCRIPTION
17	14.40	NOT AT INTERSECTION/RRX/BRIDGE	*	1	0.84	54	45.76	NOT APPLICABLE
80	67.79	AT INTERSECTION	*	44	37.28	21	17.79	NO CONTROL
11	9.32	INFLUENCED BY INTERSECTION	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	SPECIAL SPEED ZONE
10	8.47	DRIVEWAY ACCESS	*	4	3.38	2	1.69	SPEED CONTROL SIGN
0	0.00	RAILROAD CROSSING	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	SCHOOL ZONE
0	0.00	BRIDGE	*	59	50.00	36	30.50	TRAFFIC SIGNAL
0	0.00	ENTRANCE RAMP	*	4	3.38	1	0.84	STOP SIGN
0	0.00	EXIT RAMP	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	YIELD SIGN
0	0.00	PARKING LOT/TRAFFIC WAY	*	1	0.84	0	0.00	FLASHING LIGHT
0	0.00	PARKING LOT AISLE OR STALL	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	RAILROAD SIGNAL
0	0.00	PRIVATE PROPERTY	*	1	0.84	1	0.84	OFFICER/GUARD/FLAGMAN
0	0.00	TOLL BOOTH	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	POSTED NO U-TURN
0	0.00	PUBLIC BUS STOP ZONE	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	NO PASSING ZONE
0	0.00	ALL OTHER	*	4	3.38	3	2.54	ALL OTHER

SIDE OF ROAD (PER CRASH)				ALCOHOL/DRUG USE (PER DRIVER/PEDESTRIAN)				
TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION
0	0.00	END OF ST RD	7	5.93	INTERSECTION	154	68.14	UNKNOWN/NOT CODED
42	35.59	LEFT	1	0.84	MEDIAN	67	29.64	NOT DRINKING OR USING DRUGS
0	0.00	PARKING LOT/	57	48.30	RIGHT	3	1.32	ALCOHOL-UNDER INFLUENCE
8	6.77	SIDE RD RIGH	2	1.69	SIDE RD LEFT	3	1.32	DRUGS-UNDER INFLUENCE
						0	0.00	ALCOHOL & DRUGS-UNDER INFLUEN
						0	0.00	HAD BEEN DRINKING
						0	0.00	PENDING BAC TEST RESULTS

WORK AREA (PER VEHICLE/PEDESTRIAN)					
TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION
223	98.67	NONE	1	0.44	NEARBY
0	0.00	ENTERED			

REPORT..CARPJ12-1
 DATE...2015-01-28
 TIME...13:50:28:5
 COMMENT:

FLORIDA - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 (CAR) CRASH ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM
 CRASH LOCATION SUMMARY FOR STATE ROADS

I/O... CAR0112

*** SEGMENT RATES SELECTED *** FORMAT: 2 - TOP LINE ALL BREAKS

FROM: 01/01/2009 TO 12/31/2014 RAMP INCL OVERRIDE VALUES: MAX # OF BREAKS => 99
 FROM CO/SEC/SUB: 70 011 000 MP: 002.084 INFL INCL CRASH RATE CATEGORY =>
 TO CO/SEC/SUB: 70 011 000 MP: 003.358 CR/OS INCL AVG DAILY TRAFFIC =>

DST	CO	SEC	SUB	BEG-MP	END-MP	ROUTE ID	LENGTH	CATG	CRASHES	ADT	ACTUAL	AVERAGE	%CONF	#FTL	#INJ	#PDO	ECON LOSS
05	70	011	000	2.084	3.358	SR 501	1.274	N/A	118	20486	2.064	*****	*****	0	84	65	*****

VEHICLE MOVEMENT (PER VEHICLE)				CONTRIBUTING CAUSES - VEHICLE			
TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	1ST	%	2ND	%	DESCRIPTION
110	48.67	STRAIGHT AHEAD	188	83.18	0	0.00	NO DEFECTS
33	14.60	SLOWING/STOPPED/STALLED	0	0.00	0	0.00	DEFECTIVE BRAKES
39	17.25	MAKING LEFT TURN	0	0.00	0	0.00	WORN/SMOOTH TIRES
0	0.00	BACKING	1	0.44	0	0.00	DEFECTIVE/IMPROPER LIGHTS
11	4.86	MAKING RIGHT TURN	0	0.00	0	0.00	PUNCTURE/BLOWOUT
5	2.21	CHANGING LANES	0	0.00	0	0.00	STEERING MECH.
0	0.00	ENTERING/LEAVING PARKING SPACE	0	0.00	0	0.00	WINDSHIELD WIPERS
0	0.00	PROPERLY PARKED	0	0.00	0	0.00	EQUIPMENT/VEHCILE DEFECT
0	0.00	IMPROPERLY PARKED	11	4.86	1	0.44	ALL OTHER
0	0.00	MAKING U-TURN	0	0.00	0	0.00	UNKNOWN
1	0.44	PASSING					
0	0.00	DRIVERLESS OR RUNAWAY VEH.					
0	0.00	NOT IN TRANSPORT					
14	6.19	ALL OTHERS					

VEHICLE SPEED (BEFORE CRASH)				CONTRIBUTING CAUSES - DRIVER/PEDESTRIAN					
TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	1ST	2ND	3RD	DESCRIPTION
26	11.50	UNKNOWN	25	11.06	41-50	0	213	224	UNKNOWN/NOT CODED
30	13.27	STOPPED	2	0.88	51-60	98	0	0	NO IMPROPER DRIVING/ACTION
26	11.50	0-5	1	0.44	61-70	28	2	0	CARELESS DRIVING
27	11.94	6-10	0	0.00	71-80	31	0	0	FAILED TO YEILD RIGHT OF WAY
9	3.98	11-15	0	0.00	81-90	0	0	0	IMPROPER BACKING
12	5.30	16-20	0	0.00	91-100	0	0	0	IMPROPER LANE CHANGE
30	13.27	21-30	0	0.00	100+	4	0	0	IMPROPER TURN
35	15.48	31-40	0	0.00	PARKED	0	0	0	ALCOHOL-UNDER INFLUENCE

RESIDENCE (DRIVER AND PEDESTRIAN)				CONTRIBUTING CAUSES - DRIVER/PEDESTRIAN			
TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	1ST	2ND	3RD	DESCRIPTION	
64	28.69	CNTY OF CR	5	2	0	DISREGARDED TRAFFIC SIGNAL	
1	0.44	ELSEWHERE	6	0	0	EXCEEDED SAFE SPEED LIMIT	
3	1.34	NON-RES	0	1	0	DISREGARDED STOP SIGN	
0	0.00	FOREIGN	0	0	0	FAILED TO MAINTAIN EQUIP/VEH	
159	71.30	UNKNOWN	2	0	1	IMPROPER PASSING	

SAFETY EQUIPMENT IN USE (PER PERSON)				CONTRIBUTING CAUSES - DRIVER/PEDESTRIAN				
1ST	%	2ND	%	DESCRIPTION	1ST	2ND	3RD	DESCRIPTION
90	25.28	277	77.80	UNKNOWN	1	0	0	EXCEEDED STATED SPEED LIMIT
22	6.17	0	0.00	NOT IN USE	0	0	0	OBSTRUCTING TRAFFIC
139	39.04	0	0.00	SEAT BELT/SHOULDER HARNESS	0	0	0	IMPROPER LOAD
6	1.68	1	0.28	CHILD RESTRAINT	0	0	0	DISREGARDED OTHER TRAFFIC CO
14	3.93	15	4.21	AIR BAG - DEPLOYED	0	0	0	DRIVING WRONG SIDE/WAY
81	22.75	59	16.57	AIR BAG - NOT DEPLOYED	0	0	0	FLEEING POLICE
4	1.12	3	0.84	SAFETY HELMENT	39	6	1	VEHICLE MODIFIED
0	0.00	1	0.28	EYE PROTECTION				DRIVER DISTRACTION
0	0.00	0	0.00	OTHER				ALL OTHER (EXPLAIN)

TOTAL # OF VEHICLES: 226 TOTAL # OF DRIVERS: 223 TOTAL # OF PEDESTRIANS: 4
 TOTAL # OF PERSONS (PEDESTRIANS, DRIVERS, PASSENGERS): 356

REPORT...CARPJ12-01
 DATE...01/28/2015
 TIME...13:50:28

FLORIDA - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 C A R - CRASH ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM
 CRASH DATA DETAIL AND EXTRACT FOR STATE-MAINTAINED ROADS

PAGE NO: 5
 USERID: TO562SJ
 I/O.... CARO112

COMMENT:

FROM: 01/01/2009 TO 12/31/2014
 FROM CO/SEC/SUB: 70 011 000
 TO CO/SEC/SUB: 70 011 000

MP: 002.084
 MP: 003.358

RAMPS INCL
 INFL INCL
 CR/OS INCL

FOR YEAR	FATAL CRASH STATISTICS			INJURY CRASH STATS		PROPERTY DAMAGE ONLY	TOTALS			INFLUENCE CRASHES OCCURRING ON INTERSECTING RDWYS	
	CRASHES	FATALITIES	INJURIES	CRASHES	INJURIES	CRASHES	CRASHES	FATALITIES	INJURIES	AT INT.	INFL AREA
2009	0	0	0	8	10	12	20	0	10	4	1
2010	0	0	0	11	25	8	19	0	25	3	1
2011	0	0	0	10	19	8	18	0	19	3	2
2012	0	0	0	11	16	11	22	0	16	5	1
2013	0	0	0	13	14	26	39	0	14	3	1
TOTAL	0	0	0	53	84	65	118	0	84	18	6

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          CCCCCCCCCC      AAAAAAAAAA      RRRRRRRRRR
        CCCCCCCCCC      AAAAAAAAAA      RRRRRRRRRR
       CCC             AAA      AAA      RRR      RRR
      CCC             AAA      AAA      RRR      RRR
     CCC             AAAAAAAAAA      RRRRRRRRRR
    CCC             AAAAAAAAAA      RRRRRRRRRR
   CCC             AAA      AAA      RRR      RRR
  CCC             AAA      AAA      RRR      RRR
 CCCCCCCCCC      AAA      AAA      RRR      RRR
CCCCCCCCC      AAA      AAA      RRR      RRR

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C R A S H R E P O R T I N G S Y S T E M

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 (CAR) CRASH ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM
 CRASH LOCATION SUMMARY FOR STATE ROADS

I/O... CAR0112

*** SEGMENT RATES SELECTED *** FORMAT: 2 - TOP LINE ALL BREAKS

FROM: 01/01/2009 TO 12/31/2014
 FROM CO/SEC/SUB: 70 070 000
 TO CO/SEC/SUB: 70 070 000

MP: 004.305
 MP: 004.749

RAMPS INCL INFL INCL CR/OS INCL
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DST	CO	SEC	SUB	BEG-MP	END-MP	ROUTE	ID	LENGTH	CATG	CRASHES	ADT	ACTUAL	AVERAGE	%CONF	#FTL	#INJ	#PDO	ECON	LOSS
05	70	070	000	4.305	4.649	SR	524	0.344	14	35	14000	3.317	1.387	99.99	0	34	15	\$	7,718,025
05	70	070	000	4.649	4.749	SR	524	0.100	23	47	22300	9.619	1.299	99.99	0	26	26	\$	11,011,912
05	70	070	000	4.749	4.749	SR	524	0.000	41	23	22300	0.000	1.289	0.00	0	9	14	\$	3,141,961
05	70	070	000	4.305	4.749	SR	524	0.444	14	60	15884	3.883	1.387	99.99	0	45	30	\$	13,230,900

REPORT..CARPJ12-1
 DATE...2015-01-28
 TIME...13:50:28:5
 COMMENT:

FLORIDA - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 (CAR) CRASH ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM
 CRASH LOCATION SUMMARY FOR STATE ROADS

I/O... CAR0112

*** SEGMENT RATES SELECTED *** FORMAT: 2 - TOP LINE ALL BREAKS

FROM: 01/01/2009 TO 12/31/2014 RAMP INCL OVERRIDE VALUES: MAX # OF BREAKS => 99
 FROM CO/SEC/SUB: 70 070 000 MP: 004.305 INFL INCL CRASH RATE CATEGORY =>
 TO CO/SEC/SUB: 70 070 000 MP: 004.749 CR/OS INCL AVG DAILY TRAFFIC =>

DST	CO	SEC	SUB	BEG-MP	END-MP	ROUTE	ID	LENGTH	CATG	CRASHES	ADT	ACTUAL	AVERAGE	%CONF	#FTL	#INJ	#PDO	ECON	LOSS
05	70	070	000	4.305	4.749	SR	524	0.444	14	60	15884	3.883	1.387	99.99	0	45	30	\$	13,230,900

CRASHES PER MONTH

6	JANUARY	6	FEBRUARY	10	MARCH	2	APRIL	4	MAY	6	JUNE
4	JULY	4	AUGUST	8	SEPTEMBER	2	OCTOBER	2	NOVEMBER	6	DECEMBER

NUMBER OF CRASHES PER HARMFUL EVENT

#	%	CATEGORY DESCRIPTION	*	CRASHES PER DAY AND HOUR							TOT	%	
				MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT	SUN			
		UNKNOWN/NOT CODED	*								3	3	5.00
24	40.00	COLL. W/MV IN TRANS. REAR-END	*										0.00
3	5.00	COLL. W/MV IN TRANS. HEAD-ON	*										0.00
9	15.00	COLL. W/MV IN TRANS. ANGLE	*								4	4	6.66
5	8.33	COLL. W/MV IN TRANS. LFT-TURN	*								4	4	6.66
3	5.00	COLL. W/MV IN TRANS. RGT-TURN	*								1	1	1.66
2	3.33	COLL. W/MV IN TRANS. SIDESWIP	*										
	0.00	COLL. W/MV IN TRANS. BAKD INTO	*										
	0.00	COLL. W/PARKED CAR	*								12	12	20.00
3	5.00	COLLISION WITH MV ON ROADWAY	*										
1	1.66	COLL. W/ PEDESTRIAN	*										
1	1.66	COLL. W/ BICYCLE	*								4	4	6.66
	0.00	COLL. W/ BICYCLE (BIKE LANE)	*								11	11	18.33
	0.00	COLL. W/ MOPED	*								11	11	18.33
	0.00	COLL. W/ TRAIN	*								8	8	13.33
	0.00	COLL. W/ ANIMAL	*								11	11	18.33
	0.00	MV HIT SIGN/SIGN POST	*								3	3	5.00
	0.00	MV HIT UTILITY POLE/LIGHT POLE	*										
1	1.66	MV HIT GUARDRAIL	*								48	48	80.00
	0.00	MV HIT FENCE	*										0.00
	0.00	MV HIT CONCRETE BARRIER WALL	*										
	0.00	MV HIT BRDGE/PIER/ABUTMNT/RAIL	*								60	60	100.00
	0.00	MV HIT TREE/SHRUBBERY	*										
	0.00	COLL. W/CONSTRCTN BARRICDE/SGN	*								100.00	100.00	100.00
	0.00	COLL. W/TRAFFIC GATE	*										
	0.00	COLL. W/CRASH ATTENUATORS	*										
	0.00	COLL. W/FIXED OBJCT ABOVE ROAD	*										
	0.00	MV HIT OTHER FIXED OBJECT	*										
	0.00	COLL. W/MOVEABLE OBJCT ON ROAD	*										
1	1.66	MV RAN INTO DITCH/CULVERT	*										
2	3.33	RAN OFF ROAD INTO WATER	*										
1	1.66	OVERTURNED	*										
1	1.66	OCCUPANT FELL FROM VEHICLE	*										
	0.00	TRACTOR/TRAILER JACKNIFED	*										
	0.00	FIRE	*										
	0.00	EXPLOSION	*										
	0.00	DOWNHILL RUNAWAY	*										
	0.00	CARGO LOSS OR SHIFT	*										
	0.00	SEPARATION OF UNITS	*										
	0.00	MEDIAN CROSSOVER	*										
3	5.00	ALL OTHER (EXPLAIN)	*										

CRASHES BY LIGHTING CONDITION

TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION
36	60.00	DAYLIGHT	12	20.00	DARK (STREET LIGHT)
5	8.33	DUSK	7	11.66	DARK (NO STREET LIGHT)
0	0.00	DAWN	0	0.00	UNKNOWN

CRASHES BY ROAD SURFACE CONDITION

TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION
46	76.66	DRY	13	21.66	WET
0	0.00	SLIPPERY	0	0.00	ICY
1	1.66	ALL OTHER	0	0.00	UNKNOWN

CRASHES BY WEATHER CONDITION

TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION
40	66.66	CLEAR	11	18.33	CLOUDY
8	13.33	RAIN	0	0.00	FOG
1	1.66	ALL OTHER	0	0.00	UNKNOWN

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 CRASH LOCATION SUMMARY FOR STATE ROADS

I/O... CAR0112

COMMENT:

FROM: 01/01/2009 TO 12/31/2014
 FROM CO/SEC/SUB: 70 070 000
 TO CO/SEC/SUB: 70 070 000

MP: 004.305
 MP: 004.749

*** SEGMENT RATES SELECTED *** FORMAT: 2 - TOP LINE ALL BREAKS
 RAMPS INCL OVERRIDE VALUES: MAX # OF BREAKS => 99
 INFL INCL CRASH RATE CATEGORY =>
 CR/OS INCL AVG DAILY TRAFFIC =>

DST	CO	SEC	SUB	BEG-MP	END-MP	ROUTE	ID	LENGTH	CATG	CRASHES	ADT	ACTUAL	AVERAGE	%CONF	#FTL	#INJ	#PDO	ECON	LOSS
05	70	070	000	4.305	4.749	SR	524	0.444	14	60	15884	3.883	1.387	99.99	0	45	30	\$	13,230,900

TRAFFICWAY CHARACTER (PER CRASH)				DIRECTION OF TRAVEL (PER VEHICLE)					
TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	*	TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	%	DESCRIPTION	
49	81.66	STRAIGHT-LEVEL	*	43	36.75	EAST	11	9.40	NORTH
0	0.00	STRAIGHT-UPGRADE/DOWNGRADE	*	0	0.00	OFF-ROAD	16	13.67	SOUTH
11	18.33	CURVE-LEVEL	*	0	0.00	UNNWN			
0	0.00	CURVE-UPGRADE/DOWNGRADE	*						

ROAD CONDITIONS AT TIME OF CRASH (PER CRASH)					VISION OBSTRUCTED (PER CRASH)					
1ST	%	2ND	DESCRIPTION	*	1ST	%	2ND	%	DESCRIPTION	
3	5.00	60	100.00	UNKNOWN/NOT CODED	*	0	0.00	34	56.66	UNKNOWN/NOT CODED
51	85.00	0	0.00	NO DEFECTS	*	51	85.00	24	40.00	VISION NOT OBSCURED
0	0.00	0	0.00	OBSTRUCTION WITH WARNING	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	INCLEMENT WEATHER
0	0.00	0	0.00	OBSTRUCTION WITHOUT WARNING	*	1	1.66	0	0.00	PARKED/STOPPED VEHICLE
0	0.00	0	0.00	ROAD UNDER REPAIR/CONSTRUCTI	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	TREES/CROPS/BUSHES
0	0.00	0	0.00	LOOSE SURFACE MATERIALS	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	LOAD ON VEHICLE
1	1.66	0	0.00	SHOULDERS SOFT/LOW/HIGH	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	BUILDING/FIXED OBJECT
0	0.00	0	0.00	HOLES/RUTS/UNSAFE PAVED EDGE	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	SIGNS/BILLBOARDS
3	5.00	0	0.00	STANDING WATER	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	FOG
0	0.00	0	0.00	WORN/POLISHED/ROAD SURFACE	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	SMOKE
2	3.33	0	0.00	ALL OTHER(EXPLAIN)	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	GLARE
					*	8	13.33	2	3.33	ALL OTHER (EXPLAIN)

SITE LOCATION (PER CRASH)				TRAFFIC CONTROL (PER CRASH)				
TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	*	1ST	%	2ND	%	DESCRIPTION
9	15.00	NOT AT INTERSECTION/RRX/BRIDGE	*	1	1.66	32	53.33	NOT APPLICABLE
47	78.33	AT INTERSECTION	*	17	28.33	4	6.66	NO CONTROL
4	6.66	INFLUENCED BY INTERSECTION	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	SPECIAL SPEED ZONE
0	0.00	DRIVEWAY ACCESS	*	4	6.66	0	0.00	SPEED CONTROL SIGN
0	0.00	RAILROAD CROSSING	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	SCHOOL ZONE
0	0.00	BRIDGE	*	34	56.66	22	36.66	TRAFFIC SIGNAL
0	0.00	ENTRANCE RAMP	*	3	5.00	0	0.00	STOP SIGN
0	0.00	EXIT RAMP	*	0	0.00	1	1.66	YIELD SIGN
0	0.00	PARKING LOT/TRAFFIC WAY	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	FLASHING LIGHT
0	0.00	PARKING LOT AISLE OR STALL	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	RAILROAD SIGNAL
0	0.00	PRIVATE PROPERTY	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	OFFICER/GUARD/FLAGMAN
0	0.00	TOLL BOOTH	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	POSTED NO U-TURN
0	0.00	PUBLIC BUS STOP ZONE	*	0	0.00	0	0.00	NO PASSING ZONE
0	0.00	ALL OTHER	*	1	1.66	1	1.66	ALL OTHER

SIDE OF ROAD (PER CRASH)				ALCOHOL/DRUG USE (PER DRIVER/PEDESTRIAN)				
TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION
0	0.00	END OF ST RD	3	5.00	INTERSECTION	67	57.26	UNKNOWN/NOT CODED
26	43.33	LEFT	1	1.66	MEDIAN	47	40.17	NOT DRINKING OR USING DRUGS
0	0.00	PARKING LOT/	27	45.00	RIGHT	1	0.85	ALCOHOL-UNDER INFLUENCE
1	1.66	SIDE RD RIGH	2	3.33	SIDE RD LEFT	1	0.85	DRUGS-UNDER INFLUENCE
						1	0.85	ALCOHOL & DRUGS-UNDER INFLUEN
						1	0.85	HAD BEEN DRINKING
						0	0.00	PENDING BAC TEST RESULTS

WORK AREA (PER VEHICLE/PEDESTRIAN)					
TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION
118	100.85	NONE	0	0.00	NEARBY
0	0.00	ENTERED			

REPORT..CARPJ12-1
 DATE...2015-01-28
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FLORIDA - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 (CAR) CRASH ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM
 CRASH LOCATION SUMMARY FOR STATE ROADS

I/O... CAR0112

COMMENT:

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 FROM CO/SEC/SUB: 70 070 000
 TO CO/SEC/SUB: 70 070 000

MP: 004.305
 MP: 004.749

*** SEGMENT RATES SELECTED ***
 RAMP INCL OVERRIDE VALUES: MAX # OF BREAKS => 99
 INFL INCL CRASH RATE CATEGORY =>
 CR/OS INCL AVG DAILY TRAFFIC =>

DST	CO	SEC	SUB	BEG-MP	END-MP	ROUTE	ID	LENGTH	CATG	CRASHES	ADT	ACTUAL	AVERAGE	%CONF	#FTL	#INJ	#PDO	ECON	LOSS
05	70	070	000	4.305	4.749	SR	524	0.444	14	60	15884	3.883	1.387	99.99	0	45	30	\$	13,230,900

VEHICLE MOVEMENT (PER VEHICLE)

TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	1ST	%	2ND	%	DESCRIPTION
56	47.86	STRAIGHT AHEAD	101	86.32	0	0.00	NO DEFECTS
26	22.22	SLOWING/STOPPED/STALLED	0	0.00	0	0.00	DEFECTIVE BRAKES
20	17.09	MAKING LEFT TURN	0	0.00	0	0.00	WORN/SMOOTH TIRES
1	0.85	BACKING	0	0.00	0	0.00	DEFECTIVE/IMPROPER LIGHTS
4	3.41	MAKING RIGHT TURN	0	0.00	0	0.00	PUNCTURE/BLOWOUT
0	0.00	CHANGING LANES	0	0.00	0	0.00	STEERING MECH.
0	0.00	ENTERING/LEAVING PARKING SPACE	0	0.00	0	0.00	WINDSHIELD WIPERS
0	0.00	PROPERLY PARKED	0	0.00	0	0.00	EQUIPMENT/VEHCILE DEFECT
0	0.00	IMPROPERLY PARKED	5	4.27	0	0.00	ALL OTHER
1	0.85	MAKING U-TURN	0	0.00	0	0.00	UNKNOWN
0	0.00	PASSING					
0	0.00	DRIVERLESS OR RUNAWAY VEH.					
0	0.00	NOT IN TRANSPORT					
6	5.12	ALL OTHERS					

VEHICLE SPEED (BEFORE CRASH)

TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	1ST	2ND	3RD	DESCRIPTION
9	7.69	UNKNOWN	16	13.67	41-50	0	109	116	UNKNOWN/NOT CODED
22	18.80	STOPPED	2	1.70	51-60	47	0	0	NO IMPROPER DRIVING/ACTION
11	9.40	0-5	1	0.85	61-70	18	2	0	CARELESS DRIVING
12	10.25	6-10	0	0.00	71-80	12	0	0	FAILED TO YEILD RIGHT OF WAY
5	4.27	11-15	0	0.00	81-90	1	0	0	IMPROPER BACKING
5	4.27	16-20	0	0.00	91-100	0	0	0	IMPROPER LANE CHANGE
18	15.38	21-30	0	0.00	100+	3	1	0	IMPROPER TURN
16	13.67	31-40	0	0.00	PARKED	0	0	0	ALCOHOL-UNDER INFLUENCE

RESIDENCE (DRIVER AND PEDESTRIAN)

TOTAL	%	DESCRIPTION	1ST	2ND	3RD	DESCRIPTION
47	40.17	CNTY OF CR	1	1	0	DISREGARDED TRAFFIC SIGNAL
1	0.85	ELSEWHERE	4	0	0	EXCEEDED SAFE SPEED LIMIT
1	0.85	NON-RES	0	0	0	DISREGARDED STOP SIGN
0	0.00	FOREIGN	0	0	0	FAILED TO MAINTAIN EQUIP/VEH
69	58.97	UNKNOWN	0	0	1	IMPROPER PASSING

SAFETY EQUIPMENT IN USE (PER PERSON)

1ST	%	2ND	%	DESCRIPTION	1ST	2ND	3RD	DESCRIPTION
24	14.72	131	80.36	UNKNOWN	0	0	0	EXCEEDED STATED SPEED LIMIT
20	12.26	0	0.00	NOT IN USE	0	0	0	OBSTRUCTING TRAFFIC
76	46.62	0	0.00	SEAT BELT/SHOULDER HARNESS	0	0	0	IMPROPER LOAD
3	1.84	0	0.00	CHILD RESTRAINT	0	0	0	DISREGARDED OTHER TRAFFIC CO
7	4.29	4	2.45	AIR BAG - DEPLOYED	0	0	0	DRIVING WRONG SIDE/WAY
32	19.63	25	15.33	AIR BAG - NOT DEPLOYED	0	0	0	FLEEING POLICE
1	0.61	2	1.22	SAFETY HELMENT	23	5	0	VEHICLE MODIFIED
0	0.00	1	0.61	EYE PROTECTION				DRIVER DISTRACTION
0	0.00	0	0.00	OTHER				ALL OTHER (EXPLAIN)

TOTAL # OF VEHICLES: 117 TOTAL # OF DRIVERS: 117 TOTAL # OF PEDESTRIANS: 1
 TOTAL # OF PERSONS (PEDESTRIANS, DRIVERS, PASSENGERS): 163

REPORT...CARPJ12-01
 DATE...01/28/2015
 TIME...13:50:28

FLORIDA - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 C A R - CRASH ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM
 CRASH DATA DETAIL AND EXTRACT FOR STATE-MAINTAINED ROADS

PAGE NO: 10
 USERID: TO562SJ
 I/O.... CAR0112

COMMENT:

FROM: 01/01/2009 TO 12/31/2014
 FROM CO/SEC/SUB: 70 070 000
 TO CO/SEC/SUB: 70 070 000

MP: 004.305
 MP: 004.749

RAMPS INCL
 INFL INCL
 CR/OS INCL

FOR YEAR	FATAL CRASH STATISTICS			INJURY CRASH STATS		PROPERTY DAMAGE ONLY	TOTALS			INFLUENCE CRASHES OCCURRING ON INTERSECTING RDWYS	
	CRASHES	FATALITIES	INJURIES	CRASHES	INJURIES	CRASHES	CRASHES	FATALITIES	INJURIES	AT INT.	INFL AREA
2009	0	0	0	5	12	9	14	0	12	3	1
2010	0	0	0	9	13	3	12	0	13	1	0
2011	0	0	0	6	7	5	11	0	7	1	0
2012	0	0	0	6	8	4	10	0	8	1	0
2013	0	0	0	4	5	9	13	0	5	8	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	30	45	30	60	0	45	14	1

N O T I C E: THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT (REPORT, SCHEDULE, LIST, OR DATA) HAS BEEN COMPILED FROM INFORMATION COLLECTED FOR THE PURPOSE OF IDENTIFYING, EVALUATING, OR PLANNING SAFETY ENHANCEMENTS. THIS PRODUCT IDENTIFIES INFORMATION USED FOR THE PURPOSE OF DEVELOPING HIGHWAY SAFETY CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS WHICH MAY BE IMPLEMENTED UTILIZING FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY FUNDS. ANY DOCUMENT DISPLAYING THIS NOTICE SHALL BE USED ONLY FOR THOSE PURPOSES DEEMED APPROPRIATE BY THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION. SEE TITLE 23, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 409.

REPORT...CARPJ12-01
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FLORIDA - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 C A R - CRASH ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM
 CRASH DATA DETAIL AND EXTRACT FOR STATE-MAINTAINED ROADS
 *** REPORT TOTALS ***

PAGE NO: 11
 USERID: TO562SJ
 I/O.... CAR0112

CUMULATIVE TOTALS FOR ALL LOCATIONS SUBMITTED - OVERLAPPING OR INTERSECTING LOCATIONS MAY RESULT IN CRASHES COUNTED MORE THAN ONCE

FOR YEAR	FATAL CRASH STATISTICS			INJURY CRASH STATS		PROPERTY DAMAGE ONLY	TOTALS			INFLUENCE CRASHES OCCURRING ON INTERSECTING RDWYS	
	CRASHES	FATALITIES	INJURIES	CRASHES	INJURIES	CRASHES	CRASHES	FATALITIES	INJURIES	AT INT.	INFL AREA
2009	0	0	0	13	22	21	34	0	22	7	2
2010	0	0	0	20	38	11	31	0	38	4	1
2011	0	0	0	16	26	13	29	0	26	4	2
2012	0	0	0	17	24	15	32	0	24	6	1
2013	0	0	0	17	19	35	52	0	19	11	1
TOTAL	0	0	0	83	129	95	178	0	129	32	7

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Appendix C – MUTS Chapter 14

2016



Manual on Uniform Traffic Studies



Traffic Engineering & Operations Office
605 Suwannee Street, M.S. 36
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0450

CHAPTER 14 ROADWAY LIGHTING JUSTIFICATION PROCEDURE

14.1 PURPOSE

- (1) The procedures for roadway lighting justification are based on FHWA guidelines contained in the [August 2012 FHWA Lighting Handbook](#). In Florida, the predictive methodologies contained in Part C of the *Highway Safety Manual* (HSM) are given priority and should be used for the lighting justification crash cost analysis where applicable. The safety impact of existing or proposed lighting projects can be quantified with predictive equations (safety performance functions – SPFs) available in the HSM. These formulas allow for the prediction of crash frequency for a given facility with and without lighting. The crash benefit of lighting installation is then converted to dollars and a benefit/cost (B/C) ratio and/or net present value (NPV) is computed using the cost of the lighting project.
- (2) The procedure allows lighting projects to be ranked according to priority for construction. Those with a higher NPV have more value in benefits to the public than those with a lower NPV. For explanation of the NPV analysis see *HSM Section 7.6.1.1*. The procedure compares benefits to the public from crash reduction to the project cost for installation, maintenance, and operation. Analysis of existing lighting systems to determine if they should be retained is also possible.

14.2 STEP 1: LIGHTING JUSTIFICATION - FHWA LIGHTING HANDBOOK

- (1) The procedures outlined in Section 4 of the [August 2012 FHWA Lighting Handbook](#) should be followed to determine roadway lighting justification. For collectors, major arterials, and local streets, the warrant system is based on Transportation Association of Canada (TAC) Guide for the Design of Roadway Lighting. For freeways, bridges, and interchanges, the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) Roadway Lighting Design Guide Warranting System is used. Per *FDOT Plans Preparation Manual Volume I, Section 7.3.4*, all interchanges on the interstate highway system shall be lighted. A warrant analysis may be required for federal funding, but will not be used as the determining factor for the installation of lighting at interstate interchanges. Consistent with the [Florida Intersection Design Guide](#), lighting is required at all roundabouts. Further, signalized intersections having marked crosswalks with pedestrian signals shall be lighted.

- (2) It should be noted the conditions described in the [August 2012 FHWA Lighting Handbook](#) are roadway conditions under which lighting may be considered warranted and do not necessarily describe the sites where lighting is specifically justified. Designers should first address **TAC** and **AASHTO** warrants; if these conditions are met, then a NPV analysis should be made. The initial lighting justification analysis is based upon geometric factors. The spreadsheet has been modified to English Units and is provided in **Lighting Geometric and Operational Factors (Form No. 750-020-20)**. A completed example of the form is shown in **Figure 14-1**.
- (3) The procedure to justify a lighting project consists of quantifying the safety benefits of the lighting project versus the cost of construction, maintenance, and operation of the lighting project. The safety benefits should be quantified using HSM predictive method procedures if applicable. Currently, crash reduction due to lighting can be predicted for rural two-lane roadways, rural multi-lane roadways up to four through lanes, and urban/suburban arterials up to four through-lanes. The urban/suburban arterials analysis can also be conducted for five lane roadways with a two-way left turn lane. Crash reduction due to lighting at intersections within these roadway types can also be predicted. A summary of applicable facilities is shown in Table 1. The Predictive Method procedures can be applied to existing or proposed roadway facilities. For facilities not listed above and in Table 1, the crash modification factors (CMFs) shown in Part D of the HSM (Section 13.13) should be applied. Should the FHWA CMF Clearinghouse be used, only CMFs having four or five stars are acceptable.

Table 14-1. Facility Types and Site Types Included in the HSM Predictive Method

HSM Chapter	Undivided Roadway Segments	Divided Roadway Segments	Intersections			
			Stop Control on Minor Leg(s)		Signalized	
			3-Leg	4-Leg	3-Leg	4-Leg
10—Rural Two-Lane Roads	✓	—	✓	✓	—	✓
11—Rural Multilane Highways	✓	✓	✓	✓	—	✓
12—Urban and Suburban Arterial Highways	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Source: Highway Safety Manual, 2010, Table 3-2

- (4) The difference in crash frequency can then be converted to dollars using FDOT crash costs provided in [Chapter 23 of the Plans Preparation Manual \(PPM\)](#). Data needs and additional details for applying the HSM Predictive Method are provided in [Chapter 5 of the MUTS](#) for surface streets. After reviewing Chapter 5, if the HSM methodologies are not applicable to the facility type being analyzed, then **Section 14.3.2** of this chapter should be considered.

Figure 14-1. Lighting Geometric and Operational Factors Form No. 750-020-20

State of Florida Department of Transportation									
LIGHTING GEOMETRIC AND OPERATIONAL FACTORS									
Item No.	Classification Factor	Rating Factor "R"					Weight "W"	Enter "R" Here	Score "R"x"W"
		1	2	3	4	5			
Geometric Factors (See Note 6)									
1	Number of Lanes	≤4	5	6	7	≥8	0.15	3	0.45
2	Lane Width (ft.)	>11.8	11.2 to 11.8	10.5 to 11.2	9.8 to 10.5	<9.8	0.35	2	0.7
3	Median Openings/mile	<4 or 1-way	4 to 8	8 to 12	12 to 15	>15 or No Median	1.40	2	2.8
4	Driveways and Entrances/mile	<32	32 to 64	64 to 97	97 to 129	>129	1.40	2	2.8
5	Horizontal Curve Radius (ft.)	>1969	1476 to 1969	738 to 1476	574 to 738	<574	5.90	5	29.5
6	Vertical Grades (%)	<3	3 to 4	4 to 5	5 to 7	>7	0.35	1	0.35
7	Sight Distance (ft.)	>689	492 to 689	295 to 492	197 to 295	<197	0.15	4	0.6
8	Parking	Prohibited	Loading	Off Peak	One Side	Both Sides	0.10	1	0.1
Subtotal Geometric Factors									37.3 G
Operational Factors									
9	Signalized Intersections (%)	80 to 100	70 to 80	60 to 70	50 to 60	0 to 50	0.15	2	0.3
10	Left Turn Lane	All Major Intersections or 1-way	Substantial Number of Major Intersections	Most Major Intersections	Half of the Intersections	Infrequent Number or TWTL (See Notes 1 & 3)	0.70	3	2.1
11	Median Width (ft.)	> 32	20 to 32	10 to 20	4 to 10	0 to 4	0.35	3	1.05
12	Operating or Posted Speed (mph) (See Note 5)	≤ 25	30	35	45	≥50	0.60	4	2.4
13	Pedestrian Activity Level (See Note 2)			Low	Medium	High	3.15	3	9.45
Subtotal Environmental Factors									15.3 O
Environmental Factors									
14	Percentage of Development Adjacent to Road (%) (See Note 4)	nil	nil to 30	30 to 60	60 to 90	>90	0.15	4	0.6
15	Area Classification	Rural	Industrial	Residential	Commercial	Downtown	0.15	4	0.6
16	Distance from Development to Roadway (ft) (See Note 4)	>200	150 to 200	100 to 150	50 to 100	<50	0.15	100	15
17	Ambient (off Roadway) Lighting	Nil	Sparse	Moderate	Distracting	Intense	1.38	3	4.14
18	Raised Curb Median	None	Continuous	At All Intersections (100%)	At Most Intersections (51% to 99%)	At Few Intersections (≤50%) (See Note 7)	0.35	4	1.4
Subtotal Environmental Factors									21.74 E
Collision Factors									
19	Night-to-Day Collision Ratio	<1	1.0 to 1.2	1.2 to 1.5	1.5 to 2.0	>2.0 (See Note 1)	5.55	3	16.65
Subtotal Collision Factors									16.65 A

Notes: 1 Lighting Warranted

2 Pedestrian Activity Level

3 Two Way Left Turn Lane

4 Development defined as Commercial, Industrial or Residential Buildings

5 85th Percentile night speed should be used if available, otherwise posted Speed Limit shall be used

6 Worst case geometric factors for a segment of roadway shall apply

7 Also includes isolated medians (non-continuous) between intersections

G + O + E + A = Total Warranting Points 90.99

Warranting Condition 60.00

Difference ± 30.99 D

14.3 STEP 2: NET PRESENT VALUE ANALYSIS

- (1) The purpose of this step in the roadway lighting justification procedure is to determine if the project is justified based on its NPV. If the total crash cost is equal to or greater than cost of construction, maintenance, and operation of the lighting project, then lighting is justified for high crash locations (HCL) as identified by the State Safety Office's annual HCL list. This list may be obtained directly from the State Safety Office or downloaded from the FDOT CAR system. At other locations, the NPV should be used to rank projects according to their value in benefit to the public. Those with a higher NPV offer more value than those with a lower NPV when the cost of construction, maintenance, and operation are comparable. The procedure can be used to analyze either an existing or proposed lighting system. There are two primary differences between the two analyses.
- (2) The first difference is that, for an existing lighting system, the HSM Predictive Method can be used to determine crash impacts of the system without lighting. For a proposed system, the night unlighted crash rate is based on actual crash data collected at the site. In cases when the HSM methodology is not applicable or reliable crash data are not available, a minimum unlighted crash rate of 3.0 crashes per million vehicle miles has been determined to be a reasonable "default" value for conditions in Florida.
- (3) The second difference between the analyses is that if an existing lighting system is being evaluated to determine if it should continue to operate, the cost of the installation is not considered because it is a sunk cost. This recognizes that the initial investment in lighting hardware has already been made.

14.3.1 Net Present Value Computations using the HSM Methodology

- (1) The NPV computations when the HSM methodology is applicable can be computed using the procedure outlined in this section. The use of a spreadsheet is required. Example spreadsheets can be downloaded from the MUTS website for the application of the HSM Methodology NPV calculations. NPV computations can be conducted using a six step process, outlined as follows:
 - Step 1: Identify or compute crash frequencies for NO LIGHTING CONDITIONS
 - Step 2: Quantify monetary cost of crashes for NO LIGHTING CONDITIONS
 - Step 3: Identify or compute crash frequencies for LIGHTED CONDITIONS

- Step 4: Quantify monetary cost of crashes for LIGHTED CONDITIONS
- Step 5: Compute difference: BENEFIT = Monetary cost of crashes for NO LIGHTING CONDITIONS – Monetary cost of crashes for LIGHTED CONDITIONS
- Step 6: Next steps: Compute NPV

(2) It should be noted that the crashes predicted using HSM methodologies are not nighttime-only crashes, but rather a compilation of all day and night crashes. However when modifying the lighting parameter in the methodology (unlighted to lighted), the methodology automatically adjusts for the impact of lighting to nighttime crashes only.

(3) A sample illustration of the application of the six-step process is presented in the following section. Note that the sample has been developed using only two years of analysis. In reality, the calculations shown below would be conducted for the each year in the design life of the project. The analysis steps are outlined as follows:

(a) **Step 1:** Crashes are predicted for the Roadway with NO LIGHTING using HSM methodologies as outlined in Chapter 5 of the MUTS. Crashes are then distributed by severity using the default severity distributions found in the HSM. The table below illustrates an $N_{\text{predicted}}$ value being the predicted number of crashes computed using the HSM Predictive Method. This value is then distributed by severity per the KABCO scale using HSM default severity distribution values.

Year	AADT	TOTAL	K	A	B	C	O
		$N_{\text{predicted}}$ (crashes/year)	Fatal	Inc. Injury	Non Inc. Injury	Pos. Injury	PDO
2012	17300	3.15	0.041	0.170	0.343	0.457	2.139
2013	17676	3.22	0.042	0.174	0.351	0.467	2.186

Repeat for all years being analyzed, the number of years analyzed will depend on the design life of the lighting project.

Computed using HSM Default Distributions

(b) Step 2: Quantify the monetary cost of crashes for the NO LIGHTING condition.

(c) Step 2A: Compute the annual costs using FDOT costs contained in Chapter 23 of the Plans Preparation Manual (PPM) and shown in the table below. The following tables below illustrate the computation for two years of data, 2012 and 2013. This process is repeated for each year in the design life of the project.

Crash Severity	Comprehensive Crash Cost
Fatal (K)	\$10,100,000
Severe Injury (A)	\$818,636
Moderate Injury (B)	\$163,254
Minor Injury (C)	\$99,645
Property Damage Only (O)	\$6,500

Year		K	A	B	C	O	TOTAL
		Fatal	Inc. Injury	Non Inc. Injury	Pos. Injury	PDO	N _{predicted} (crashes/ year)
2012	Crashes	0.041	0.170	0.343	0.457	2.139	3.15
	Cost per Crash Type	\$10,100,000	\$818,636	\$163,254	\$99,645	\$6,500	
	Total Cost per Crash Type	\$414,100	\$139,168	\$55,996	\$45,538	\$13,904	
	Total Cost for 2012	\$668,706					

Year		K	A	B	C	O	TOTAL
		Fatal	Inc. Injury	Non Inc. Injury	Pos. Injury	PDO	N _{predicted} (crashes/year)
2013	Crashes	0.042	0.174	0.351	0.467	2.186	3.22
	Cost per Crash Type	\$10,100,000	\$818,636	\$163,254	\$99,645	\$6,500	
	Total Cost per Crash Type	\$424,200	\$142,443	\$57,302	\$46,534	\$14,209	
	Total Cost for 2013	\$684,688					



Repeat for all years being analyzed

(d) Step 2B: Compute the present worth for each year using the equation shown below. This process is repeated for each year in the design life of the project. Add up all the present worth of costs. The example below illustrates a computation for year 2013 assuming the present year is 2012. The Discount (interest) rate to be utilized in benefit/cost analysis is 4% per PPM Section 23.5 paragraph y.

$$\text{Present worth} = \frac{\text{Final Value}}{(1 + 0.04)^{\text{years}}}$$

$$\text{For 2013 Present Worth} = \frac{\$ 684,688}{(1 + 0.04)^2} = \$ 633,033$$

Year	AADT	N _{predicted} (crashes/year)	Total Cost	Present Worth of Cost
2012	17300	3.15	\$668,706	\$668,706
2013	17676	3.22	\$684,688	\$633,033
Total Present Worth of Cost				\$1,301,738

(e) **Step 3 and 4:** Repeat the entire process for the LIGHTED conditions.

(f) **Step 5:** Compute the difference (Savings) between the NO LIGHTING and LIGHTED conditions. Assuming that the entire process for LIGHTED conditions yields a Total Present Worth of Cost of \$702,000, the table below illustrates the monetary savings the lighted project yields.

Scenario	Present Worth
NO-BUILD	\$1,301,738
BUILD	\$702,000
Savings for LIGHTED conditions	\$599,738

(g) **Step 6:** Compare the present value of the lighting project costs (i.e., construction, maintenance, and operation) to the monetary savings. Note that to determine if lighting should be maintained for existing lighting infrastructure where an evaluation is being conducted, the construction cost is considered a sunk cost and should not be included in the computations. The equation presented in Step 2 can be used to determine the present value of annual costs. Assuming for this example that the total project cost (i.e., construction, maintenance, and operation) is \$250,000, yielding a NPV of \$349,738.

(4) Examples of Present Worth Analysis for *Rural-Two Lane Road (Form 750-020-21-a)*, *Present Worth Analysis for Rural-Multilane Road (Form 750-020-21-b)*, and *Present Worth Analysis for Urban/Suburban Arterial (Form 750-020-21-c)* completed spreadsheets providing crash cost calculations are shown in *Figure 14-2*, *Figure 14-3* and *Figure 14-4*, respectively.

Figure 14-2. Rural Two-Lane Road Example (Form No. 750-020-21-a)

General Information		Site Information												
Analyst: JFR	Date: 9/11/2014	Location ID: N/A	County: Miami-Dade											
Agency or Company:	FDOT	City: Miami	M.P. - M.P.											
Growth Rate = 1.0%	Opening Year = 2012	Default Distribution for Crash Severity Level (2008-2012 Florida HSM Crash Distribution)												
Rate of Return = 4.0%	Segment = Segment1	Fatality = 3.7%	Possible Injury = 20.6%											
Segment Length = 0.11		Incapacitating = 14.2%	Property Damage Only = 40.9%											
		Non-Incapacitating = 20.6%	100.0%											
		Manual Input from Analysis												
Year	AAADT	Site Specific (N _{total/crash})	Annual Number of Crashes				Annual Cost							
			Fatality	Incap.	Non-Inc.	Possible Injury	PDO	Fatality	Incap.	Non-Inc.	Possible Injury	PDO	Total Cost*	Present Value
0	12,000	0.5	0.018	0.070	0.102	0.102	0.202	\$184,624	\$57,431	\$16,615	\$10,141	\$1,513	\$268,610	\$268,610
1	12,120	0.5	0.018	0.071	0.102	0.203	0.203	\$185,711	\$57,768	\$16,811	\$10,201	\$1,321	\$270,384	\$259,994
2	12,241	0.5	0.018	0.071	0.103	0.204	0.204	\$186,801	\$58,108	\$16,811	\$10,261	\$1,329	\$271,960	\$261,461
3	12,364	0.5	0.019	0.071	0.104	0.206	0.206	\$187,892	\$58,447	\$16,909	\$10,321	\$1,337	\$273,569	\$249,202
4	12,487	0.5	0.019	0.072	0.104	0.207	0.207	\$188,986	\$58,787	\$17,007	\$10,381	\$1,344	\$275,209	\$235,209
5	12,612	0.5	0.019	0.072	0.105	0.208	0.208	\$190,081	\$59,128	\$17,106	\$10,441	\$1,352	\$276,756	\$227,473
6	12,738	0.5	0.019	0.073	0.105	0.209	0.209	\$191,178	\$59,470	\$17,205	\$10,501	\$1,360	\$278,354	\$219,987
7	12,866	0.5	0.019	0.073	0.106	0.210	0.210	\$192,277	\$59,811	\$17,304	\$10,562	\$1,368	\$279,954	\$212,742
8	12,994	0.5	0.019	0.073	0.107	0.212	0.212	\$193,378	\$60,154	\$17,403	\$10,622	\$1,376	\$281,556	\$206,731
9	13,124	0.5	0.019	0.074	0.107	0.213	0.213	\$194,480	\$60,497	\$17,502	\$10,683	\$1,384	\$283,161	\$196,945
10	13,255	0.5	0.019	0.074	0.108	0.214	0.214	\$195,584	\$60,840	\$17,601	\$10,743	\$1,391	\$284,768	\$192,379
11	13,388	0.5	0.019	0.075	0.108	0.215	0.215	\$196,689	\$61,184	\$17,701	\$10,804	\$1,399	\$286,377	\$186,025
12	13,522	0.5	0.020	0.075	0.109	0.216	0.216	\$197,795	\$61,528	\$17,800	\$10,865	\$1,407	\$287,988	\$179,876
13	13,657	0.5	0.020	0.076	0.110	0.218	0.218	\$198,903	\$61,872	\$17,900	\$10,925	\$1,415	\$289,600	\$173,926
14	13,794	0.5	0.020	0.076	0.110	0.219	0.219	\$200,011	\$62,217	\$18,000	\$10,986	\$1,423	\$291,214	\$168,169
15	13,932	0.5	0.020	0.076	0.111	0.220	0.220	\$201,120	\$62,562	\$18,099	\$11,047	\$1,431	\$292,829	\$162,598
16	14,071	0.5	0.020	0.077	0.111	0.221	0.221	\$202,231	\$62,908	\$18,199	\$11,108	\$1,439	\$294,446	\$157,207
17	14,212	0.5	0.020	0.077	0.112	0.223	0.223	\$203,342	\$63,253	\$18,299	\$11,169	\$1,447	\$296,064	\$151,991
18	14,354	0.5	0.020	0.078	0.113	0.224	0.224	\$204,453	\$63,599	\$18,399	\$11,230	\$1,454	\$297,682	\$146,944
19	14,497	0.6	0.020	0.078	0.113	0.225	0.225	\$205,566	\$63,945	\$18,499	\$11,291	\$1,462	\$299,301	\$142,061
20	14,642	0.6	0.020	0.079	0.114	0.226	0.226	\$206,678	\$64,291	\$18,600	\$11,353	\$1,470	\$300,921	\$137,337
													Total Present Value	\$4,122,068

* PDO not included in Total Cost
Shaded cell indicates the AADT is outside the limits

NOTES:
1. Present Value = Future Cash Flow / (1 + Required Rate of Return)^(Number of Years You Have to Wait For The Cash Flow)
2. Traffic Growth Rate = $\frac{((ADT_i / ADT_0)^{1/F}) - 1}{F} \times 100$
where ADT_i = Average Daily Traffic for Future Year
ADT₀ = Average Daily Traffic for Initial Year
i = Initial Year for ADT
F = Future Year for ADT

Figure 14-3. Rural-Multilane Road Example (Form No. 750-020-21-b)

General Information		Site Information													
Analyst: JFR	Date: 9/1/2014	Location ID: N/A	County: Miami-Dade												
Agency or Company: FDOT		City: Miami	M.P. - M.P.												
Growth Rate = 1.0% Opening Year AADT = 26,500 Segment Length = 1.50 Opening Year = 2010 Rate of Return = 4.0% Segment = Rural Undivided Multilane S		Default Distribution for Crash Severity Level (2008-2012 Florida HSM Crash Distribution) Fatality = 2.3% Incapacitating = 13.1% Non-Incapacitating = 22.4% Possible Injury = 24.6% Property Damage Only = 37.8% 100.1%													
Manual Input from Analysis															
Year	AAADT	Annual Number of Crashes		Annual Cost		Total Cost*	Present Value								
		Site Specific (N _{adjusted})	Fatality	Incap.	Non-Inc.	Possible Injury	PDO								
0	26,500	11.0	0.252	1,436	2,456	2,686	4,145	\$2,547,119	\$1,175,676	\$400,970	\$267,683	\$26,940	\$4,391,650	\$4,391,650	
1	26,765	11.1	0.255	1,453	2,485	2,718	4,193	\$2,577,098	\$1,189,718	\$405,690	\$270,834	\$27,258	\$4,448,341	\$4,448,341	
2	27,033	11.2	0.258	1,470	2,514	2,750	4,243	\$2,607,433	\$1,203,721	\$410,465	\$274,022	\$27,578	\$4,495,641	\$4,495,641	
3	27,303	11.4	0.261	1,488	2,544	2,782	4,293	\$2,638,123	\$1,217,890	\$415,296	\$277,247	\$27,903	\$4,548,556	\$4,548,556	
4	27,576	11.5	0.264	1,505	2,574	2,815	4,343	\$2,668,174	\$1,232,225	\$420,184	\$280,511	\$28,231	\$4,602,094	\$4,602,094	
5	27,852	11.6	0.267	1,523	2,604	2,848	4,394	\$2,700,591	\$1,246,728	\$425,130	\$283,812	\$28,564	\$4,656,262	\$4,656,262	
6	28,130	11.8	0.271	1,541	2,635	2,882	4,446	\$2,735,378	\$1,261,403	\$430,134	\$287,153	\$29,000	\$4,711,068	\$4,711,068	
7	28,412	11.9	0.274	1,559	2,666	2,916	4,498	\$2,764,539	\$1,276,250	\$435,197	\$290,533	\$29,240	\$4,766,518	\$4,766,518	
8	28,696	12.0	0.277	1,577	2,697	2,950	4,551	\$2,797,079	\$1,291,272	\$440,319	\$293,952	\$29,584	\$4,822,622	\$4,822,622	
9	28,983	12.2	0.280	1,596	2,729	2,985	4,605	\$2,830,001	\$1,306,470	\$445,502	\$297,412	\$29,932	\$4,879,366	\$4,879,366	
10	29,272	12.3	0.283	1,615	2,761	3,020	4,659	\$2,865,311	\$1,321,648	\$450,745	\$300,913	\$30,286	\$4,936,818	\$4,936,818	
11	29,565	12.5	0.287	1,634	2,794	3,055	4,714	\$2,897,013	\$1,337,406	\$456,051	\$304,455	\$30,641	\$4,994,925	\$4,994,925	
12	29,861	12.6	0.290	1,653	2,826	3,091	4,770	\$2,931,112	\$1,353,148	\$461,419	\$308,038	\$31,002	\$5,053,717	\$5,053,717	
13	30,159	12.8	0.294	1,672	2,860	3,128	4,826	\$2,965,612	\$1,369,075	\$466,850	\$311,664	\$31,367	\$5,113,201	\$5,113,201	
14	30,461	12.9	0.297	1,692	2,893	3,165	4,882	\$3,000,519	\$1,385,190	\$472,345	\$315,332	\$31,736	\$5,173,385	\$5,173,385	
15	30,766	13.1	0.301	1,712	2,927	3,202	4,940	\$3,035,836	\$1,401,494	\$477,904	\$319,044	\$32,110	\$5,234,278	\$5,234,278	
16	31,073	13.2	0.304	1,732	2,962	3,239	4,998	\$3,071,568	\$1,417,930	\$483,529	\$322,799	\$32,487	\$5,295,887	\$5,295,887	
17	31,384	13.4	0.308	1,753	2,997	3,278	5,057	\$3,107,722	\$1,434,660	\$489,221	\$326,589	\$32,870	\$5,358,221	\$5,358,221	
18	31,698	13.5	0.311	1,773	3,032	3,316	5,116	\$3,144,301	\$1,451,657	\$494,979	\$330,443	\$33,257	\$5,421,289	\$5,421,289	
19	32,015	13.7	0.315	1,794	3,068	3,355	5,177	\$3,181,310	\$1,468,652	\$500,805	\$334,332	\$33,648	\$5,485,089	\$5,485,089	
20	32,335	13.9	0.319	1,815	3,104	3,395	5,238	\$3,218,755	\$1,485,939	\$506,700	\$338,268	\$34,044	\$5,549,661	\$5,549,661	
							Total Present Value								\$71,014,321

* PDO not included in Total Cost
 Shaded cell indicates the AADT is outside the limits

NOTES:
 1. Present Value = Future Cash Flow / (1 + Required Rate of Return)^(Number of Years You Have To Wait For The Cash Flow)
 2. Traffic Growth Rate = $\frac{((AADT_f / AADT_i)^{1/F}) - 1}{F} \times 100$
 where AADT_f = Average Daily Traffic for Future Year
 AADT_i = Average Daily Traffic for Initial Year
 F = Future Year for AADT

Figure 14-4. Urban/Suburban Arterial Example (Form No. 750-020-21-c)

General Information				Site Information			
Analyst: JFR	Date: 9/17/2014	Location ID: N/A	County: Miami-Dade	City: Miami	County: M.P. - M.P.		
Agency or Company:	FDOT	Manual Input from Analysis		Default Distribution for Crash Severity Level (2008-2012 Florida HSM Crash Distribution)			
Growth Rate = 1.0%	Opening Year = 2012	Rate of Return = 4.0%	Segment = Segment 1	Fatality = 1.1%	Property Damage Only = 22.7%		
Opening Year AADT = 14,500			Analyze	Incapacitating = 7.3%	Property Damage Only = 51.0%		
Segment Length = 0.80				Non-Incapacitating = 17.9%	Property Damage Only = 100.0%		

Year	AADT	Site Specific (Normal/Sev)	Annual Number of Crashes			Annual Cost			PDO	Total Cost*	Present Value			
			Fatality	Incap.	Non-Inc.	Possible Injury	Fatality	Incap.				Non-Inc.		
0	2012	14,500	2.5	0.028	0.185	0.454	0.576	\$282,084	\$151,732	\$74,196	\$57,431	\$8,417	\$565,443	\$565,443
1	2013	14,545	2.6	0.028	0.188	0.460	0.584	\$285,635	\$153,642	\$75,130	\$58,154	\$8,523	\$572,561	\$560,540
2	2014	14,791	2.6	0.029	0.190	0.466	0.591	\$289,237	\$155,580	\$76,078	\$58,987	\$8,630	\$579,781	\$556,040
3	2015	14,939	2.6	0.029	0.192	0.472	0.598	\$292,890	\$157,545	\$77,038	\$59,831	\$8,739	\$587,104	\$521,933
4	2016	15,089	2.7	0.029	0.195	0.478	0.606	\$296,595	\$159,538	\$78,013	\$60,685	\$8,850	\$594,530	\$506,207
5	2017	15,240	2.7	0.030	0.197	0.484	0.614	\$300,352	\$161,559	\$79,001	\$61,550	\$8,962	\$602,063	\$494,852
6	2018	15,392	2.7	0.030	0.200	0.490	0.621	\$304,164	\$163,609	\$80,004	\$62,436	\$9,076	\$609,702	\$481,857
7	2019	15,546	2.8	0.030	0.202	0.496	0.629	\$308,029	\$165,688	\$81,020	\$63,331	\$9,191	\$617,451	\$469,212
8	2020	15,701	2.8	0.031	0.205	0.503	0.637	\$311,950	\$167,797	\$82,052	\$64,242	\$9,308	\$625,311	\$456,909
9	2021	15,858	2.8	0.031	0.208	0.509	0.646	\$315,927	\$169,937	\$83,088	\$65,164	\$9,427	\$633,283	\$444,986
10	2022	16,017	2.9	0.032	0.210	0.516	0.654	\$319,961	\$172,106	\$84,139	\$66,103	\$9,547	\$641,269	\$433,286
11	2023	16,177	2.9	0.032	0.213	0.522	0.662	\$324,053	\$174,307	\$85,195	\$67,053	\$9,669	\$649,572	\$421,949
12	2024	16,339	3.0	0.032	0.216	0.529	0.671	\$328,204	\$176,540	\$86,257	\$68,021	\$9,793	\$657,892	\$410,917
13	2025	16,502	3.0	0.033	0.218	0.536	0.679	\$332,414	\$178,805	\$87,324	\$69,001	\$9,919	\$666,331	\$400,181
14	2026	16,667	3.0	0.033	0.221	0.542	0.688	\$336,685	\$181,102	\$88,398	\$70,001	\$10,046	\$674,892	\$388,793
15	2027	16,834	3.1	0.034	0.224	0.549	0.697	\$341,017	\$183,432	\$89,477	\$71,023	\$10,175	\$683,576	\$379,566
16	2028	17,002	3.1	0.034	0.227	0.557	0.706	\$345,412	\$185,796	\$90,563	\$72,024	\$10,306	\$692,385	\$369,670
17	2029	17,172	3.1	0.035	0.230	0.564	0.715	\$349,870	\$188,194	\$91,656	\$73,042	\$10,439	\$701,322	\$360,040
18	2030	17,344	3.2	0.035	0.233	0.571	0.724	\$354,392	\$190,627	\$92,756	\$74,081	\$10,574	\$710,387	\$350,667
19	2031	17,518	3.2	0.036	0.236	0.578	0.733	\$358,980	\$193,095	\$93,864	\$75,131	\$10,711	\$719,683	\$341,545
20	2032	17,693	3.3	0.036	0.239	0.586	0.743	\$363,634	\$195,598	\$94,976	\$76,194	\$10,850	\$728,912	\$332,666
* PDO not included in Total Cost									Total Present Value			\$9,220,149		

Shaded cell indicates the AADT is outside the limits

NOTES:
 1. Present Value = Future Cash Flow / (1 + Required Rate of Return)^{Number of Years You Have to Wait For The Cash Flow}
 2. Traffic Growth Rate = $\frac{((ADT_t / ADT_0)^{1/n}) - 1}{n} \times 100$
 where ADT_t = Average Daily Traffic for Future Year
 ADT₀ = Average Daily Traffic for Initial Year
 I = Initial Year for ADT
 F = Future Year for ADT

14.3.2 Net Present Value Computations when the HSM Part C Methodology is Not Applicable

- (1) The procedure to conduct a NPV computation when the HSM Part C Methodology is not applicable follows the same general concept as the procedure when the HSM is applicable. However provided the crash frequency cannot be predicted, it is estimated using an observed field crash rate, or a minimum unlighted crash rate of 3.0 crashes per million vehicle miles.
- (2) The procedure follows a similar six-step process as the HSM with some modifications as noted below:
 - Step 1: Identify or compute crash frequencies for NO LIGHTING CONDITIONS
 - Step 2: Quantify monetary cost of crashes for NO LIGHTING CONDITIONS
 - Step 3: Identify or compute crash frequencies for LIGHTED CONDITIONS
 - Step 4: Quantify monetary cost of crashes for LIGHTED CONDITIONS
 - Step 5: Compute difference: BENEFIT = Monetary cost of crashes for NO LIGHTING CONDITIONS – Monetary cost of crashes for LIGHTED CONDITIONS
 - Step 6: Next steps: Compute NPV

(a) Step 1: Crash frequency is computed using the ADT, percent of the ADT at night, and a nighttime crash rate value for unlighted conditions (NRU, see next section for detailed description of this variable). Note that crash frequency is computed for every year in the analysis period. If sufficient information is known to identify a severity distribution, then a table similar to the one shown in Step 1 for the HSM procedure should be produced. If severity distribution is unknown, then a similar table should be produced with the exception of the KABCO distribution columns.

$$N_{unlighted} \left(\frac{crash}{year} \right) = \frac{(ADT * \%ADTn * 365 * NRU)}{1,000,000}$$

(b) Step 2: Quantify the monetary cost of the UNLIGHTED CONDITIONS crash frequency. If the crash distribution is known or can be estimated, then a similar table to that shown in Step 2 of the HSM procedure must be produced and the formula below computed for every year and crash severity. If the distribution is unknown, then the formula shown below is computed once for every year in the analysis period using the total crash number, and a similar table to that shown in Step 2 of the HSM procedure is produced with the difference being that a single

cost will be computed for each year.

When the distribution of crashes is unavailable, the average crash cost should be used; this value can be obtained from the Historical Crash Method discussion for all state roads found in the FDOT PPM Chapter 23. Finally, the present value of the crash costs for each year in the analysis period must be computed, as shown in Step 2B of the HSM procedure.

$$\text{Present Worth of Cost UNLIGHTED} = N_{unlighted} * CC$$

(c) Step 3: Crash frequency is computed using the ADT value, percent of the ADT at night, nighttime crash rate value (NRU), and a crash modification factor (CMF) for lighted conditions. Note that this value is computed for every year in the analysis period. If sufficient information is known to identify a severity distribution, then a table similar to the one shown in Step 1 for the HSM procedure should be produced. If severity distribution is unknown, then a similar table should be produced with the exception of the KABCO distribution columns.

$$N_{lighted} \left(\frac{\text{crash}}{\text{year}} \right) = \frac{(ADT * \%ADTn * 365 * NRU * CMF)}{1,000,000}$$

Net Present Value for Lighting Retention

$$NPV = (ADT * \%ADTn * 365 * NRU * CFR * ACC) - [(TMC + AEC) * 1,000,000]$$

(d) Step 4: Quantify the monetary cost of the LIGHTED CONDITIONS crash frequency. If the crash distribution is known or can be estimated, then a similar table to that shown in Step 2 of the HSM procedure must be produced and the formula below computed for every year and crash severity. If the distribution is unknown, then the formula shown below is computed once for every year in the analysis period using the total crash number, and a similar table to that shown in Step 2 of the HSM procedure is produced with the difference being that a single cost will be computed for each year.

When the distribution of crashes is unavailable, the average crash cost should be used, this value can be obtained from the Historical Crash Method discussion for all state roads found in the **FDOT PPM Chapter 23**. Finally, the present value of the crash costs for each year in the analysis period must be computed, as show in Step 2B of the HSM procedure.

$$\text{Present Worth of Cost LIGHTED} = N_{unlighted} * CC$$

(e) Step 5: Compute the difference in cost between lighted and unlighted conditions.

Cost Difference

$$\begin{aligned} &= \text{Present Worth of Cost UNLIGHTED} \\ &- \text{Present Worth of Cost LIGHTED} \end{aligned}$$

(f) Step 6: Compute the Net Present Value.

For New Roadway Lighting Systems (Lighting Installation)

$$NPV = \text{Cost Difference} - (IC + PVMC + PVEC)$$

For Existing Roadway Lighting Systems (Lighting Retention)

$$NPV = \text{Cost Difference} - (PVMC + PVEC)$$

Where:

$N_{unlighted}$ = Crash frequency for unlighted conditions, this value may represent all crashes or a specific severity type.

$N_{lighted}$ = Crash frequency for lighted conditions, this value may represent all crashes or a specific severity type.

ADT = Average Daily Traffic (Existing or Projected)

$\%ADT_n$ = Percent of ADT at night

NRU = Night crash rate unlighted (see description below)

CMF = Crash modification factor

CC = Crash cost (U.S. dollars per crash from Chap 23 of PPM)

IC = Installation cost

$PVMC$ = Present value of annual maintenance cost

$PVEC$ = Present value of annual electric costs

14.3.2.1 Description of Key Variables

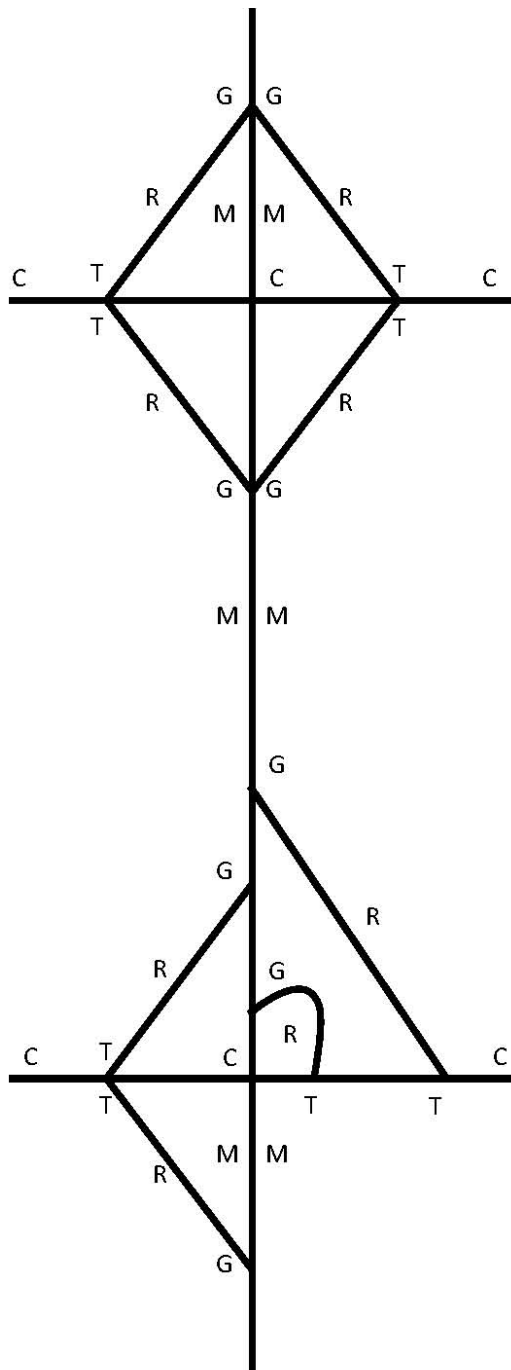
- (1)** NRU is expressed as nighttime crashes per million vehicle miles for mainline sections or crashes per million entering vehicles for interchanges. The NRU is obtained by searching crash records.

- (2) The percent of ADT at night ($\%ADT_n$) can be determined by examining traffic data.
- (3) Crash modification factors ($CMFs$) are based on an estimate of the crash reduction potential due to the installation of lighting. These values may be obtained from a variety of sources including the Highway Safety Manual or the CMF Clearinghouse.

14.4 DETERMINING OPERATIONAL STATUS OF EXISTING LIGHTING: FREEWAYS

- (1) Existing highway lighting systems are subject to various causes of electrical or mechanical malfunction. Pole knockdowns, lightning strikes, damaged-circuits, blown fuses, burned-out bulbs, and other causes result in an operational status almost always less than 100 percent.
- (2) This guideline sets forth a procedure that can assist the engineer in determining when a certain section of existing lighting is operating below an acceptable level. The procedure calculates an “operational ratio” of the actual lighting operation level to the base lighting operation level. An acceptable range of operational ratio is between 0.90 and 1.00 for interchanges and for the total lighting system. However, a range between 0.75 and 1.00 is acceptable for mainline systems.
- (3) This technique should only be used as a guideline and should not form the basis in all cases for determining when corrective repair work is scheduled for a highway lighting system. The procedure does, however, recognize that cost-effective management of lighting system maintenance involves a value judgment relating to the seriousness of various types, patterns, locations, and the number of failed fixtures.
- (4) **Figure 14-5** and **Figure 14-6** include a graphical presentation of the procedure. Unacceptable levels of operation are defined in **Table 14-2**.

Figure 14-5. Example Application of Procedure



- Gore Areas G
- Terminal Areas T
- Mainline Segments M
- Crossroads Segments C
- Ramp Segments R

Example Calculation of Numerical Base Lighting Operational Level for configuration shown at left:

	#	Points	Total
Gore Areas	8	(30)	240
Terminal Areas	8	(20)	160
Mainline Segments	6	(10)	60
Crossroads Segments	6	(15)	30
Ramp Segments	8	(15)	120
			610

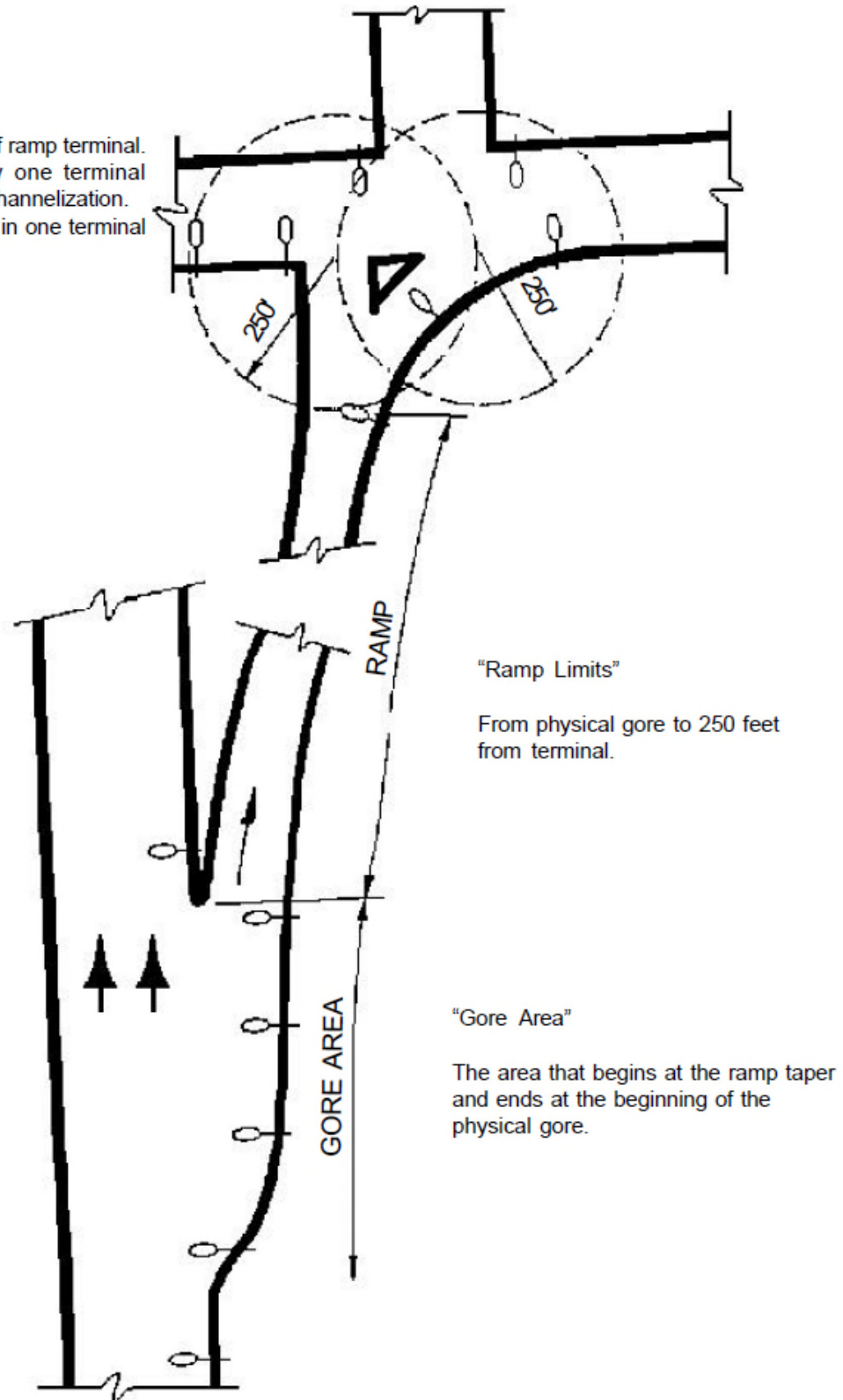
NOTE: In instances where underdeck lighting is present, all underdeck luminaires per directions, per structure are considered as a single pole for this analysis. If 50% of the underdeck luminaires are inoperative, the "pole" is inoperative.

ALL CONVENTIONAL LIGHTING

Figure 14-6. Graphical Representation

"Terminal Area"

Area within 250 feet of ramp terminal.
Each ramp has only one terminal
area, regardless of channelization.
There are six fixtures in one terminal
area shown at right.



"Ramp Limits"

From physical gore to 250 feet
from terminal.

"Gore Area"

The area that begins at the ramp taper
and ends at the beginning of the
physical gore.

Table 14-2. Guidelines for Assessing Operational Level of Highway Lighting

Type Area	Description	Operational Points For Each Area/Section	Minimum Unacceptable Operating Condition
Gore Area	The area that begins at the ramp taper and ends at the beginning of the physical gore.	30	Two inoperative fixtures within the gore area.
Terminal Area	The area (or groups of areas) within a 250 foot radius, measured from the center of the ramp pavement where it joins the edge of a crossroad.	20	Twenty-five percent of the fixtures inoperative within the terminal area.
Ramp Area	Any section of ramp roadway not considered in a gore or terminal area.	15	Three consecutive fixtures or 50 percent of the total fixtures inoperative along the ramp section.
Mainline Section	Any section of one-way mainline roadway between gore areas.	10	If a mainline section has one or more groups with three or more consecutive luminaires inoperative, the sum of the numbers in the groups is multiplied by two and added to the remaining number of inoperative luminaires.*
Crossroad Section	The two-way traffic section between terminal areas or from terminal areas to the ends of the lighting maintenance.	5	Three consecutive fixtures inoperative along the one side of the crossroad or two consecutive fixtures inoperative along one side of the crossroad opposite two consecutive inoperative fixtures.
High Mast Interchange	When high lighting towers are involved, none of the above sub-areas shall be identified within the interchange. The interchange is defined as the limits of the interchange high mast lighting.	30	Twenty-five percent of the fixtures inoperative or two adjacent towers with all fixtures inoperative.
High Mast Mainline	Mainline high mast lighting shall only apply when towers exist for at least one mile continuously between the end of ramp tapers at successive interchanges.	10	Twenty-five percent of the fixtures inoperative or two adjacent towers with all fixtures inoperative.
*If the sum is greater than 25 percent of the total number of luminaires, then the section is unacceptable.			

-
- (5) It is estimated that approximately 0.6 hour of data collection team time is needed for each mile of the study site. Approximately one-fourth of the inspection time should be spent during daylight hours, during which time the number of installations and knockdowns should be counted. The remaining three-fourths of the inspection time should be spent during nighttime hours, counting burned out luminaires and tabulating data. Examples of completed tables and calculation techniques are provided in **Figure 14-7**, **Figure 14-8**, and **Figure 14-9**.

14.5 FORMS ACCESS

- (1) Example crash cost spreadsheets for the HSM application can be downloaded from the MUTS website. Reproducible copies of the ***Present Worth Analysis Spreadsheets (Form No. 750-020-21-a, 750-020-21-b, and 750-020-21-c)*** and ***Guidelines for Determining the Operational Status of Existing Lighting Systems on Freeway Facilities (Form Nos. 750-020-15, 750-020-16, and 750-020-17)*** are available in the Department's Forms Library.

**Figure 14-7. Operational Status of Existing Lighting for Mainline Sections
(Form No. 750-020-15)**

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		FORM 750-020-15 TRAFFIC ENGINEERING 07/14
GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING THE OPERATIONAL STATUS OF EXISTING LIGHTING FACILITIES ON FREEWAY FACILITIES		
DATA COLLECTION - MAINLINE SECTIONS		
GENERAL SITE INFORMATION		
DATE: 6/2/1999	ROADWAY: Interstate 75	
COUNTY: Pinellas	STUDY SITE LENGTH (miles): 11.38	
DISTRICT: 7		
DATA COLLECTION PERSONNEL: Thomas, Casey, Moran		
MAINLINE SECTION - SPECIFIC INFORMATION		
MAINLINE LOCATION: 54th Avenue to Grandy Boulevard		
LIGHTING TYPE: <input checked="" type="radio"/> MERCURY <input type="radio"/> SODIUM <input type="radio"/> OTHER		
POLE CONFIGURATION: Outside Shoulder		
POLE SPACING (ft): 250 ft		
WATTAGE: 700		
SECTION LENGTH (miles): 1.44		
DIRECTION OF TRAVEL: North		
MAINLINE LIGHTING ANALYSIS		
OPERATIONAL LEVEL CALCULATIONS:		
COLUMN 1	COLUMN 2	COLUMN 3
TOTAL LUMINARY INSTALLATIONS ONE-WAY	NUMBER OF INOPERATIVE LUMINARIES IN GROUPS OF 3 OR MORE ONE DIRECTION	REMAINING INOPERATIVE LUMINARIES ONE DIRECTION
47	7 X 2 = 14	2
ACTUAL LIGHTING OPERATIONAL LEVEL = COLUMN 1 - (COLUMN 2 + COLUMN 3)		
BASE LIGHTING OPERATIONAL LEVEL = COLUMN 1		
OPERATIONAL RATIO CALCULATIONS:		
O.R. = $\frac{A.L.O.L.}{B.L.O.L.} = \frac{31}{47} = 66\%$		
66% < 75% THEREFORE UNACCEPTABLE		
NOTE: If the calculated percentage is greater than or equal to 75 percent, the lighting for the section is considered to be operating at an acceptable level. If acceptable, the section is assigned 10 points for use in either Form 750-020-16 or Form 750-020-17.		

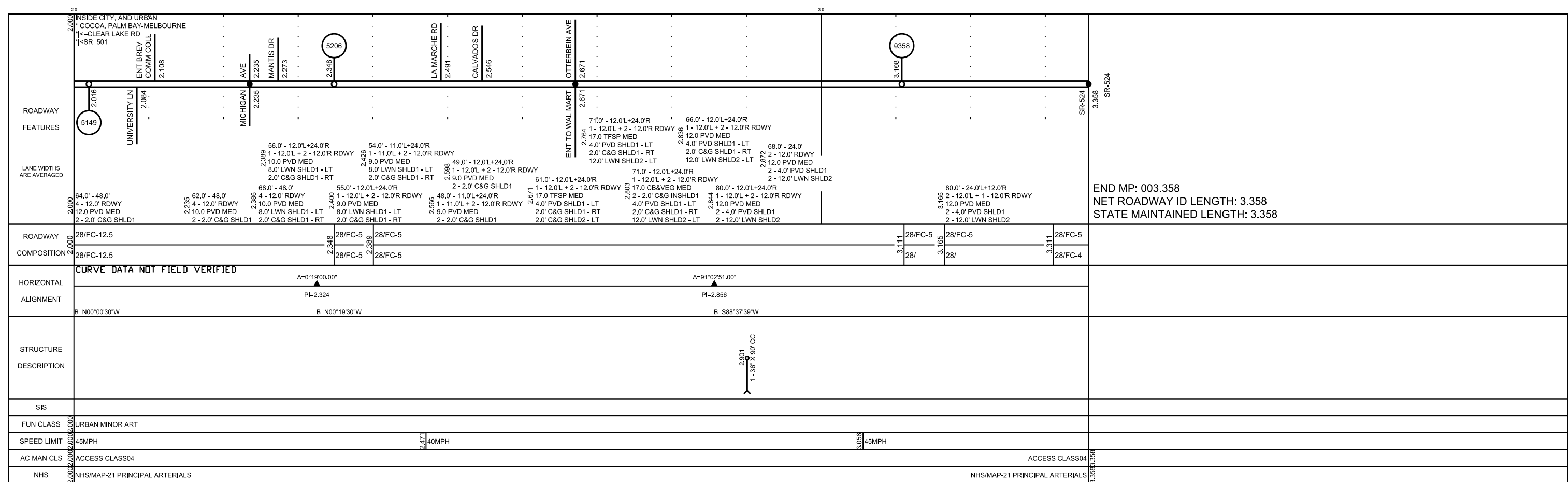
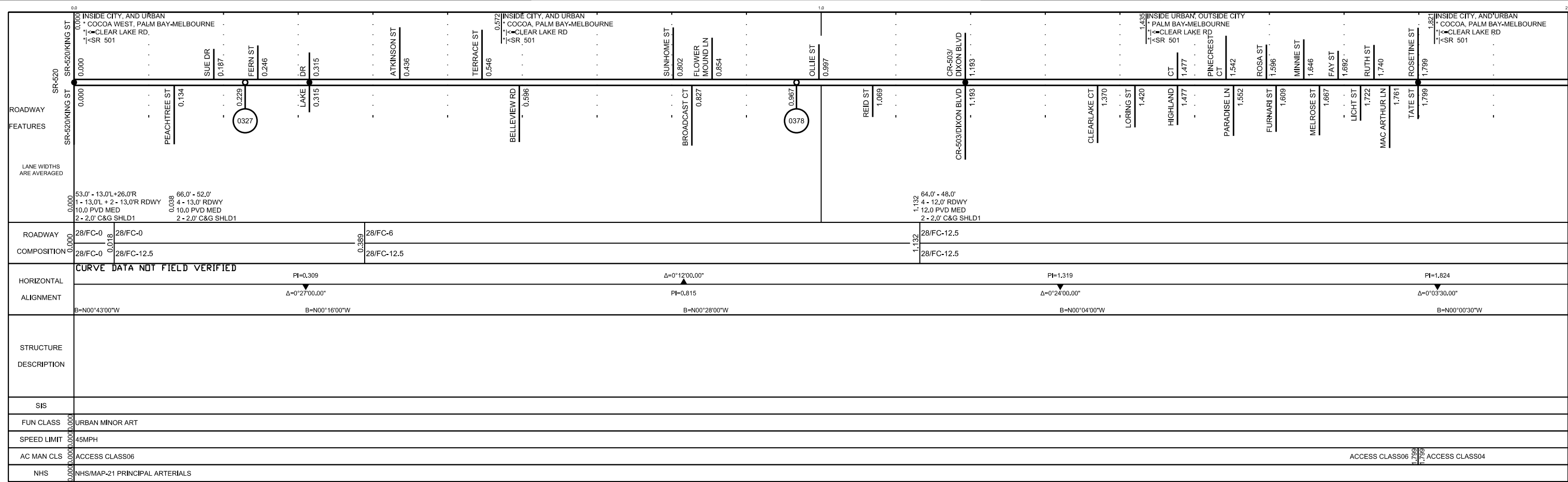
**Figure 14-8. Operational Status of Existing Lighting for Interchanges
(Form No. 750-020-16)**

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		FORM 750-020-16 TRAFFIC ENGINEERING 07/14	
GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING THE OPERATIONAL STATUS OF EXISTING LIGHTING SYSTEMS ON FREEWAY FACILITIES			
DATA COLLECTION - INTERCHANGES			
GENERAL SITE INFORMATION			
DATE: 6/2/1999	ROADWAY: Interstate 75		
COUNTY: Pinellas	STUDY SITE LENGTH (miles): 11.38		
DISTRICT: 7			
DATA COLLECTION PERSONNEL: Thomas, Casey, Moran			
INTERCHANGE - SPECIFIC INFORMATION			
INTERCHANGE LOCATION:			
LIGHTING TYPE: <input checked="" type="radio"/> MERCURY <input type="radio"/> SODIUM <input type="radio"/> OTHER			
MAINLINE POLE CONFIGURATION: Outside Shoulder			
MAINLINE POLE SPACING (ft): 250 ft			
WATTAGE: 700			
SECTION LENGTH (miles): N/A			
INTERCHANGE LIGHTING ANALYSIS			
BASE LIGHTING OPERATIONAL LEVEL CALCULATIONS (B.L.O.L.):			
CONFIGURATION	TOTAL NUMBER	POINTS	TOTAL
GORE AREA	4	30	120
TERMINAL AREA	4	20	80
MAINLINE SEGMENTS	2	10	20
CROSSROAD SEGMENTS	3	5	15
RAMP SEGMENTS	4	15	60
TOTAL			295
ACTUAL LIGHTING OPERATIONAL LEVEL CALCULATIONS (A.L.O.L.):			
CONFIGURATION	ACCEPTABLE OPERATIONS	POINTS	TOTAL
GORE AREA	2	30	60
TERMINAL AREA	3	200	60
MAINLINE SEGMENTS	2	10	20
CROSSROAD SEGMENTS	3	5	15
RAMP SEGMENTS	2	15	30
TOTAL			185
OPERATIONAL RATIO CALCULATIONS:			
O.R. = $\frac{A.L.O.L.}{B.L.O.L.} = \frac{185}{295} = 0.627$			
0.726 < .90 THEREFORE UNACCEPTABLE			
NOTE: The acceptable level for the O.R. is 0.90 or greater.			

**Figure 14-9. Operational Status of Existing Lighting for System Analysis
(Form No. 750-020-17)**

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		FORM 750-020-17 TRAFFIC ENGINEERING 07/94
GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING THE OPERATIONAL STATUS OF EXISTING LIGHTING SYSTEMS ON FREEWAY FACILITIES		
DATA COLLECTION - SYSTEM ANALYSIS		
GENERAL SITE INFORMATION		
DATE: 6/2/1999	ROADWAY: Interstate 75	
COUNTY: Pinellas	STUDY SITE LENGTH (miles): 11.38	
DISTRICT: 7	NO. MAINLINE SECTIONS: 14	
	NO. INTERCHANGES: 7	
DATA COLLECTION PERSONNEL: Thomas, Casey, Moran		
SYSTEM LIGHTING ANALYSIS		
<p>The calculation of a Base Lighting Operation Level and an Actual Lighting Operation Level for an entire study site involves the combining of values calculated for both interchanges and mainlines. A system Operational Ratio can then be found by dividing the "System Actual Lighting Operation Level" by the "System Base Lighting Operation Level." The following tables provide a step-by-step process to aid calculating the values.</p>		
SYSTEM BASE LIGHTING OPERATIONAL LEVEL CALCULATION:		
CONFIGURATION	SUM OF INDIVIDUAL B.L.O.L.'S	
INTERCHANGES	2125	
MAINLINES	140	
TOTAL - SYSTEM B.L.O.L.	2265	
SYSTEM ACTUAL LIGHTING OPERATIONAL LEVEL CALCULATION:		
CONFIGURATION	SUM OF INDIVIDUAL A.L.O.L.'S	
INTERCHANGES	1440	
MAINLINES	60	
TOTAL - SYSTEM A.L.O.L.	1500	
SYSTEM OPERATIONAL RATIO CALCULATION:		
<p>SYSTEM OPERATIONAL RATIO: $\frac{\text{SYSTEM A.L.O.L.}}{\text{SYSTEM B.L.O.L.}} = \frac{1500}{2265} = 0.66$</p>		
NOTE: An operational ratio value greater than or equal to .90 is considered acceptable.		
0.66 < .90 THEREFORE UNACCEPTABLE		

Appendix D – Straight Line Diagram



ROADWAY	INSIDE CITY, AND URBAN COCOA, PALM BAY-MELBOURNE *SR-524 *SR 524														
FEATURES															
LANE WIDTHS ARE AVERAGED	<p>56.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 2 - 4.0' PVD SHLD1 2 - 12.0' LWN SHLD2</p> <p>67.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 12.0' PVD MED 4.0' PVD SHLD1 - LT 3.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 2 - 12.0' LWN SHLD2</p> <p>66.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 12.0' PVD MED 4.0' PVD SHLD1 - LT 14.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 12.0' LWN SHLD2 - LT</p> <p>68.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 12.0' PVD MED 2 - 4.0' PVD SHLD1 8.0' LWN SHLD2 - LT 2 - 12.0' LWN SHLD2</p> <p>82.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 12.0' PVD MED 4.0' PVD SHLD1 - LT 8.0' LWN SHLD2 - LT 2 - 12.0' LWN SHLD2</p> <p>68.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 12.0' PVD MED 2 - 4.0' PVD SHLD1 2 - 12.0' LWN SHLD2</p> <p>50.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 2 - 4.0' PVD SHLD1 12.0' LWN SHLD2 - LT 6.0' LWN SHLD2 - RT</p> <p>66.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 11.0' PVD MED 4.0' PVD SHLD1 - LT 3.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 2 - 12.0' LWN SHLD2</p> <p>62.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 11.0' PVD MED 4.0' PVD SHLD1 - LT 3.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 12.0' LWN SHLD2 - RT</p> <p>66.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 11.0' PVD MED 4.0' PVD SHLD1 - LT 3.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 2 - 12.0' LWN SHLD2</p> <p>62.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 11.0' PVD MED 4.0' PVD SHLD1 - LT 3.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 2 - 12.0' LWN SHLD2</p> <p>66.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 11.0' PVD MED 4.0' PVD SHLD1 - LT 3.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 2 - 12.0' LWN SHLD2</p> <p>62.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 11.0' PVD MED 4.0' PVD SHLD1 - LT 3.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 2 - 12.0' LWN SHLD2</p> <p>66.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 11.0' PVD MED 4.0' PVD SHLD1 - LT 3.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 2 - 12.0' LWN SHLD2</p> <p>56.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 2 - 4.0' PVD SHLD1 2 - 12.0' LWN SHLD2</p>														
ROADWAY COMPOSITION	28/FC-9.5														
HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT	CURVE DATA NOT FIELD VERIFIED B=N52°23'07"E														
STRUCTURE DESCRIPTION	<p>2.015 2 - 24" X 88" CC</p> <p>2.468 1 - 24" X 87" CC</p> <p>2.770 1 - 30" X 89" CC</p> <p>2.900 1 - 30" X 181" CC</p> <p>3.022 2 - 42" X 108" CC</p> <p>3.568 2 - 42" X 116" CC</p>														
SIS															
FUN CLASS	URBAN MINOR ART														
SPEED LIMIT	45MPH														
AC MAN CLS	ACCESS CLASS04														
NHS															

ROADWAY	INSIDE CITY, AND URBAN COCOA, PALM BAY-MELBOURNE *SR-524 *SR 524														
FEATURES															
LANE WIDTHS ARE AVERAGED	<p>60.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 12.0' PVD MED 12.0' LWN SHLD1 - LT 2.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 10.0' LWN SHLD2 - RT</p> <p>79.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 12.0' PVD MED 11.0' PVD SHLD1 - LT 17.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 5.0' OTHER SHLD2 - LT 10.0' LWN SHLD2 - RT</p> <p>78.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 12.0' PVD MED 10.0' LWN SHLD1 - LT 17.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 5.0' OTHER SHLD2 - LT 10.0' LWN SHLD2 - RT</p> <p>66.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 12.0' PVD MED 10.0' LWN SHLD1 - LT 3.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 10.0' LWN SHLD2 - RT</p> <p>66.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 12.0' PVD MED 10.0' LWN SHLD1 - LT 3.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 10.0' LWN SHLD2 - RT</p> <p>66.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 12.0' PVD MED 10.0' LWN SHLD1 - LT 3.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 10.0' LWN SHLD2 - RT</p> <p>67.0' - 24.0' 2 - 12.0' RDWY 12.0' PVD MED 3.0' PVD SHLD1 - LT 6.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 10.0' LWN SHLD2 - LT 12.0' LWN SHLD2 - RT</p> <p>84.0' - 48.0' 4 - 12.0' RDWY 6.0' TFSP MED 1.0' PVD INSHLD1 - LT 3.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 5.0' PVD SHLD1 - RT 10.0' LWN SHLD2 - LT 2 - 12.0' LWN SHLD2</p> <p>121.0' - 48.0' 4 - 12.0' RDWY 42.0' VEG W/ GRD MED 4.0' WARN INSHLD1 - LT 10.0' WARN INSHLD1 - RT 9.0' WARN SHLD1 - LT 6.0' WARN SHLD1 - RT 4.0' VG SHLD2 - LT 12.0' LWN SHLD2 - RT</p> <p>106.0' - 48.0' 4 - 12.0' RDWY 42.0' VEG W/ GRD MED 4.0' WARN INSHLD1 - LT 10.0' WARN INSHLD1 - RT 4.0' PVD SHLD1 - LT 12.0' LWN SHLD2 - RT</p> <p>120.0' - 48.0' 4 - 12.0' RDWY 42.0' VEG W/ GRD MED 4.0' WARN INSHLD1 - LT 10.0' WARN INSHLD1 - RT 6.0' WARN SHLD1 - LT 12.0' LWN SHLD2 - RT</p> <p>115.0' - 48.0' 4 - 12.0' RDWY 42.0' VEG W/ GRD MED 4.0' WARN INSHLD1 - LT 10.0' WARN INSHLD1 - RT 10.0' WARN SHLD1 - LT 12.0' LWN SHLD2 - RT</p> <p>129.0' - 48.0' 4 - 12.0' RDWY 42.0' VEG W/ GRD MED 4.0' WARN INSHLD1 - LT 10.0' WARN INSHLD1 - RT 6.0' WARN SHLD1 - LT 12.0' LWN SHLD2 - RT</p> <p>115.0' - 48.0' 4 - 12.0' RDWY 42.0' VEG W/ GRD MED 4.0' WARN INSHLD1 - LT 10.0' WARN INSHLD1 - RT 9.0' PVD SHLD1 - LT 9.0' WARN SHLD1 - RT 3.0' VG SHLD2 - LT 4.0' VG SHLD2 - RT</p> <p>103.0' - 48.0' 4 - 12.0' RDWY 42.0' VEG MED 10.0' WARN INSHLD1 - LT 10.0' WARN INSHLD1 - RT 9.0' WARN SHLD1 - RT 4.0' VG SHLD2 - RT</p>														
ROADWAY COMPOSITION	28/FC-9.5														
HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT	CURVE DATA NOT FIELD VERIFIED B=N52°23'07"E														
STRUCTURE DESCRIPTION	<p>4.781 1 - 48" X 108" CC</p> <p>5.219 1 - 18" X 109" CC</p> <p>5.384 #0014 BR 322.1' #0108 BR 480.5' #0109 BR 322.1'</p> <p>5.445 #0015 BR 464.6' #0108 BR 480.5' #0109 BR 322.1'</p> <p>5.789 1 - 15" X 108" CC</p> <p>5.909 1 - 18" X 150" CC</p>														
SIS	SIS CORRIDOR														
FUN CLASS	URBAN MINOR ART														
SPEED LIMIT	45MPH														
AC MAN CLS	ACCESS CLASS04														
NHS	NHS/STRAHNET ROUTE														

Appendix E – FDOT KABCO Crash Costs

Table 23.6.1 FDOT Average Crash Costs by Facility Type

FACILITY TYPE	DIVIDED			UNDIVIDED		
	URBAN	SUBURBAN	RURAL	URBAN	SUBURBAN	RURAL
2-3 Lanes	\$109,686	\$187,990	\$342,662	\$125,974	\$245,281	\$526,887
4-5 Lanes	\$119,072	\$216,234	\$464,901	\$107,908	\$161,173	\$115,320
6+ Lanes	\$117,867	\$153,957	\$313,317	\$62,606	n/a	n/a
Interstate	\$153,963	n/a	\$341,754	n/a	n/a	n/a
Turnpike	\$147,939	n/a	\$254,951	n/a	n/a	n/a

Average Cost/Crash: **\$155,695**

The above values were derived from 2010 through 2014 traffic crash and injury severity data for crashes on state roads in Florida using the formulation described in **FHWA Technical Advisory "Motor Vehicle Accident Costs", T 7570.2, dated October 31, 1994** and from a memorandum from USDOT, **Revised Departmental Guidance: Treatment of the Value of Preventing Fatalities and Injuries in Preparing Economic Analyses, dated February 5, 2008** updating the value of life saved to \$5.8 million, updated from \$5.8 million to \$6 million on March 18, 2009, to \$6.2 million on July 29, 2011, and to \$9.1 million on February 28, 2013.

<http://www.dot.gov/sites/dot.dev/files/docs/VSL%20Guidance%202013.pdf>

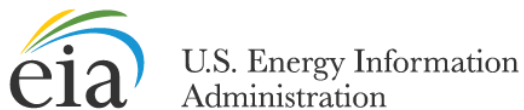
When utilizing predictive methods or crash severity distributions for analysis, the following crash severity level costs should be used:

Table 23.6.2 FDOT KABCO Crash Costs

Crash Severity	Comprehensive Crash Cost
Fatal (K)	\$10,230,000
Severe Injury (A)	\$580,320
Moderate Injury (B)	\$157,170
Minor Injury (C)	\$97,650
Property Damage Only (O)	\$7,600

Source: Florida Department of Transportation Crash Analysis Reporting (C.A.R.) System, analysis years 2010 through 2014.

Appendix F – Electricity Costs



Electric Power Monthly

Data for January 2016 | Release Date: March 25, 2016 | Next Release: April 25, 2016

| Re-release date: April 4, 2016 |

Previous Issues

Issue: Format:

Table 5.6.A. Average Price of Electricity to Ultimate Customers by End-Use Sector, by State, January 2016 and 2015 (Cents per Kilowatthour)

Census Division and State	Residential		Commercial		Industrial		Transportation		All Sectors	
	January 2016	January 2015	January 2016	January 2015	January 2016	January 2015	January 2016	January 2015	January 2016	January 2015
New England	18.98	19.76	15.05	16.38	12.10	12.46	8.84	12.09	16.27	17.34
Connecticut	19.86	21.06	15.34	16.71	12.89	13.21	10.91	18.39	17.18	18.49
Maine	17.66	15.62	12.20	14.74	9.12	10.05	--	--	13.87	14.09
Massachusetts	19.34	20.78	15.40	16.53	13.05	13.16	7.39	8.33	16.59	17.84
New Hampshire	18.00	19.15	14.58	15.75	12.70	12.90	--	--	15.79	16.89
Rhode Island	18.41	17.73	15.76	18.00	14.14	15.38	18.23	17.57	16.75	17.63
Vermont	16.62	16.48	14.21	14.06	10.35	10.32	--	--	14.28	14.24
Middle Atlantic	15.15	15.70	11.77	12.53	6.98	7.13	11.05	12.53	12.16	12.85
New Jersey	15.45	15.49	11.87	11.98	9.98	10.26	10.10	12.43	13.10	13.28
New York	16.54	19.31	13.13	14.62	5.47	6.11	12.13	13.79	13.42	15.37
Pennsylvania	13.87	12.96	9.43	9.54	7.10	7.03	7.64	7.31	10.52	10.30
East North Central	12.25	12.13	9.48	9.56	6.74	6.70	6.92	7.13	9.66	9.65
Illinois	11.42	11.51	8.38	8.62	6.31	6.39	6.70	6.53	8.86	9.01
Indiana	10.47	10.64	9.23	9.63	6.51	6.72	9.52	9.66	8.60	8.86
Michigan	14.52	13.59	10.22	10.05	6.90	6.64	11.75	11.91	10.86	10.49
Ohio	12.05	12.07	9.59	9.63	6.84	6.66	7.40	11.73	9.76	9.75
Wisconsin	13.77	13.74	10.71	10.60	7.50	7.38	12.73	--	10.79	10.69
West North Central	10.29	10.07	8.71	8.50	6.54	6.38	8.87	8.15	8.78	8.58
Iowa	10.45	10.22	8.21	8.14	5.41	5.40	--	--	7.94	7.83
Kansas	11.91	11.34	9.93	9.53	7.37	7.36	--	--	10.01	9.67
Minnesota	11.99	11.51	9.50	9.07	6.95	6.68	10.50	9.55	9.72	9.28
Missouri	9.14	9.23	7.83	7.80	5.73	5.52	6.85	6.48	8.16	8.10
Nebraska	9.43	9.18	8.48	8.37	6.93	6.76	--	--	8.40	8.22
North Dakota	8.57	8.34	8.44	8.11	7.91	7.98	--	--	8.30	8.14
South Dakota	10.12	10.02	8.75	8.80	7.21	7.03	--	--	9.08	9.02
South Atlantic	11.28	11.25	9.40	9.51	6.37	6.56	7.74	8.64	9.80	9.88
Delaware	13.16	12.07	10.08	9.13	8.44	NM	--	--	11.27	10.38
District of Columbia	13.04	12.00	11.64	12.20	9.44	8.58	8.91	9.29	11.78	11.94

Columbia											
Florida		11.60	11.93	9.58	9.91	8.03	8.31	8.80	9.19	10.50	10.83
Georgia		10.45	10.43	9.65	9.78	5.46	5.86	4.61	5.38	9.08	9.22
Maryland		14.03	13.07	10.94	11.10	7.86	9.13	7.58	9.16	12.33	12.06
North Carolina		10.44	10.54	8.58	8.44	6.16	6.27	8.06	7.67	9.12	9.14
South Carolina		11.72	11.77	9.89	9.92	5.86	5.97	--	--	9.41	9.45
Virginia		10.66	10.80	8.19	8.48	6.97	7.45	8.11	8.75	9.10	9.47
West Virginia		10.68	9.06	9.06	7.81	6.43	5.86	--	--	8.88	7.68
East South Central		10.28	10.28	9.95	10.10	5.57	5.68	--	--	8.75	8.83
Alabama		11.08	10.99	10.90	10.63	5.43	5.58	--	--	8.99	8.95
Kentucky		9.80	9.50	9.09	8.90	5.35	5.15	--	--	8.11	7.80
Mississippi		10.49	11.06	10.05	10.97	6.02	6.54	--	--	8.88	9.58
Tennessee		9.90	9.96	9.78	10.10	5.74	5.94	--	--	8.99	9.18
West South Central		10.12	10.56	7.63	8.03	5.05	5.73	5.58	5.56	7.82	8.45
Arkansas		8.93	8.73	7.85	7.62	5.59	5.64	9.19	10.88	7.58	7.54
Louisiana		8.54	8.80	8.38	8.84	4.94	5.50	7.81	8.38	7.12	7.62
Oklahoma		8.33	8.56	6.84	7.03	4.53	5.06	--	--	6.84	7.17
Texas		10.95	11.55	7.60	8.06	5.09	5.93	5.41	5.33	8.16	8.97
Mountain		10.77	11.13	8.83	9.23	5.75	6.04	9.08	9.84	8.67	8.97
Arizona		10.90	11.05	9.59	9.53	5.38	5.84	8.24	8.07	9.27	9.40
Colorado		10.97	11.40	8.44	9.18	6.50	6.65	8.58	9.88	8.87	9.31
Idaho		9.55	9.66	7.44	7.59	5.70	5.64	--	--	8.00	8.05
Montana		10.20	10.74	9.51	10.83	4.98	5.19	--	--	8.62	9.34
Nevada		11.42	12.70	8.15	9.42	4.97	5.89	8.01	8.70	8.13	9.16
New Mexico		11.45	12.19	9.54	10.24	5.68	6.16	--	--	9.03	9.65
Utah		10.54	10.33	8.19	7.97	5.74	5.63	9.96	10.18	8.20	7.89
Wyoming		10.44	10.28	9.12	8.74	6.56	6.52	--	--	7.97	7.76
Pacific Contiguous		14.11	13.67	12.05	12.08	7.88	7.87	8.25	8.04	12.12	11.86
California		17.76	17.42	13.73	13.85	10.52	10.75	8.21	8.00	14.75	14.62
Oregon		10.20	10.30	8.67	8.72	5.88	5.75	9.15	9.14	8.86	8.79
Washington		9.07	8.13	8.29	7.66	4.40	4.20	9.39	8.27	7.73	6.98
Pacific Noncontiguous		23.23	26.17	21.17	23.87	18.78	23.23	--	--	21.11	24.44
Alaska		19.44	19.36	17.60	17.24	13.76	14.44	--	--	17.50	17.51
Hawaii		26.92	33.08	24.74	30.92	20.80	26.68	--	--	23.85	29.94
U.S. Total		12.01	12.10	9.98	10.26	6.42	6.64	9.46	10.62	9.96	10.18

See Technical notes for additional information on the Commercial, Industrial, and Transportation sectors.

Notes: - See Glossary for definitions. - Values are preliminary estimates based on a cutoff model sample.

See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-826.

Utilities and energy service providers may classify commercial and industrial customers based on either NAICS codes or demands or usage falling within specified limits by rate schedule.

Changes from year to year in consumer counts, sales and revenues, particularly involving the commercial and industrial consumer sectors, may result from respondent implementation of changes in the definitions of consumers, and reclassifications.

Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826, Monthly Electric Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions Report.

Appendix G – Crash Rate Calculations

Length of Segment Begin MP End MP Total Length
 115874.78 123422.16 1.43

Crash Rates			
Year: 2009 - 2013	Total	% AADT	Crash Rate
No. of Nighttime Crashes	69	20	6.28
No. of Daytime Crashes	109	80	2.48

AVG. AADT = 21040

Night to Day Crash Rate = 2.53

Nighttime Crash Detail/Costs			
Year: 2009 - 2013	FHWA Rate*	Total	Cost
Fatality	\$ 10,230,000.00	0	\$ -
Injury (Possible)	\$ 157,170.00	213	\$ 33,477,210.00
Property Damage Only	\$ 7,600.00	160	\$ 1,216,000.00

\$ 34,693,210.00

Average Cost/Crash = \$ 93,011.29

W/O Fatality = \$ 93,011.29

	ADT	Fixtures	Cost	CAP REC	
Average Daily Traffic	ADT				21040
% of ADT Occuring at Night	ADT _n				20%
Night Crash Rate Unlighted	NRU				6.28
Crash Reduction Factor	CRF				0.4
Average Crash Cost	ACC			\$	93,011.29
Annualized Installation Cost (per mile)	AIC	93	\$ 7,992.00	\$	66,893.04
Total Annual Maintenance Cost (per mile)	TMC	93	\$ 200.00 (per year)	\$	18,600.00
Annual Energy Cost (per mile)	AEC	93	\$ 0.09 (per year)	\$	13,726.00

***** Proposed Spacing 162'

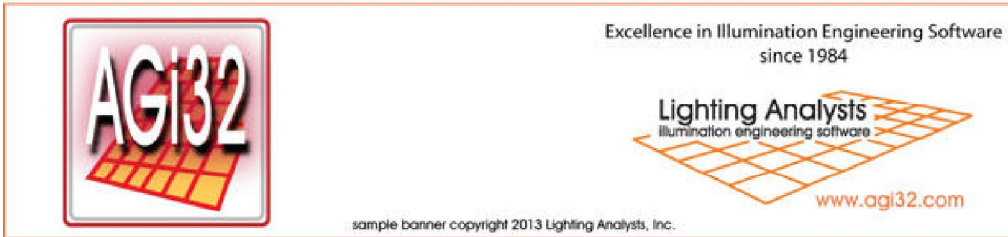
1.43 Miles 7550 46.60493827 **93 Poles**

Benefit - cost Ratio \$ 359,036,575,863.82

\$ 99,219.04 \$ 99,219,040,200

Benefit - cost Ratio 3.62

Appendix H – Lighting Layout Analysis



Roadway Optimizer - Layout 1

General:

Roadway Standard: IES RP-8-2000
 R-Table: R3 (Slightly Specular), Q0=0.07 Actual QO Value: 0.07

Roadway Layout:

Layout Type: Two Rows, Opposite, With Median; 2R_OPP_w/M
 Roadway Width: 24 ft
 Median Width: 40 ft
 Lanes In Direction Of Travel: 2
 Driver's Side Of Roadway: Right

Luminaire Information:

ers4_r3d1550-120-277v_tcm201-
 Description: ERS4_R3D1550_____-120-277V
 File Name: ers4_r3d1550-120-277v_tcm201-95661.ies
 Lumens Per Lamp: N.A.
 Number Of Lamps: 1
 Total Lamp Lumens: N.A.
 Luminaire Lumens: 22500
 Luminaire Watts: 247
 Efficiency (%): N.A.
 Total Light Loss Factor: 1.000
 Luminaire Arrangement: SINGLE
 Arm Length: 15 ft
 Offset: 0 ft

Luminaire Location Summary:

Coordinates in ft

Spacing - Row 1: 162
 Spacing - Row 2: 162

Label	X-Coord	Y-Coord	Z-Coord	Orient	Tilt	Spin
ers4_r3d1550-120-27...	648	-20	40	90	0	0
ers4_r3d1550-120-27...	486	-20	40	90	0	0
ers4_r3d1550-120-27...	324	-20	40	90	0	0
ers4_r3d1550-120-27...	162	-20	40	90	0	0
ers4_r3d1550-120-27...	0	-20	40	90	0	0
ers4_r3d1550-120-27...	-162	-20	40	90	0	0
ers4_r3d1550-120-27...	-324	-20	40	90	0	0
ers4_r3d1550-120-27...	648	108	40	270	0	0
ers4_r3d1550-120-27...	486	108	40	270	0	0
ers4_r3d1550-120-27...	324	108	40	270	0	0
ers4_r3d1550-120-27...	162	108	40	270	0	0

Roadway Optimizer - Layout 1 - Cont.

Luminaire Location Summary:

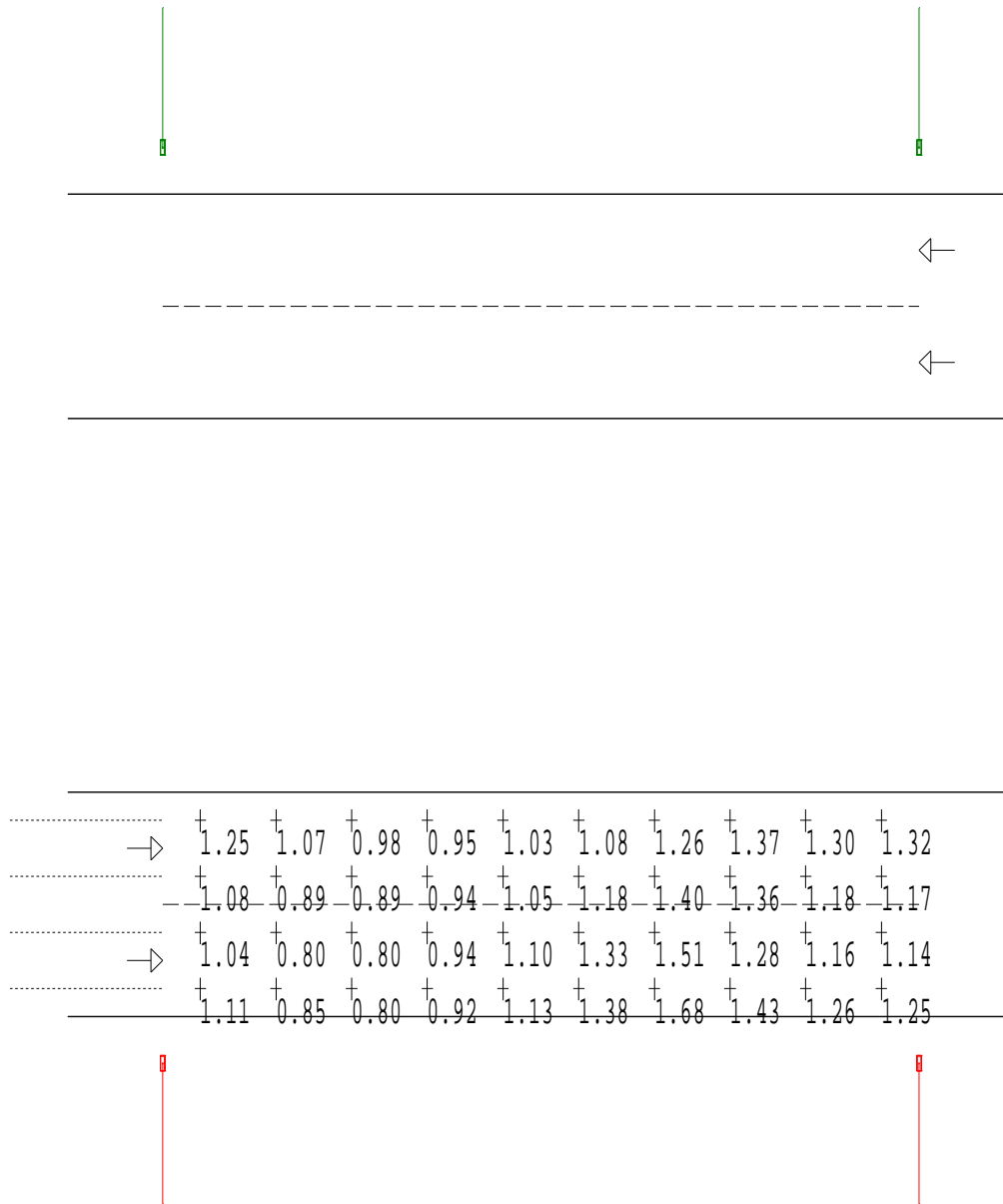
Coordinates in ft

ers4_r3d1550-120-27...	0	108	40	270	0	0
ers4_r3d1550-120-27...	-162	108	40	270	0	0
ers4_r3d1550-120-27...	-324	108	40	270	0	0

Total Number of locations: 14

Roadway Optimizer - Layout 1

RoadOpt_1_Luminance



Luminance (Cd/SqM)

Average = 1.14

Maximum = 1.68

Minimum = 0.80

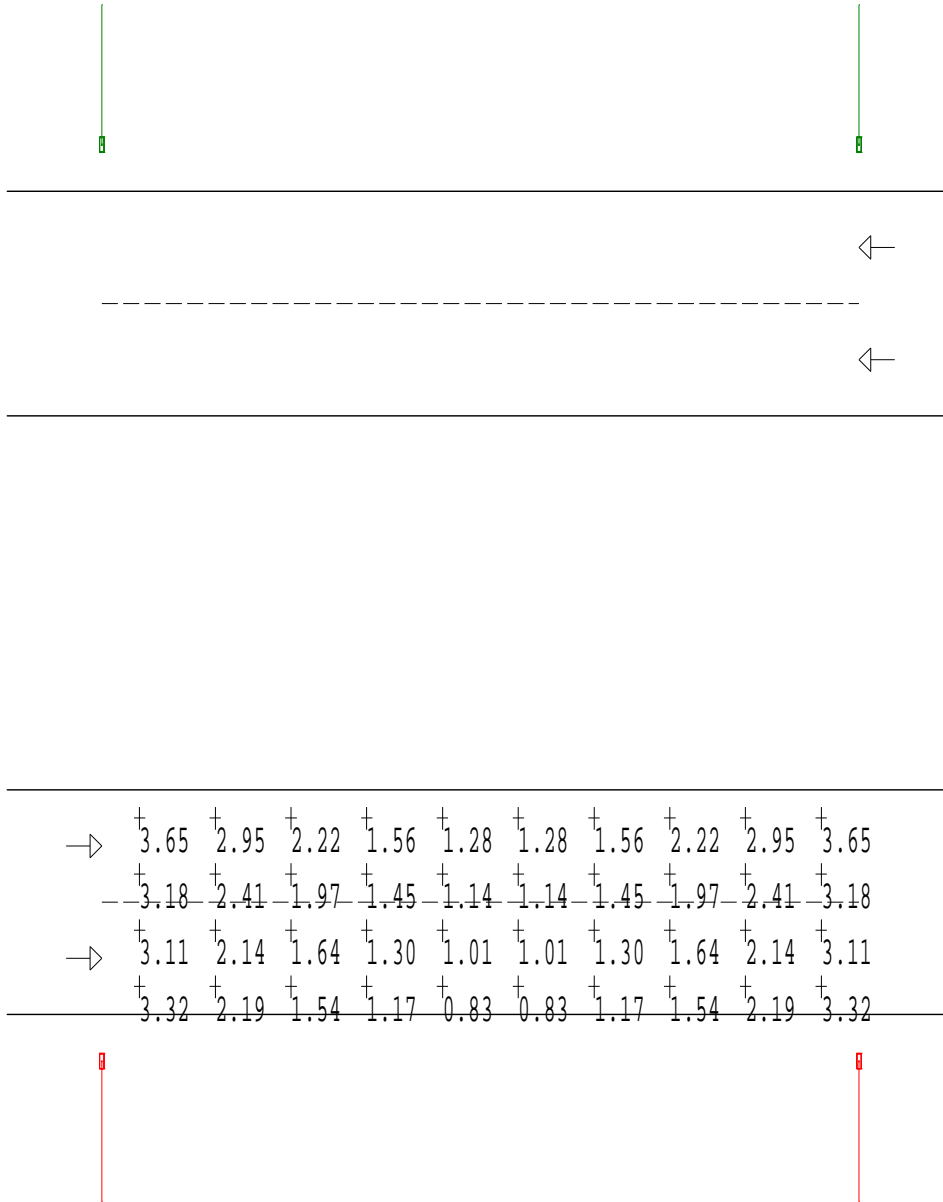
Avg/Min Ratio = 1.43

Max/Min Ratio = 2.1

Max/Avg Ratio = 1.47

Roadway Optimizer - Layout 1

RoadOpt_1_Illum



Illuminance (Fc)

Average = 2

Maximum = 3.65

Minimum = 0.83

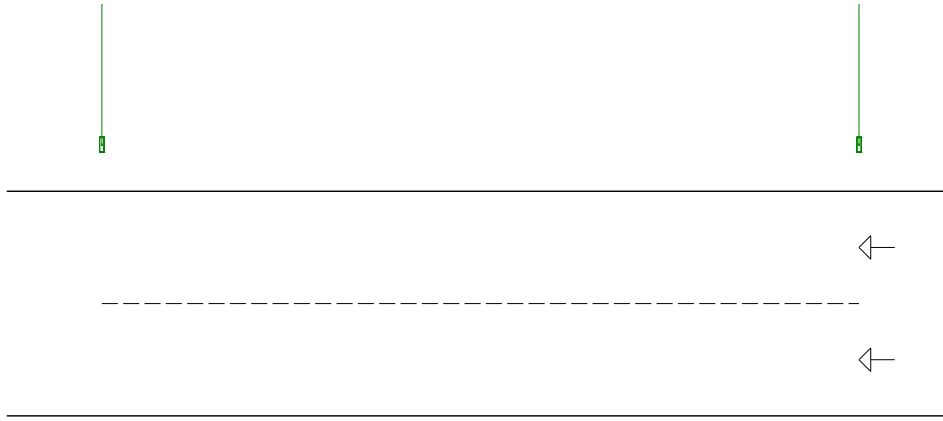
Avg/Min Ratio = 2.41

Max/Min Ratio = 4.4

Max/Avg Ratio = 1.83

Roadway Optimizer - Layout 1

RoadOpt_1_Vis_Level



→	1.38	8.41	10.62	8.35	5.04	2.46	-0.04	-3.01	-4.04	-4.64
-	1.30	6.86	9.20	7.27	3.82	1.56	-1.01	-3.41	-3.86	-4.33
→	1.38	5.90	7.21	5.60	2.98	0.46	-2.32	-3.86	-4.06	-4.30
	1.55	5.99	6.51	4.63	1.25	-1.04	-3.76	-4.62	-4.54	-4.66

Visibility Level

STV = 3.530551

Roadway Optimizer - Layout 1

RoadOpt_1_Vis_Level_Bkgd_Lum



→	0.96	0.96	1.06	1.12	1.32	1.36	1.34	1.41	1.20	1.01
-----	0.89	0.97	1.10	1.25	1.40	1.30	1.17	1.30	1.03	0.86
→	0.84	1.02	1.15	1.47	1.40	1.24	1.16	1.30	0.97	0.77
	0.81	1.02	1.21	1.56	1.59	1.33	1.27	1.35	1.01	0.79



Background Luminance (Cd/SqM)

Average = 1.16

Maximum = 1.59

Minimum = 0.77

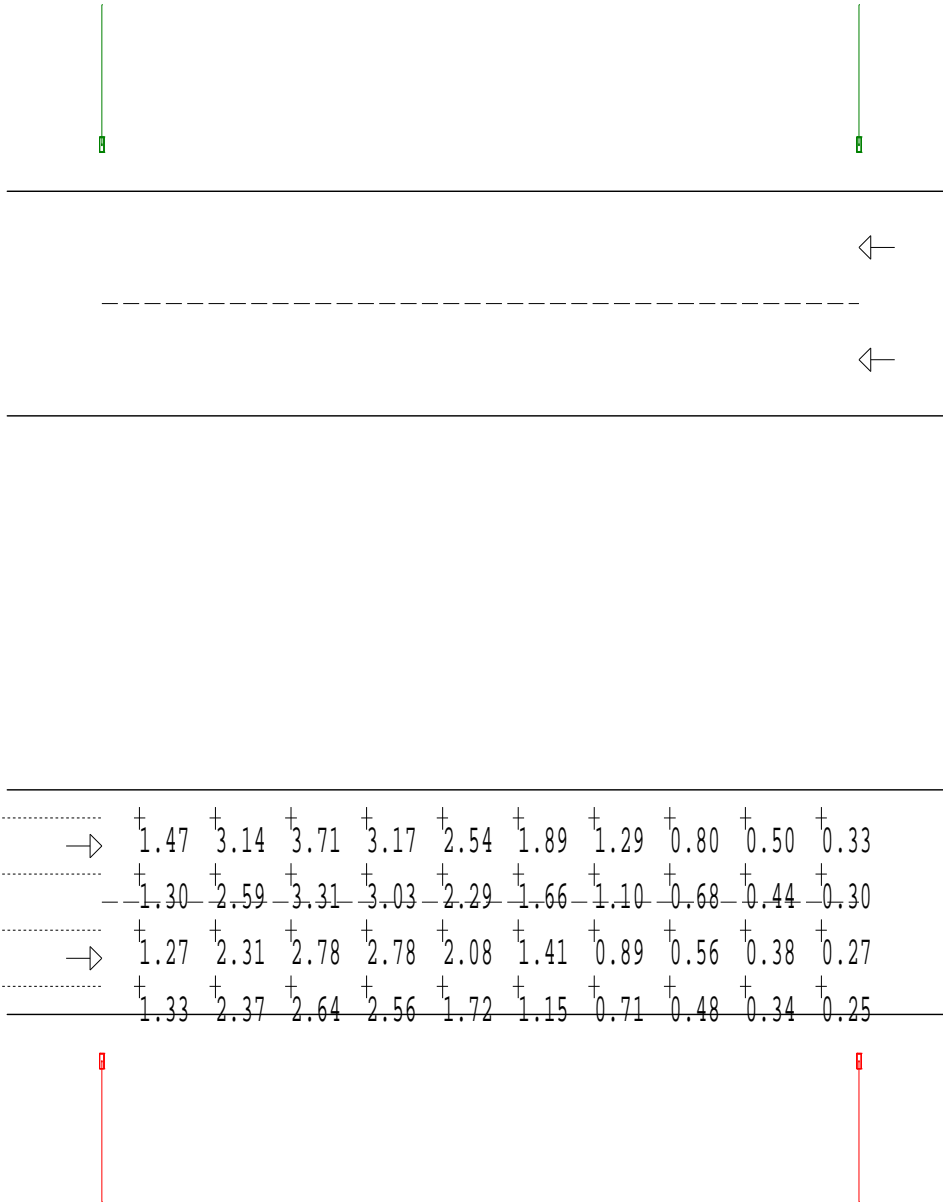
Avg/Min Ratio = 1.51

Max/Min Ratio = 2.06

Max/Avg Ratio = 1.37

Roadway Optimizer - Layout 1

RoadOpt_1_Vis_Level_Target_Lum



Target Luminance (Cd/SqM)

Average = 1.6

Maximum = 3.71

Minimum = 0.25

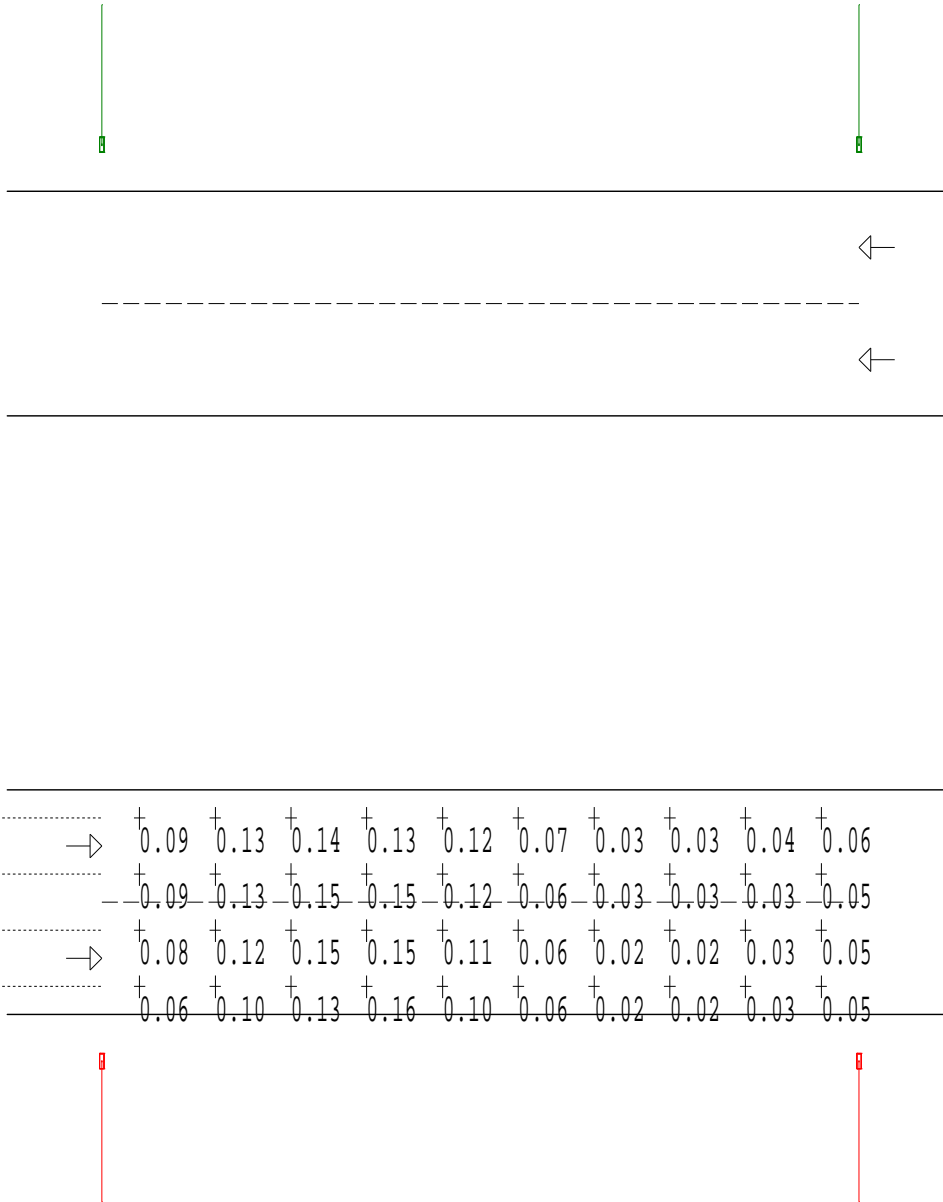
Avg/Min Ratio = 6.4

Max/Min Ratio = 14.84

Max/Avg Ratio = 2.32

Roadway Optimizer - Layout 1

RoadOpt_1_Veil_Lum



Veiling Luminance (Cd/SqM)

Average = 0.08

Maximum = 0.16

Minimum = 0.02

Avg/Min Ratio = 4

Max/Min Ratio = 8

Max/Avg Ratio = 2

MaxLv Ratio = 0.14

Threshold Increment (TI) = 9.37

Roadway Optimizer - Layout Comparison

Layout 1

Description	
Roadway Standard	IES RP-8-2000
R-Table	R3
Actual Q0 Value	0.07

Layout Type	2R_OPP_w/M
Road Width	24
Median Width	40
Number Lanes	2
Number Lanes Opposite	0
Drivers Side	Right
Calc Area	Bottom

Label - Row 1	ers4_r3d1550-1 20-277v_tcm201-
MH - Row 1	40
Setback - Row 1	20
+Orient - Row 1	0
Tilt - Row 1	0
Spin - Row 1	0
Spacing - Row 1	162

Label - Row 2	ers4_r3d1550-1 20-277v_tcm201-
MH - Row 2	40
Setback - Row 2	20
+Orient - Row 2	0
Tilt - Row 2	0
Spin - Row 2	0
Spacing - Row 2	162

1_Luminance (Cd/SqM)

Average	1.14
Maximum	1.68
Minimum	0.80
Avg/Min Ratio	1.43

Roadway Optimizer - Layout Comparison - Cont.

	Layout 1
Max/Min Ratio	2.10
Max/Avg Ratio	1.47
<hr/>	
1_Illum (Fc)	
Average	2
Maximum	3.65
Minimum	0.83
Avg/Min Ratio	2.41
Max/Min Ratio	4.40
Max/Avg Ratio	1.83
<hr/>	
1_Vis_Level	
STV	3.53
<hr/>	
1_Vis_Level_Bkgd_Lum (Cd/SqM)	
Average	1.16
Maximum	1.59
Minimum	0.77
Avg/Min Ratio	1.51
Max/Min Ratio	2.06
Max/Avg Ratio	1.37
<hr/>	
1_Vis_Level_Target_Lum (Cd/SqM)	
Average	1.6
Maximum	3.71
Minimum	0.25
Avg/Min Ratio	6.40
Max/Min Ratio	14.84
Max/Avg Ratio	2.32
<hr/>	
1_Veil_Lum (Cd/SqM)	
Average	0.08
Maximum	0.16
Minimum	0.02
Avg/Min Ratio	4.00

Roadway Optimizer - Layout Comparison - Cont.

	Layout 1
Max/Min Ratio	8.00
Max/Avg Ratio	2
MaxLV Ratio	0.14
Threshold Incr. (TI)	9.37

GE
Lighting

Evolve™ LED Roadway Lighting

LED Roadway Luminaire (ERL1-ERLH-ERS1-ERS2)



imagination at work

Product Features

The Evolve™ LED Roadway Luminaire is optimized for customers requiring a LED solution for local, collector and major roadways. GE's unique reflective optics are designed to optimize application efficiency and minimize glare. The modern design incorporates the heat sink directly into the unit for heat transfer to prolong LED life. This reliable unit has a 100,000 hour design life, significantly reducing maintenance needs and expense over the life of the fixture. This efficient solution lowers energy consumption compared to traditional HID fixture for additional operating cost savings.

Applications

- Designed to meet recommended luminance and illuminance requirements for local, collector and major roadway/street classifications.

Housing

- The modern design incorporates Casting-integral heatsink for maximum heat transfer.
- Meets 3G vibration per ANSI C136.31-2010.
- Die Cast Enclosure.



LED & Optical Assembly

- Evolve™ light engine consisting of reflective technology designed to optimize application efficiency and minimize glare.
- Utilizes high brightness LEDs, 70 CRI at 3000K and 4000K typical.
- LM-79 tests and reports in accordance with IESNA standards.

Lumen Maintenance

- Lumen Maintenance per TM21.

Ratings

- /  listed, suitable for wet locations per UL 1598.
- Std. Optical enclosure rated per ANSI C136.25-2009: ERL1 = IP65, ERS1-2 = IP66, ERLH = IP65.
- Upward Light Output Ratio (ULOR) = 0.
- Compliant with the material restriction requirements of RoHS.

Product ID	Lumen Output	Ambient Rating
ERL1	02-09	-40°C to 50°C
ERLH	10-11	-40°C to 50°C
ERLH	13-15	-40°C to 40°C
ERS1	10-15	-40°C to 50°C
ERS2	16-23	-40°C to 50°C
ERS2	25-28	-40°C to 40°C

Delayed start may be experienced <-35°C.

Mounting

- Slipfitter with +/- 5 degree of adjustment for leveling.
- Integral die cast mounting pipe stop.
- Adjustable for 1.25 in. or 2 in. mounting pipe.

Finish

- Corrosion resistant polyester powder paint, minimum 2.0 mil. thickness.
- Standard colors: Black, Gray and Dark Bronze.
- RAL & custom colors available.
- Optional coastal finish available.

Electrical

- 120-277 VAC and 347-480 VAC.
- System power factor is >90% and THD <20%.*
- Class "A" Sound rating.
- 0-10V dimming standard or DALI dimming available upon request for 120V-277V.
- Surge Protection per ANSI C136.2-2015:
 - Standard: 6kV/3kA "Basic: (120 Strikes)"
 - Optional Secondary: 10kV/5kA "Enhanced: (40 Strikes)"
- EMI: Title 47 CFR Part 15 Class A
- Photo electric sensors (PE) available.

* System power factor and THD is tested and specified at 120V input and maximum load conditions. THD<26% for 347/480V supply with 03 power level.

Warranty

- 5 Year Standard
- 10 Year Optional

Suggested HID Replacement Lumen Levels

- ~4,000–5,000 lumens to replace 100W HPS Cobra-head
- ~7,000–8,800 lumens to replace 150W HPS Cobra-head
- ~8,500–11,500 lumens to replace 200W HPS Cobra-head
- ~11,500–14,000 lumens to replace 250W HPS Cobra-head
- ~21,000–28,000 lumens to replace 400W HPS Cobra-head

Note: Actual replacement lumens may vary based upon mounting height, pole spacing, design criteria, etc.

Ordering Number Logic

Evolve™ LED Streetlight (ERL1)



ERL1

PROD. ID	VOLTAGE	LUMEN OUTPUT	DISTRIBUTION	CCT	CONTROLS	COLOR	OPTIONS
E = Evolve R = Roadway L = Local 1 = Single Module	0 = 120-277* 1 = 120 2 = 208 3 = 240 4 = 277 5 = 480 D = 347 H = 347-480*	02* 03 04 05 06 07 08 09	A1 = Extra Narrow Asymmetric B1 = Narrow Asymmetric (Medium) C1 = Asymmetric (Short) D1 = Asymmetric Forward E1 = Asymmetric (Medium) F1 = Asymmetric (Wide) G1 = Asymmetric (Extra Wide)	30 = 3000K 40 = 4000K	A = ANSI C136.41 7-pin D = ANSI C136.41 7-pin receptacle with Shorting Cap E = ANSI C136.41 7-pin Receptacle with non-Dimming PE Control.*	GRAY = Gray BLCK = Black DKBZ = Dark Bronze	A = 4 Bolt Slipfitter † F = Fusing G = Internal Bubble Level I = IP66 Optical L = Tool-Less Entry R = Optional Secondary Enhanced Surge Protection (10kV/5kA) U = Universal DALI Programmable +^ X = Single Package # Y = Coastal Finish * XXX = Special Options
	* Not available with Fusing. Must choose a discreet voltage with F option.	See Data Table for more information. *120V only, not compatible with 0-10V dimming.	See Data Table for more information		* PE Control Only available for 120-277V or 480V Discrete. Not available for 347-480V or 347V Discrete. NOTE: Dimming controls wired for 0-10V standard unless DALI option "U" requested.		† Contact manufacturer for Lead-Time. # Std Packaging = 20 units per container. * Recommended for installations within 1 mile from the coast. Contact Factory for Lead-Time. + Compatible with LightGrid 2.0 nodes. ^ Not available in 347V, 480V or 347-480V for Lumen Level 07 and 08.

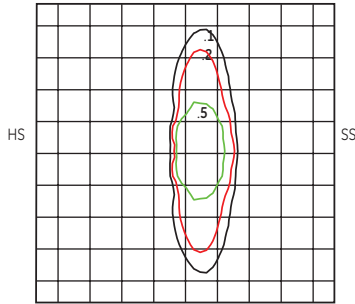
PRODUCT ID	LUMEN OUTPUT	DISTRIBUTION	TYPICAL INITIAL LUMENS		TYPICAL SYSTEM WATTAGE		BUG RATING		IES FILE NUMBER							
			4000K	3000K	120-277V	347-480V	4000K	3000K	4000K		3000K					
									120-277V	347-480V	120-277V	347-480V				
ERL1	02	A1	1900	1800	15	N/A	B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_02A140	-120VIES	N/A	ERL1_02A130	-120VIES	N/A		
ERL1		B1	1900	1800			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_02B140	-120VIES	N/A	ERL1_02B130	-120VIES	N/A		
ERL1		C1	2000	1900			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_02C140	-120VIES	N/A	ERL1_02C130	-120VIES	N/A		
ERL1		D1	1900	1800			B1-U0-G0	B1-U0-G0	ERL1_02D140	-120VIES	N/A	ERL1_02D130	-120VIES	N/A		
ERL1		E1	2000	1900			B1-U0-G0	B1-U0-G0	ERL1_02E140	-120VIES	N/A	ERL1_02E130	-120VIES	N/A		
ERL1		F1	2000	1900			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_02F140	-120VIES	N/A	ERL1_02F130	-120VIES	N/A		
ERL1		G1	2000	1900			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_02G140	-120VIES	N/A	ERL1_02G130	-120VIES	N/A		
ERL1	03	A1	2800	2700	25	28	B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_03A140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_03A140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_03A130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_03A130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		B1	2900	2800			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_03B140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_03B140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_03B130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_03B130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		C1	3000	2900			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_03C140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_03C140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_03C130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_03C130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		D1	2900	2800			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_03D140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_03D140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_03D130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_03D130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		E1	3000	2900			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_03E140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_03E140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_03E130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_03E130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		F1	3000	2900			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_03F140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_03F140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_03F130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_03F130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		G1	3000	2900			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_03G140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_03G140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_03G130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_03G130	-347-480VIES
ERL1	04	A1	3800	3700	32	35	B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_04A140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_04A140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_04A130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_04A130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		B1	3900	3800			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_04B140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_04B140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_04B130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_04B130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		C1	4000	3900			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_04C140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_04C140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_04C130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_04C130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		D1	3900	3800			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_04D140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_04D140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_04D130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_04D130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		E1	4000	3900			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_04E140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_04E140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_04E130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_04E130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		F1	4000	3900			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_04F140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_04F140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_04F130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_04F130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		G1	4000	3900			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_04G140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_04G140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_04G130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_04G130	-347-480VIES
ERL1	05	A1	4800	4600	41	45	B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1	ERL1_05A140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_05A140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_05A130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_05A130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		B1	4800	4600			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1	ERL1_05B140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_05B140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_05B130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_05B130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		C1	5000	4800			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1	ERL1_05C140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_05C140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_05C130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_05C130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		D1	4800	4600			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_05D140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_05D140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_05D130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_05D130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		E1	5000	4800			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1	ERL1_05E140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_05E140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_05E130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_05E130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		F1	5000	4800			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1	ERL1_05F140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_05F140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_05F130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_05F130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		G1	5000	4800			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1	ERL1_05G140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_05G140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_05G130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_05G130	-347-480VIES
ERL1	06	A1	5700	5500	53	58	B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1	ERL1_06A140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_06A140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_06A130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_06A130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		B1	5800	5600			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1	ERL1_06B140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_06B140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_06B130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_06B130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		C1	6000	5800			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1	ERL1_06C140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_06C140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_06C130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_06C130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		D1	5800	5600			B1-U0-G1	B1-U0-G1	ERL1_06D140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_06D140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_06D130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_06D130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		E1	6000	5800			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1	ERL1_06E140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_06E140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_06E130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_06E130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		F1	6000	5800			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1	ERL1_06F140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_06F140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_06F130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_06F130	-347-480VIES
ERL1		G1	6000	5800			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1	ERL1_06G140	-120-277VIES	ERL1_06G140	-347-480VIES	ERL1_06G130	-120-277VIES	ERL1_06G130	-347-480VIES
ERL1	07	A1	6700	6500	67		B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2		ERL1_07A140	_IES		ERL1_07A130	_IES		
ERL1		B1	6800	6600			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1		ERL1_07B140	_IES		ERL1_07B130	_IES		
ERL1		C1	7000	6800			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1		ERL1_07C140	_IES		ERL1_07C130	_IES		
ERL1		D1	6800	6600			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1		ERL1_07D140	_IES		ERL1_07D130	_IES		
ERL1		E1	7000	6800			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1		ERL1_07E140	_IES		ERL1_07E130	_IES		
ERL1		F1	7000	6800			B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2		ERL1_07F140	_IES		ERL1_07F130	_IES		
ERL1		G1	7000	6800			B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2		ERL1_07G140	_IES		ERL1_07G130	_IES		
ERL1	08	A1	8200	8000	88		B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2		ERL1_08A140	_IES		ERL1_08A130	_IES		
ERL1		B1	8300	8100			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1		ERL1_08B140	_IES		ERL1_08B130	_IES		
ERL1		C1	8500	8200			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1		ERL1_08C140	_IES		ERL1_08C130	_IES		
ERL1		D1	8300	8100			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1		ERL1_08D140	_IES		ERL1_08D130	_IES		
ERL1		E1	8500	8200			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1		ERL1_08E140	_IES		ERL1_08E130	_IES		
ERL1		F1	8500	8200			B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2		ERL1_08F140	_IES		ERL1_08F130	_IES		
ERL1		G1	8500	8200			B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2		ERL1_08G140	_IES		ERL1_08G130	_IES		
ERL1	09	A1	8400	8100	90		B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2		ERL1_09A140	_IES		ERL1_09A130	_IES		
ERL1		B1	8500	8200			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1		ERL1_09B140	_IES		ERL1_09B130	_IES		
ERL1		C1	8800	8400			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1		ERL1_09C140	_IES		ERL1_09C130	_IES		
ERL1		D1	8500	8200			B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2		ERL1_09D140	_IES		ERL1_09D130	_IES		
ERL1		E1	8800	8400			B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1		ERL1_09E140	_IES		ERL1_09E130	_IES		
ERL1		F1	8800	8400			B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2		ERL1_09F140	_IES		ERL1_09F130	_IES		
ERL1		G1	8800	8400			B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2		ERL1_09G140	_IES		ERL1_09G130	_IES		

Photometrics

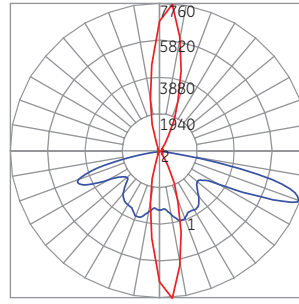
Evolve™ LED Streetlight (ERL1)

ERL1 Extra Narrow Asymmetric (08A1)

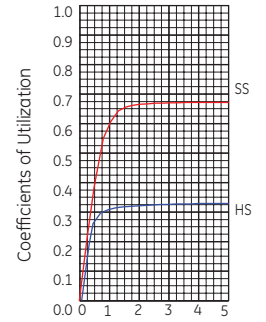
8,200 Lumens
4000K
ERL1_08A140____.IES



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



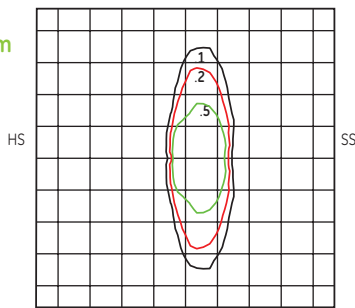
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 85°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 70°



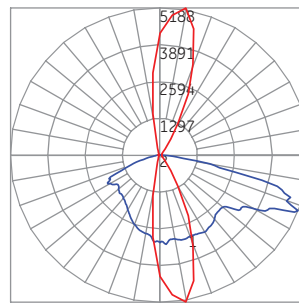
Coefficients of Utilization

ERL1 Narrow Asymmetric Medium (08B1)

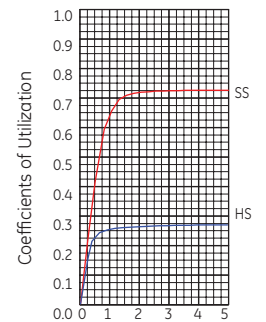
8,300 Lumens
4000K
ERL1_08B140____.IES



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



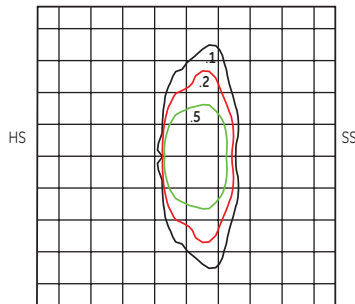
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 80°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 68°



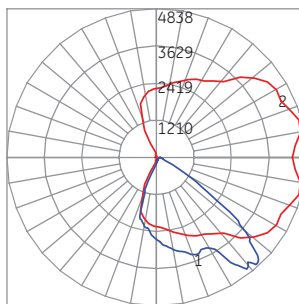
Coefficients of Utilization

ERL1 Asymmetric Short (08C1)

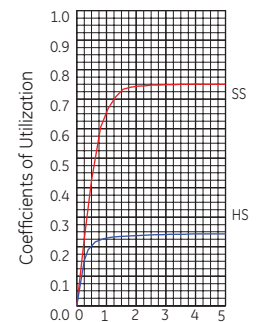
8,500 Lumens
4000K
ERL1_08C140____.IES



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



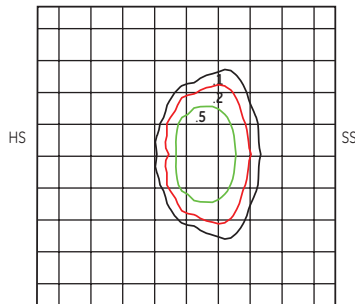
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 15°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 42°



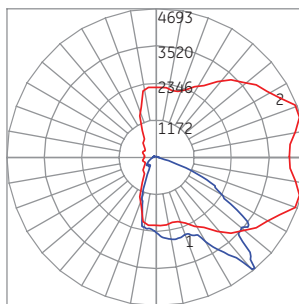
Coefficients of Utilization

ERL1 Asymmetric Forward (08D1)

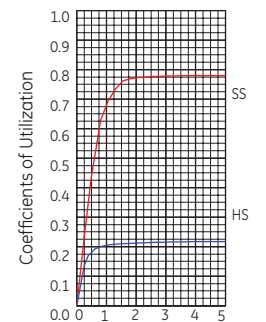
8,300 Lumens
4000K
ERL1_08D140____.IES



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 15°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 42°



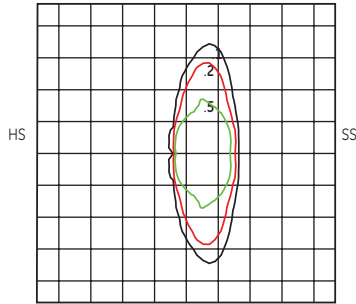
Coefficients of Utilization

Photometrics

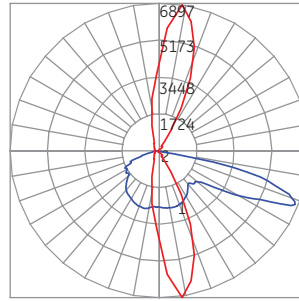
Evolve™ LED Streetlight (ERL1)

ERL1 Asymmetric Medium (08E1)

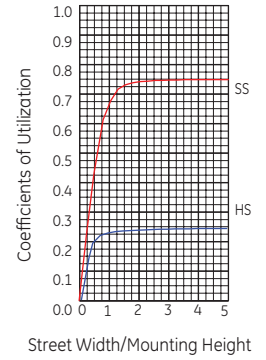
8,500 Lumens
4000K
ERL1_08E140____.IES



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade

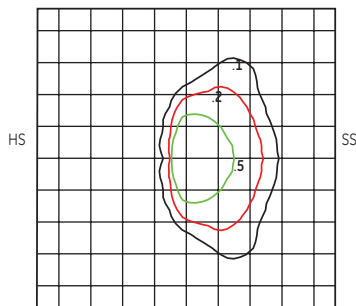


— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 80°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 69°

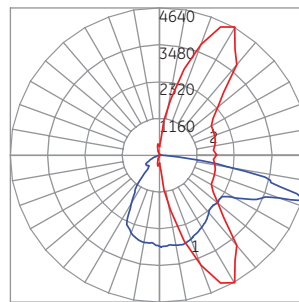


ERL1 Asymmetric Wide (08F1)

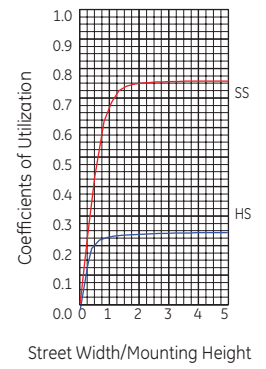
8,500 Lumens
4000K
ERL1_08F140____.IES



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade

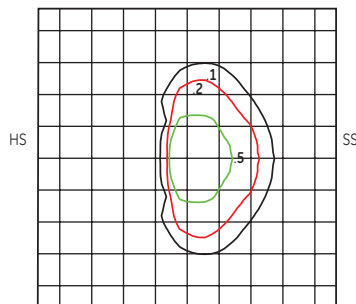


— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 60°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 73°

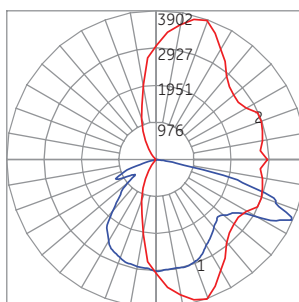


ERL1 Asymmetric Extra Wide (08G1)

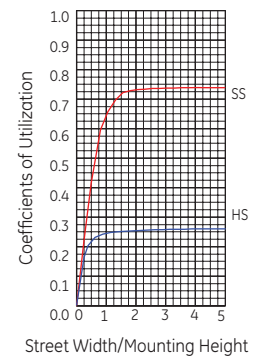
8,500 Lumens
4000K
ERL1_08G140____.IES



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 70°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 66°



Ordering Number Logic

Evolve™ LED Streetlight (ERLH)



ERLH

PROD. ID	VOLTAGE	LUMEN OUTPUT	DISTRIBUTION	CCT	CONTROLS	COLOR	OPTIONS
E = Evolve R = Roadway L = Local H = High Output	0 = 120-277* 1 = 120 2 = 208 3 = 240 4 = 277 5 = 480 D = 347 H = 347-480* * Not available with Fusing. Must choose a discreet voltage with F option.	10 11 13 14 15 See Data Table for more information.	A1 = Extra Narrow Asymmetric B1 = Narrow Asymmetric (Medium) C1 = Asymmetric (Short) D1 = Asymmetric Forward E1 = Asymmetric (Medium) F1 = Asymmetric (Wide) G1 = Asymmetric (Extra Wide) See Data Table for more information	30 = 3000K 40 = 4000K	A = ANSI C136.41 7-pin D = ANSI C136.41 7-pin receptacle with Shorting Cap E = ANSI C136.41 7-pin Receptacle with non-Dimming PE Control.* * PE Control Only available for 120-277V or 480V Discrete. Not available for 347-480V or 347V Discrete. NOTE: Dimming controls wired for 0-10V standard unless DALI option "U" requested.	GRAY = Gray BLCK = Black DKBZ = Dark Bronze	A = 4 Bolt Slipfitter † F = Fusing G = Internal Bubble Level I = IP66 Optical L = Tool-Less Entry R = Optional Secondary Enhanced Surge Protection (10kV/5kA) U = Universal DALI Programmable +^ X = Single Package # Y = Coastal Finish * XXX = Special Options † Contact manufacturer for Lead-Time. # Std Packaging = 20 units per container. * Recommended for installations within 1 mile from the coast. Contact Factory for Lead-Time. + Compatible with LightGrid 2.0 nodes. ^ Not available at 347V, 480V or 347-480V.

PRODUCT ID	LUMEN OUTPUT	DISTRIBUTION	TYPICAL INITIAL LUMENS		TYPICAL SYSTEM WATTAGE	BUG RATING		IES FILE NUMBER	
			4000K	3000K		4000K	3000K	4000K	3000K
ERLH	10	A1	9500	9100	90	B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_10A140_IES	ERLH_10A130_IES
ERLH		B1	9800	9500		B3-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1	ERLH_10B140_IES	ERLH_10B130_IES
ERLH		C1	10000	9600		B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1	ERLH_10C140_IES	ERLH_10C130_IES
ERLH		D1	9800	9500		B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2	ERLH_10D140_IES	ERLH_10D130_IES
ERLH		E1	10000	9600		B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2	ERLH_10E140_IES	ERLH_10E130_IES
ERLH		F1	10000	9600		B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2	ERLH_10F140_IES	ERLH_10F130_IES
ERLH		G1	10000	9600		B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2	ERLH_10G140_IES	ERLH_10G130_IES
ERLH	11	A1	10900	10500	108	B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_11A140_IES	ERLH_11A130_IES
ERLH		B1	11200	10800		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G1	ERLH_11B140_IES	ERLH_11B130_IES
ERLH		C1	11500	11100		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_11C140_IES	ERLH_11C130_IES
ERLH		D1	11200	10800		B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2	ERLH_11D140_IES	ERLH_11D130_IES
ERLH		E1	11500	11100		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_11E140_IES	ERLH_11E130_IES
ERLH		F1	11500	11100		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_11F140_IES	ERLH_11F130_IES
ERLH		G1	11500	11100		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_11G140_IES	ERLH_11G130_IES
ERLH	13	A1	12300	11900	125	B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_13A140_IES	ERLH_13A130_IES
ERLH		B1	12700	12200		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_13B140_IES	ERLH_13B130_IES
ERLH		C1	13000	12500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_13C140_IES	ERLH_13C130_IES
ERLH		D1	12700	12200		B3-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2	ERLH_13D140_IES	ERLH_13D130_IES
ERLH		E1	13000	12500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_13E140_IES	ERLH_13E130_IES
ERLH		F1	13000	12500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_13F140_IES	ERLH_13F130_IES
ERLH		G1	13000	12500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_13G140_IES	ERLH_13G130_IES
ERLH	14	A1	13300	12800	139	B3-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3	ERLH_14A140_IES	ERLH_14A130_IES
ERLH		B1	13700	13200		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_14B140_IES	ERLH_14B130_IES
ERLH		C1	14000	13500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_14C140_IES	ERLH_14C130_IES
ERLH		D1	13700	13200		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_14D140_IES	ERLH_14D130_IES
ERLH		E1	14000	13500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_14E140_IES	ERLH_14E130_IES
ERLH		F1	14000	13500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_14F140_IES	ERLH_14F130_IES
ERLH		G1	14000	13500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_14G140_IES	ERLH_14G130_IES
ERLH	15	A1	14200	13700	161	B3-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3	ERLH_15A140_IES	ERLH_15A130_IES
ERLH		B1	14700	14200		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_15B140_IES	ERLH_15B130_IES
ERLH		C1	15000	14500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_15C140_IES	ERLH_15C130_IES
ERLH		D1	14700	14200		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_15D140_IES	ERLH_15D130_IES
ERLH		E1	15000	14500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_15E140_IES	ERLH_15E130_IES
ERLH		F1	15000	14500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_15F140_IES	ERLH_15F130_IES
ERLH		G1	15000	14500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERLH_15G140_IES	ERLH_15G130_IES

Ordering Number Logic

Evolve™ LED Streetlight (ERS1)



ERS1

PROD. ID	VOLTAGE	LUMEN OUTPUT	DISTRIBUTION	DRIVE CURRENT	CCT	CONTROLS	COLOR	OPTIONS
E = Evolve R = Roadway S = Scalable 1 = Single Module	0 = 120-277* 1 = 120 2 = 208 3 = 240 4 = 277 5 = 480 D = 347 H = 347-480* * Not available with Fusing. Must choose a discreet voltage with F option.	10 11 13 14 15 See Data Table for more information.	A1 = Extra Narrow Asymmetric B1 = Narrow Asymmetric (Medium) C1 = Asymmetric (Short) D1 = Asymmetric Forward E1 = Asymmetric (Medium) F1 = Asymmetric (Wide) G1 = Asymmetric (Extra Wide) See Data Table for more information	X = Not Applicable	30 = 3000K 40 = 4000K	A = ANSI C136.41 7-pin D = ANSI C136.41 7-pin receptacle with Shorting Cap E = ANSI C136.41 7-pin Receptacle with non-Dimming PE Control.* * PE Control Only available for 120-277V or 480V Discrete. Not available for 347-480V or 347V Discrete. NOTE: Dimming controls wired for 0-10V standard unless DALI option "U" requested.	GRAY = Gray BLCK = Black DKBZ = Dark Bronze	F = Fusing G = Internal Bubble Level L = Tool-Less Entry R = Optional Secondary Enhanced Surge Protection (10kV/5kA) T = 20kV/10kA Surge Protection per IEEE/ANSI C62.41.2-2002 † U = Universal DALI Programmable+ Y = Coastal Finish* XXX = Special Options * Recommended for installations within 1 mile from the coast. Contact Factory for Lead-Time. + Compatible with LightGrid 2.0 nodes. ^Not available at 347V, 480V or 347-480V.

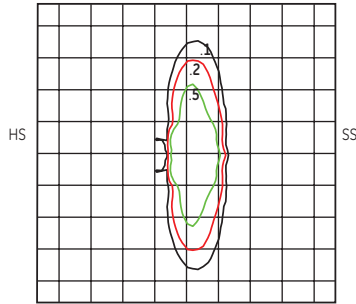
PRODUCT ID	LUMEN OUTPUT	DISTRIBUTION	TYPICAL INITIAL LUMENS		TYPICAL SYSTEM WATTAGE	BUG RATING		IES FILE NUMBER	
			4000K	3000K		4000K	3000K	4000K	3000K
ERS1	10	A1	9500	9200	90	B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_10A1X40_IES	ERS1_10A1X30_IES
ERS1		B1	9800	9500		B3-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1	ERS1_10B1X40_IES	ERS1_10B1X30_IES
ERS1		C1	10000	9600		B2-U0-G1	B2-U0-G1	ERS1_10C1X40_IES	ERS1_10C1X30_IES
ERS1		D1	9800	9500		B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2	ERS1_10D1X40_IES	ERS1_10D1X30_IES
ERS1		E1	10000	9600		B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2	ERS1_10E1X40_IES	ERS1_10E1X30_IES
ERS1		F1	10000	9600		B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2	ERS1_10F1X40_IES	ERS1_10F1X30_IES
ERS1		G1	10000	9600		B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2	ERS1_10G1X40_IES	ERS1_10G1X30_IES
ERS1	11	A1	10900	10500	108	B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_11A1X40_IES	ERS1_11A1X30_IES
ERS1		B1	11200	10800		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G1	ERS1_11B1X40_IES	ERS1_11B1X30_IES
ERS1		C1	11500	11100		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_11C1X40_IES	ERS1_11C1X30_IES
ERS1		D1	11200	10800		B2-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2	ERS1_11D1X40_IES	ERS1_11D1X30_IES
ERS1		E1	11500	11100		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_11E1X40_IES	ERS1_11E1X30_IES
ERS1		F1	11500	11100		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_11F1X40_IES	ERS1_11F1X30_IES
ERS1		G1	11500	11100		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_11G1X40_IES	ERS1_11G1X30_IES
ERS1	13	A1	12300	11900	125	B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_13A1X40_IES	ERS1_13A1X30_IES
ERS1		B1	12700	12200		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_13B1X40_IES	ERS1_13B1X30_IES
ERS1		C1	13000	12500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_13C1X40_IES	ERS1_13C1X30_IES
ERS1		D1	12700	12200		B3-U0-G2	B2-U0-G2	ERS1_13D1X40_IES	ERS1_13D1X30_IES
ERS1		E1	13000	12500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_13E1X40_IES	ERS1_13E1X30_IES
ERS1		F1	13000	12500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_13F1X40_IES	ERS1_13F1X30_IES
ERS1		G1	13000	12500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_13G1X40_IES	ERS1_13G1X30_IES
ERS1	14	A1	13300	12800	139	B3-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3	ERS1_14A1X40_IES	ERS1_14A1X30_IES
ERS1		B1	13700	13200		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_14B1X40_IES	ERS1_14B1X30_IES
ERS1		C1	14000	13500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_14C1X40_IES	ERS1_14C1X30_IES
ERS1		D1	13700	13200		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_14D1X40_IES	ERS1_14D1X30_IES
ERS1		E1	14000	13500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_14E1X40_IES	ERS1_14E1X30_IES
ERS1		F1	14000	13500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_14F1X40_IES	ERS1_14F1X30_IES
ERS1		G1	14000	13500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_14G1X40_IES	ERS1_14G1X30_IES
ERS1	15	A1	14200	13700	161	B3-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3	ERS1_15A1X40_IES	ERS1_15A1X30_IES
ERS1		B1	14700	14200		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_15B1X40_IES	ERS1_15B1X30_IES
ERS1		C1	15000	14500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_15C1X40_IES	ERS1_15C1X30_IES
ERS1		D1	14700	14200		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_15D1X40_IES	ERS1_15D1X30_IES
ERS1		E1	15000	14500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_15E1X40_IES	ERS1_15E1X30_IES
ERS1		F1	15000	14500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_15F1X40_IES	ERS1_15F1X30_IES
ERS1		G1	15000	14500		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS1_15G1X40_IES	ERS1_15G1X30_IES

Photometrics

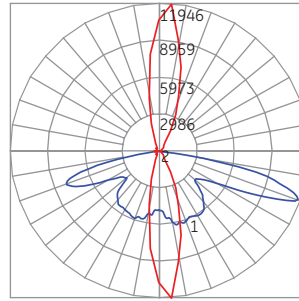
Evolve™ LED Streetlight (ERLH and ERS1)

ERLH and ERS1 Extra Narrow Asymmetric (15A1)

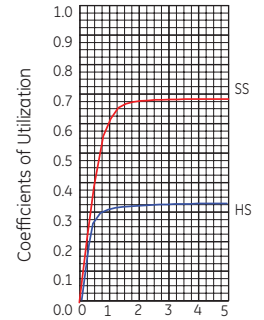
14,200 Lumens
4000K



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



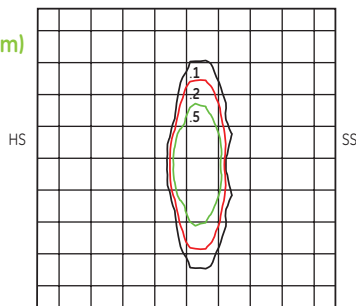
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 85°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 71°



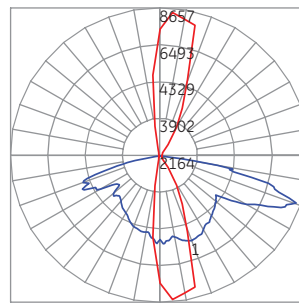
Coefficients of Utilization vs. Street Width/Mounting Height

ERLH and ERS1 Narrow Asymmetric (Medium) (15B1)

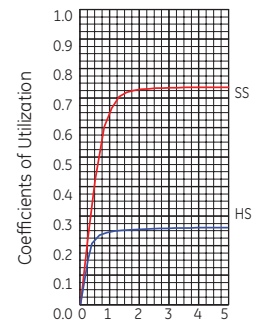
14,700 Lumens
4000K



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



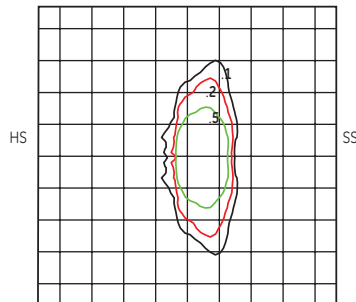
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 85°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 71°



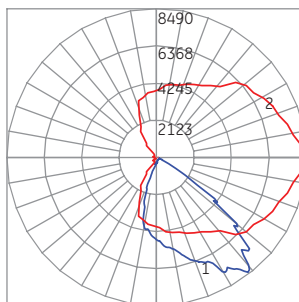
Coefficients of Utilization vs. Street Width/Mounting Height

ERLH and ERS1 Asymmetric Short (15C1)

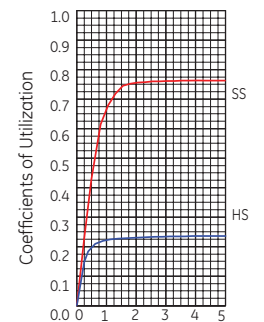
15,000 Lumens
4000K



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



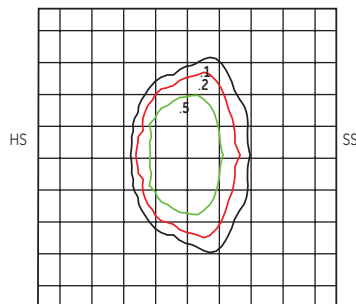
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 0°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 38°



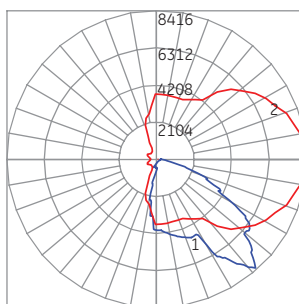
Coefficients of Utilization vs. Street Width/Mounting Height

ERLH and ERS1 Asymmetric Forward (15D1)

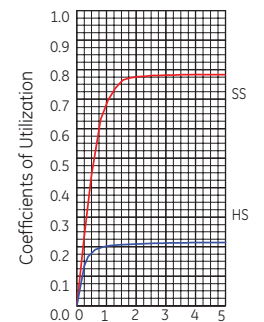
14,700 Lumens
4000K



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 5°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 41°



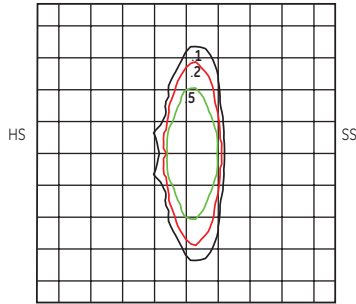
Coefficients of Utilization vs. Street Width/Mounting Height

Photometrics

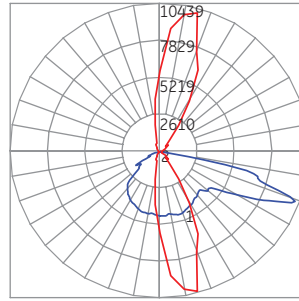
Evolve™ LED Streetlight (ERLH and ERS1)

ERLH and ERS1 Asymmetric Medium (15E1)

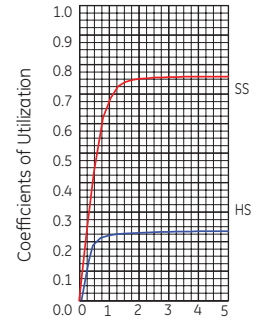
15,000 Lumens
4000K



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



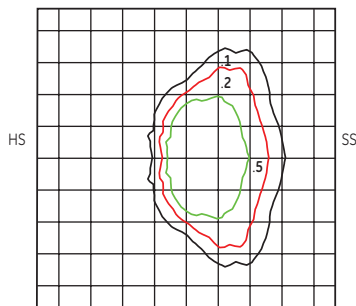
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 75°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 70°



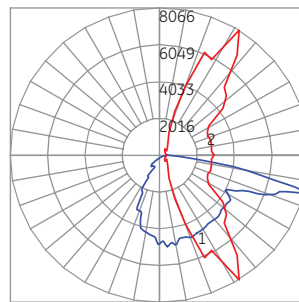
Street Width/Mounting Height

ERLH and ERS1 Asymmetric Wide (15F1)

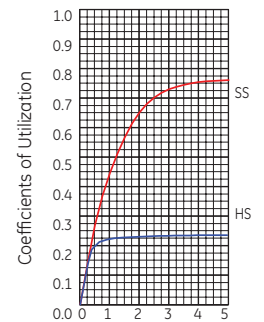
15,000 Lumens
4000K



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



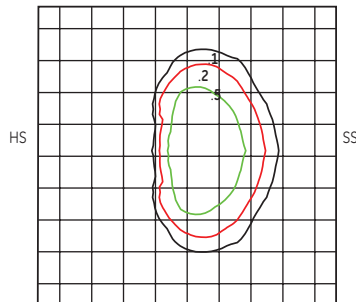
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 60°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 75°



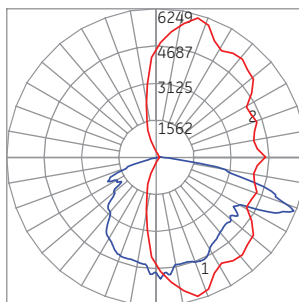
Street Width/Mounting Height

ERLH and ERS1 Asymmetric Extra Wide (15G1)

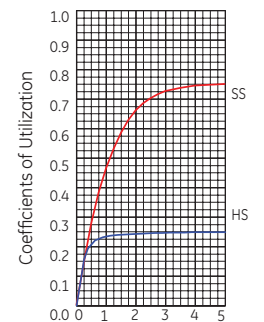
15,000 Lumens
4000K



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 75°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 68°



Street Width/Mounting Height

Ordering Number Logic

Evolve™ LED Streetlight (ERS2)



ERS2

PROD. ID	VOLTAGE	LUMEN OUTPUT	DISTRIBUTION	DRIVE CURRENT	CCT	CONTROLS	COLOR	OPTIONS
E = Evolve	0 = 120-277*	16	A1 = Extra Narrow Asymmetric	X = Not Applicable	30 = 3000K 40 = 4000K	A = ANSI C136.41 7-pin D = ANSI C136.41 7-pin receptacle with Shorting Cap E = ANSI C136.41 7-pin Receptacle with non-Dimming PE Control.*	GRAY = Gray BLCK = Black DKBZ = Dark Bronze	A = 4 Bolt Slipfitter † F = Fusing G = Internal Bubble Level L = Tool-Less Entry R = Optional Secondary Enhanced Surge Protection (10kV/5kA) T = 20kV/10kA Surge Protection per IEEE/ANSI C62.41.2-2002 † U = Universal DALI Programmable + ^ Y = Coastal Finish* XXX = Special Options
R = Roadway	1 = 120	18	B1 = Narrow Asymmetric (Medium)					† Contact manufacturer for Lead-Time.
S = Scalable	2 = 208	19	C1 = Asymmetric (Short)					* Recommended for installations within 1 mile from the coast. Contact Factory for Lead-Time.
2 = Double Module	3 = 240	21	D1 = Asymmetric Forward					+ Compatible with LightGrid 2.0 nodes.
	4 = 277	23	E1 = Asymmetric (Medium)					^ Not available at 347V, 480V or 347-480V.
	5 = 480	25	F1 = Asymmetric (Wide)					
	D = 347	27	G1 = Asymmetric (Extra Wide)					
	H = 347-480*	28						
	* Not available with Fusing. Must choose a discreet voltage with F option.		See Data Table for more information.					
			See Data Table for more information.					
			See Data Table for more information.					
			See Data Table for more information.					

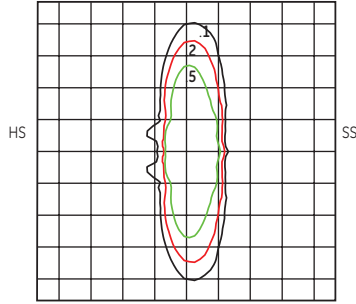
PRODUCT ID	LUMEN OUTPUT	DISTRIBUTION	TYPICAL INITIAL LUMENS		TYPICAL SYSTEM WATTAGE	BUG RATING		IES FILE NUMBER	
			4000K	3000K		4000K	3000K	4000K	3000K
ERS2	16	A1	15200	14700	132	B3-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3	ERS2_16A1X40	ERS2_16A1X30
ERS2		B1	15700	15100		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS2_16B1X40	ERS2_16B1X30
ERS2		C1	16000	15400		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS2_16C1X40	ERS2_16C1X30
ERS2		D1	15700	15100		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS2_16D1X40	ERS2_16D1X30
ERS2		E1	16000	15400		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS2_16E1X40	ERS2_16E1X30
ERS2		F1	16000	15400		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS2_16F1X40	ERS2_16F1X30
ERS2		G1	16000	15400		B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2	ERS2_16G1X40	ERS2_16G1X30
ERS2		18	A1	17100		16500	157	B3-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3
ERS2	B1		17600	17000	B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2		ERS2_18B1X40	ERS2_18B1X30
ERS2	C1		18000	17400	B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2		ERS2_18C1X40	ERS2_18C1X30
ERS2	D1		17600	17000	B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2		ERS2_18D1X40	ERS2_18D1X30
ERS2	E1		18000	17400	B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2		ERS2_18E1X40	ERS2_18E1X30
ERS2	F1		18000	17400	B3-U0-G3	B3-U0-G2		ERS2_18F1X40	ERS2_18F1X30
ERS2	G1		18000	17400	B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2		ERS2_18G1X40	ERS2_18G1X30
ERS2	19		A1	18000	17400	162		B3-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3
ERS2		B1	18600	17900	B3-U0-G2		B3-U0-G2	ERS2_19B1X40	ERS2_19B1X30
ERS2		C1	19000	18300	B3-U0-G2		B3-U0-G2	ERS2_19C1X40	ERS2_19C1X30
ERS2		D1	18600	17900	B3-U0-G2		B3-U0-G2	ERS2_19D1X40	ERS2_19D1X30
ERS2		E1	19000	18300	B3-U0-G2		B3-U0-G2	ERS2_19E1X40	ERS2_19E1X30
ERS2		F1	19000	18300	B3-U0-G3		B3-U0-G3	ERS2_19F1X40	ERS2_19F1X30
ERS2		G1	19000	18300	B3-U0-G3		B3-U0-G2	ERS2_19G1X40	ERS2_19G1X30
ERS2		21	A1	20000	19300		193	B3-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3
ERS2	B1		20600	19900	B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2		ERS2_21B1X40	ERS2_21B1X30
ERS2	C1		21000	20300	B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2		ERS2_21C1X40	ERS2_21C1X30
ERS2	D1		20600	19900	B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2		ERS2_21D1X40	ERS2_21D1X30
ERS2	E1		21000	20300	B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2		ERS2_21E1X40	ERS2_21E1X30
ERS2	F1		21000	20300	B3-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3		ERS2_21F1X40	ERS2_21F1X30
ERS2	G1		21000	20300	B3-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3		ERS2_21G1X40	ERS2_21G1X30
ERS2	23		A1	21900	21100	219		B4-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3
ERS2		B1	22500	21700	B3-U0-G3		B3-U0-G2	ERS2_23B1X40	ERS2_23B1X30
ERS2		C1	23000	22200	B3-U0-G2		B3-U0-G2	ERS2_23C1X40	ERS2_23C1X30
ERS2		D1	22500	21700	B3-U0-G2		B3-U0-G2	ERS2_23D1X40	ERS2_23D1X30
ERS2		E1	23000	22200	B3-U0-G2		B3-U0-G2	ERS2_23E1X40	ERS2_23E1X30
ERS2		F1	23000	22200	B3-U0-G3		B3-U0-G3	ERS2_23F1X40	ERS2_23F1X30
ERS2		G1	23000	22200	B3-U0-G3		B3-U0-G3	ERS2_23G1X40	ERS2_23G1X30
ERS2		25	A1	23800	23000		243	B4-U0-G3	B4-U0-G3
ERS2	B1		24500	23600	B4-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3		ERS2_25B1X40	ERS2_25B1X30
ERS2	C1		25000	24100	B3-U0-G2	B3-U0-G2		ERS2_25C1X40	ERS2_25C1X30
ERS2	D1		24500	23600	B3-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3		ERS2_25D1X40	ERS2_25D1X30
ERS2	E1		25000	24100	B3-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3		ERS2_25E1X40	ERS2_25E1X30
ERS2	F1		25000	24100	B3-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3		ERS2_25F1X40	ERS2_25F1X30
ERS2	G1		25000	24100	B3-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3		ERS2_25G1X40	ERS2_25G1X30
ERS2	27		A1	25700	24800	275		B4-U0-G3	B4-U0-G3
ERS2		B1	26500	25600	B4-U0-G3		B4-U0-G3	ERS2_27B1X40	ERS2_27B1X30
ERS2		C1	27000	26000	B4-U0-G3		B4-U0-G3	ERS2_27C1X40	ERS2_27C1X30
ERS2		D1	26500	25600	B3-U0-G3		B3-U0-G3	ERS2_27D1X40	ERS2_27D1X30
ERS2		E1	27000	26000	B4-U0-G3		B4-U0-G3	ERS2_27E1X40	ERS2_27E1X30
ERS2		F1	27000	26000	B4-U0-G4		B4-U0-G3	ERS2_27F1X40	ERS2_27F1X30
ERS2		G1	27000	26000	B4-U0-G3		B4-U0-G3	ERS2_27G1X40	ERS2_27G1X30
ERS2		28	A1	26600	25600		280	B4-U0-G3	B4-U0-G3
ERS2	B1		27400	26400	B4-U0-G3	B4-U0-G3		ERS2_28B1X40	ERS2_28B1X30
ERS2	C1		28000	26900	B4-U0-G3	B4-U0-G3		ERS2_28C1X40	ERS2_28C1X30
ERS2	D1		27400	26400	B3-U0-G3	B3-U0-G3		ERS2_28D1X40	ERS2_28D1X30
ERS2	E1		28000	26900	B4-U0-G3	B4-U0-G3		ERS2_28E1X40	ERS2_28E1X30
ERS2	F1		28000	26900	B4-U0-G4	B4-U0-G3		ERS2_28F1X40	ERS2_28F1X30
ERS2	G1		28000	26900	B4-U0-G4	B4-U0-G3		ERS2_28G1X40	ERS2_28G1X30

Photometrics

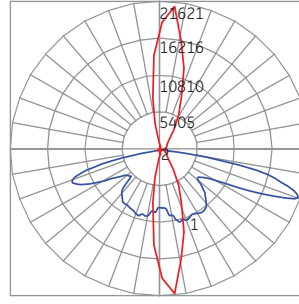
Evolve™ LED Streetlight (ERS2)

ERS2 Extra Narrow Asymmetric (27A1)

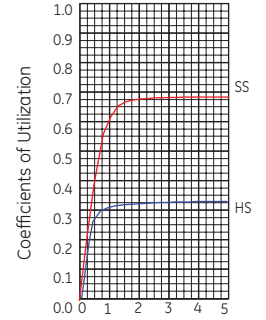
25,700 Lumens
4000K
ERS2_27A1X40____.IES



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



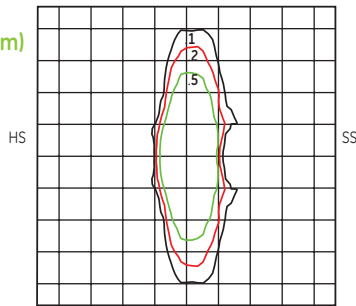
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 85°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 71°



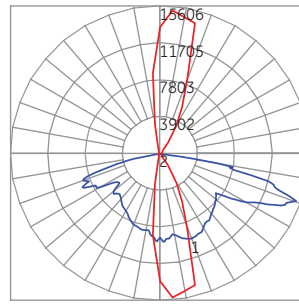
Street Width/Mounting Height

ERS2 Narrow Asymmetric (Medium) (27B1)

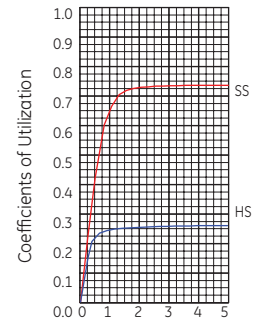
26,500 Lumens
4000K
ERS2_27B1X40____.IES



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



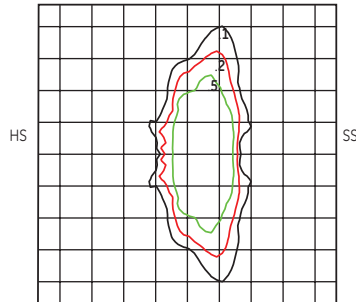
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 85°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 71°



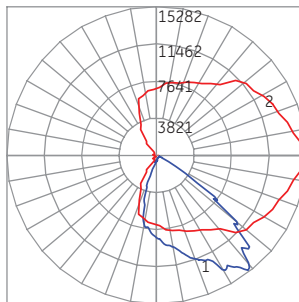
Street Width/Mounting Height

ERS2 Asymmetric Short (27C1)

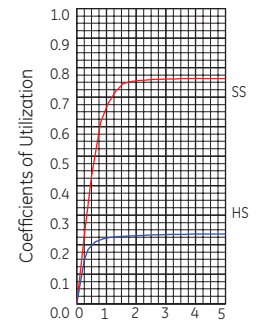
27,000 Lumens
4000K
ERS2_27C1X40____.IES



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



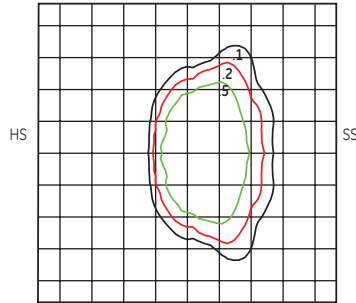
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 0°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 38°



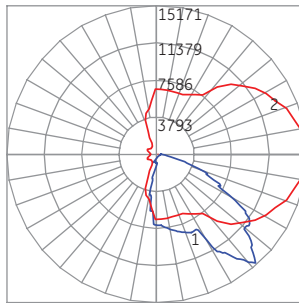
Street Width/Mounting Height

ERS2 Asymmetric Forward (27D1)

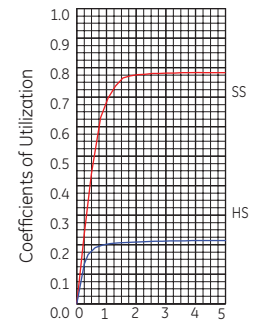
26,500 Lumens
4000K
ERS2_27D1X40____.IES



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 5°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 41°



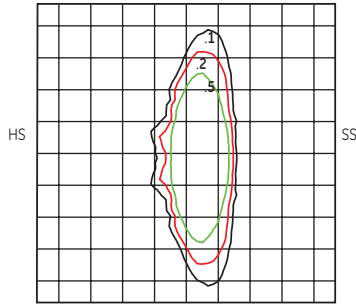
Street Width/Mounting Height

Photometrics

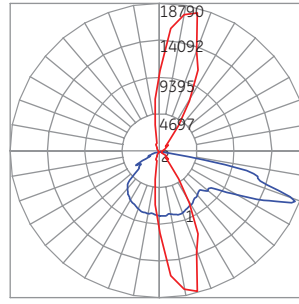
Evolve™ LED Streetlight (ERS2)

ERS2 Asymmetric Medium (27E1)

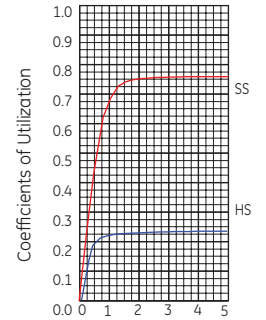
27,000 Lumens
4000K
ERS2_27E1X40____.IES



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



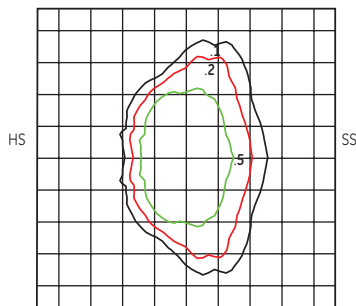
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 75°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 70°



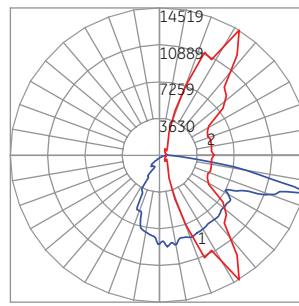
Street Width/Mounting Height

ERS2 Asymmetric Wide (27F1)

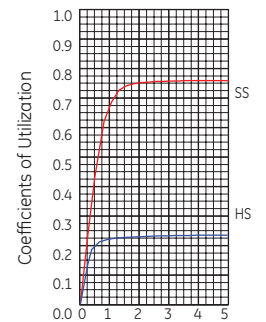
27,000 Lumens
4000K
ERS2_27F1X40____.IES



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



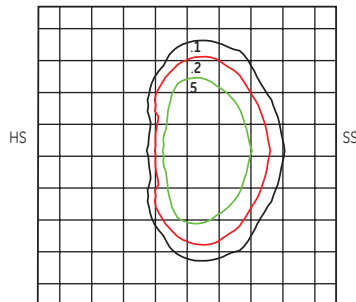
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 60°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 75°



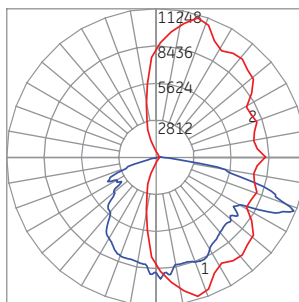
Street Width/Mounting Height

ERS2 Asymmetric Extra Wide (27G1)

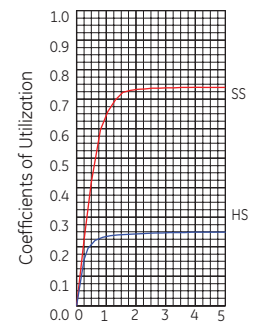
27,000 Lumens
4000K
ERS2_27G1X40____.IES



Grid Distance in Units of Mounting Height at 30' Initial Footcandle Values at Grade



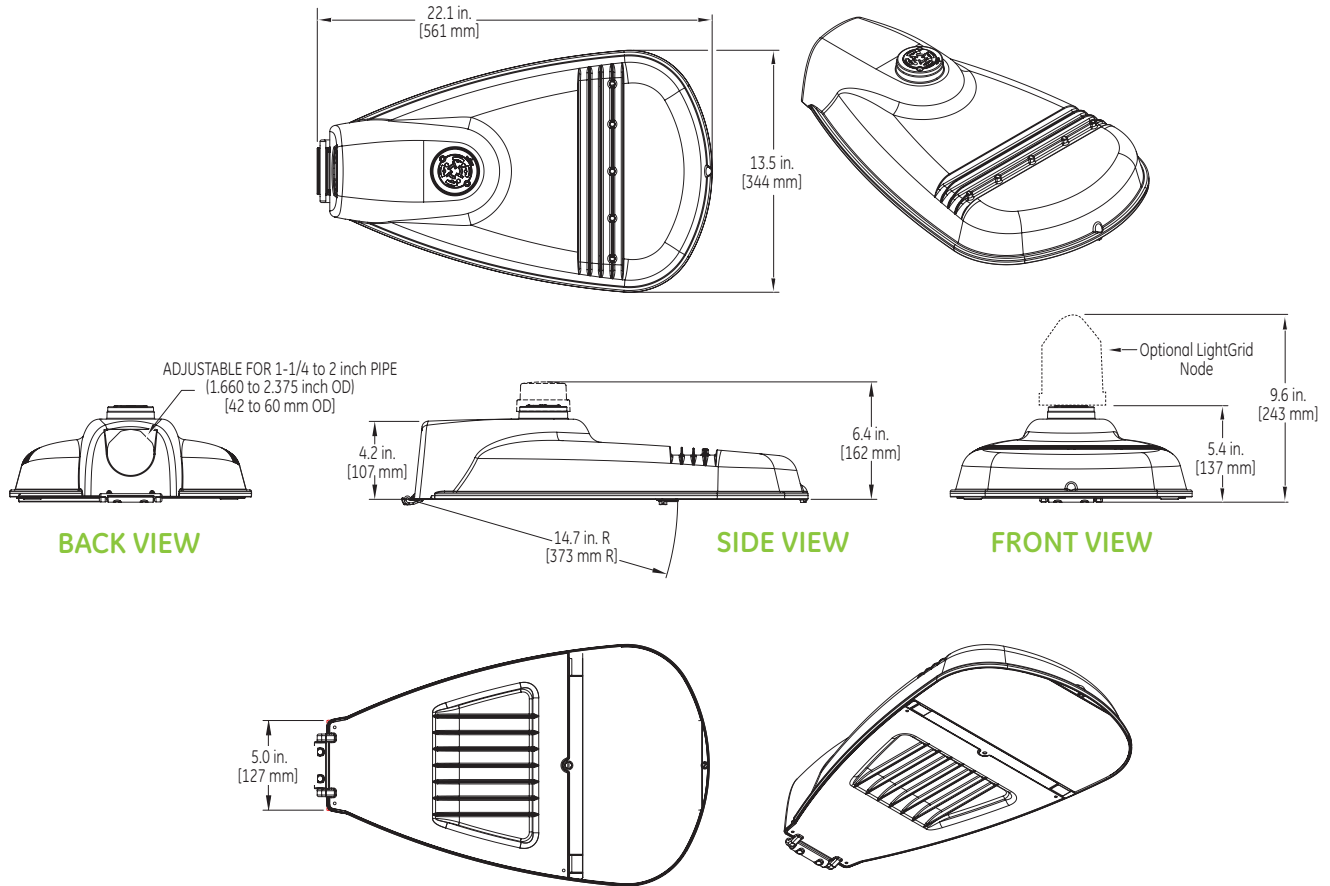
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of maximum candlepower at 75°
— Vertical plane through horizontal angle of 68°



Street Width/Mounting Height

Product Dimensions

Evolve™ LED Streetlight (ERL1)

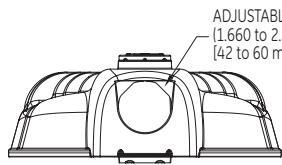
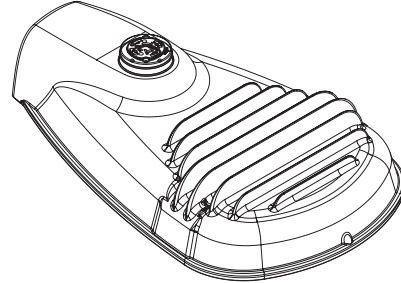
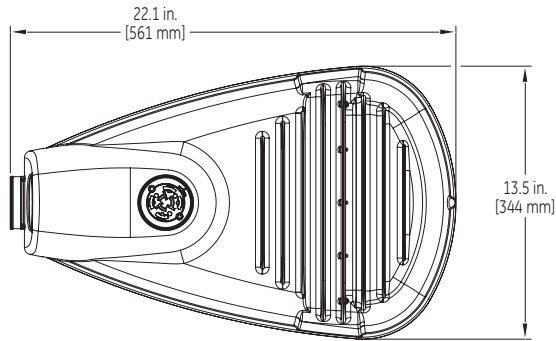


DATA

- Approximate net weight: 12.4 lbs (5.6 kgs) - Without XFMR
- Approximate net weight: 15.5 lbs (7 kgs) - With XFMR
- Effective Projected Area (EPA): 0.5 sq ft max (0.046 sq m)

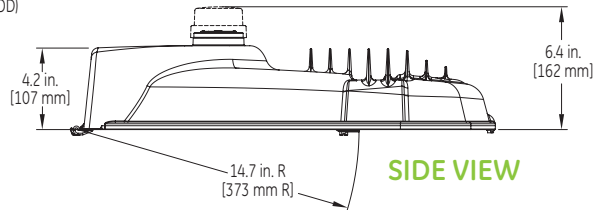
Product Dimensions

Evolve™ LED Streetlight (ERLH)

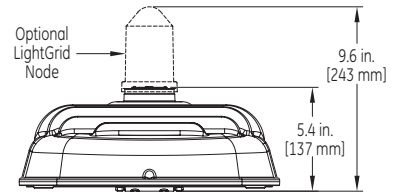


BACK VIEW

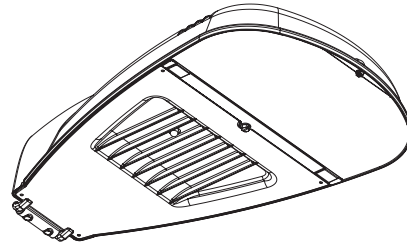
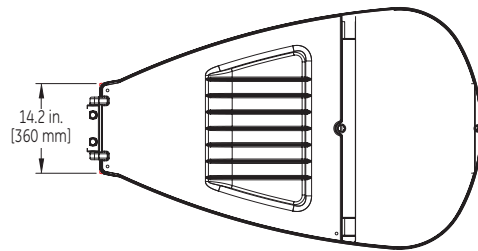
ADJUSTABLE FOR 1-1/4 to 2 inch PIPE
(1.660 to 2.375 inch OD)
(42 to 60 mm OD)



SIDE VIEW



FRONT VIEW

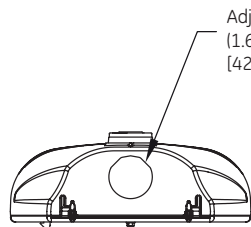
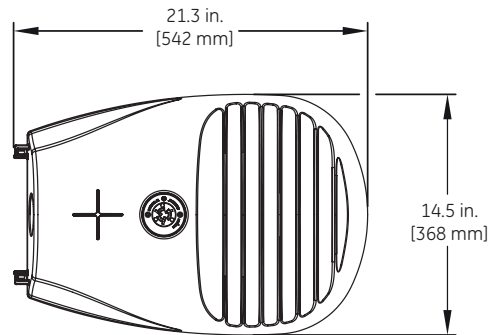


DATA

- Approximate net weight: 15.15 lbs (6.9 kgs) - 2 Bolt Slipfitter
- Approximate net weight: 15.85 lbs (7.2 kgs) - 4 Bolt Slipfitter
- Effective Projected Area (EPA): 0.5 sq ft max (0.046 sq m)

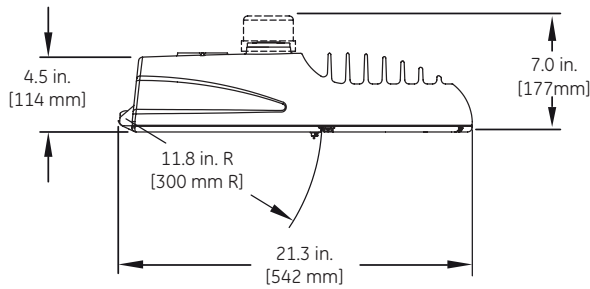
Product Dimensions

Evolve™ LED Streetlight (ERS1)

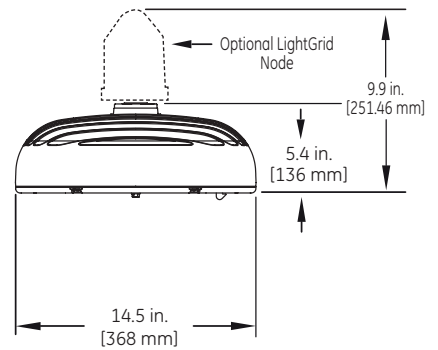


BACK VIEW

Adjustable for 1-1/4 to 2 in. mounting pipe
(1.660 to 2.375 inch OD)
(42 to 60 mm OD)



SIDE VIEW



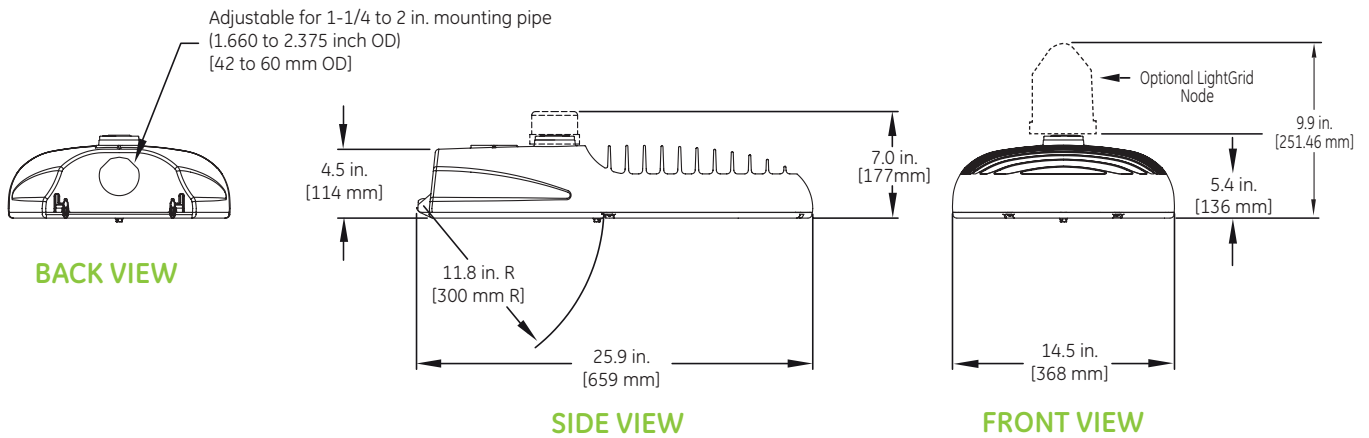
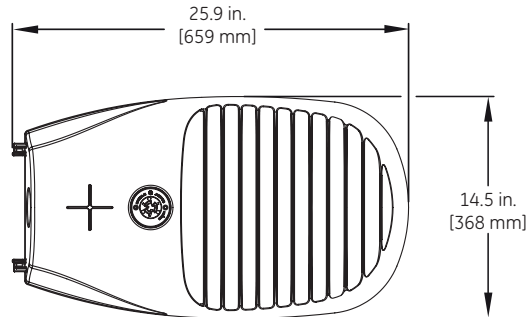
FRONT VIEW

DATA

- Approximate net weight: 20 lbs (9.1 kgs) to 25 lbs (11.4 kgs)
- Effective Projected Area (EPA): 0.5 sq ft max (0.046 sq m)

Product Dimensions

Evolve™ LED Streetlight (ERS2)



DATA	
	• Approximate net weight: 25 lbs (11.4 kgs) to 29 lbs (13.2 kgs)
	• Effective Projected Area (EPA): 0.7 sq ft max (0.065 sq m)



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OLP3105 (Rev 04/22/16)

Appendix I – Lighting and Geometric Operational Factors

State of Florida Department of Transportation
LIGHTING GEOMETRIC AND OPERATIONAL FACTORS

Item No.	Classification Factor	Rating Factor "R"					Weight "W"	Enter "R" Here	Score "R"x"W"
		1	2	3	4	5			
Geometric Factors (See Note 6)									
1	Number of Lanes	≤4	5	6	7	≥8	0.15	1	0.15
2	Lane Width (ft.)	>11.8	11.2 to 11.8	10.5 to 11.2	9.8 to 10.5	<9.8	0.35	2	0.7
3	Median Openings/mile	<4 or 1-way	4 to 8	8 to 12	12 to 15	>15 or No Median	1.40	2	2.8
4	Driveways and Entrances/mile	<32	32 to 64	64 to 97	97 to 129	>129	1.40	1	1.4
5	Horizontal Curve Radius (ft.)	>1969	1476 to 1969	738 to 1476	574 to 738	<574	5.90	1	5.9
6	Vertical Grades (%)	<3	3 to 4	4 to 5	5 to 7	>7	0.35	1	0.35
7	Sight Distance (ft.)	>689	492 to 689	295 to 492	197 to 295	<197	0.15	3	0.45
8	Parking	Prohibited	Loading	Off Peak	One Side	Both Sides	0.10	1	0.1
Subtotal Geometric Factors									11.85 G
Operational Factors									
9	Signalized Intersections (%)	80 to 100	70 to 80	60 to 70	50 to 60	0 to 50	0.15	4	0.6
10	Left Turn Lane	All Major Intersections or 1-way	Substantial Number of Major Intersections	Most Major Intersections	Half of the Intersections	Infrequent Number or TWTL (See Notes 1 & 3)	0.70	1	0.7
11	Median Width (ft.)	> 32	20 to 32	10 to 20	4 to 10	0 to 4	0.35	2	0.7
12	Operating or Posted Speed (mph) (See Note 5)	≤ 25	30	35	45	≥50	0.60	4	2.4
13	Pedestrian Activity Level (See Note 2)			Low	Medium	High	3.15	4	12.6
Subtotal Environmental Factors									17 O
Environmental Factors									
14	Percentage of Development Adjacent to Road (%) (See Note 4)	nil	nil to 30	30 to 60	60 to 90	>90	0.15	4	0.6
15	Area Classification	Rural	Industrial	Residential	Commercial	Downtown	0.15	4	0.6
16	Distance from Development to Roadway (ft) (See Note 4)	>200	150 to 200	100 to 150	50 to 100	<50	0.15	5	0.75
17	Ambient (off Roadway) Lighting	Nil	Sparse	Moderate	Distracting	Intense	1.38	2	2.76
18	Raised Curb Median	None	Continuous	At All Intersections (100%)	At Most Intersections (51% to 99%)	At Few Intersections (≤50%) (See Note 7)	0.35	2	0.7
Subtotal Environmental Factors									5.41 E
Collision Factors									
19	Night-to-Day Collision Ratio	<1	1.0 to 1.2	1.2 to 1.5	1.5 to 2.0	>2.0 (See Note 1)	5.55	5	27.75
Subtotal Collision Factors									27.75 A

Notes: 1 Lighting Warranted

2 Pedestrian Activity Level

3 Two Way Left Turn Lane

4 Development defined as Commercial, Industrial or Residential Buildings

5 85th Percentile night speed should be used if available, otherwise posted Speed Limit shall be used

6 Worst case geometric factors for a segment of roadway shall apply

7 Also includes isolated medians (non-continuous) between intersections

G + O + E + A = Total Warranting Points 62.01

Warranting Condition 60.00

Difference ± 2.01 D